Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended June 30, 2011



INCORPORATED 1939

CALIFORNIA

Prepared by Finance Department

Judy Smith, City Manager

CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES, CALIFORNIA

CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES PALOS VERDES, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2011

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CALIFORNIA

August 31, 2011

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

It is the policy of the City of Palos Verdes Estates to publish annually a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial statements of the City of Palos Verdes Estates ("the City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making their representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statement in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lance Soll & Lunghard, LLP, a firm of certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor rendered an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, were fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the MD&A.

Profile of the Government

The City of Palos Verdes Estates is dedicated to preserving and enhancing its special position on the Palos Verdes Peninsula in Los Angeles County overlooking the Pacific Ocean with views of Catalina Island and the Santa Monica Bay. The City plan, laid out by Frederick Olmsted, Jr. in 1910, includes large areas of parklands, which are maintained as permanent open space. The City was incorporated in 1939 and is the oldest of the four cities on the Palos Verdes Peninsula. The City's population is 13,480 within an area of 4.75 square miles. The City is a high-quality, residential community with almost no commercial tax base and is dependent upon property taxes, a special tax to finance contract fire services with Los Angeles County, and a sewer user fee to finance a program of sanitary sewer improvements.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1965. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and four council members. Council members are elected on a non-partisan basis at City-conducted elections held in March of odd-numbered years. Council members serve four-year staggered terms. The mayor's position rotates annually among the council members. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring both the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments.

City employees provide the following services: police protection; clerical support for planning and building services; maintenance services, including City buildings, parkways, medians and streets; and general administrative services. The City contracts with Los Angeles County for fire protection and paramedic services. The City also contracts with a private firm for professional engineering, planning, building and safety services and public works administration. The City maintains an exclusive franchise for residential refuse collection and provides recreation services (golf, tennis, swimming and stables) through concession agreements with facilities located on City property.

Financial Policies

Budget Policy and Practice - For planning purposes, the City prepares a two-year budget document; however, the City Council continues to review and adopt the budget on an annual basis. The budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City Manager presents the recommended budget to the City Council in mid-May, after an internal process of department budget requests and review, which begins in late-January. A public hearing on the proposed budget is held at the first Council meeting of June and the final budget is adopted prior to June 30. The budget is controlled at the fund level. The City Manager is authorized to make transfers between departments up to \$10,000. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Fund Balance Policy and Practice — With this report, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 54 regarding fund balance. The City Council by resolution formally adopted a fund balance policy, which includes a committed general fund balance of \$7.2 million for emergency contingency, which may be used in the event of a declared federal, state or local emergency or in the event the City suffers a loss of a major general fund revenue source in the amount of \$500,000 or more, either through state actions to divert or change the City's allocation or a local condition affecting a major source. Other balances, non-spendable, restricted, assigned and unassigned are established in conformance with adopted Council policy and GASB 54.

Investment Policy and Practice - The elected City Treasurer is responsible for the custody and investment of surplus City funds. The Treasurer's activities are guided by the City's adopted statement of investment policy, which defines the objectives and priorities of the investment program, stressing safety and liquidity of funds as the highest two priorities. The policy's third priority is to achieve the maximum yield possible within the constraints of the two primary objectives. The City uses two main investment mechanisms for idle funds: the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and U.S. Government securities.

Major Initiatives and Achievements

Each fiscal year, the City Manager' Office and operating departments establish a formal "Work Program", which is presented to the City Council with periodic status updates. During fiscal year 2010-11, the City issued RFPs for health insurance broker and professional audit services, which results in contract award to new firms. After two one-year agreements that did not include salary increases, the City reached agreements with its two employee associations, providing modest cost-of-living adjustments each of the next three years. The City was able to cancel the scheduled March 8, 2011 General Municipal Election due to insufficient candidates resulting in the appointment of three incumbent Council members and a savings of more than \$25,000. Staff began a re-codification of the Municipal Code and updating the City's personnel rules. The Police Department continued emergency preparedness efforts through the City's Disaster District Plan (DDP); continued community outreach efforts through the PVE-CARES program which provides resources and assistance to the elderly and other disabled residents; and began a process to upgrade to a digital radio system at a cost of approximately \$450,000 funded by restricted public safety funds. Capital programs for street maintenance (~\$1.1 million) and sanitary sewer upgrades continued highlighted by the award of a construction contract in the amount of ~\$1.4 million for replacement of the Via Barri Sewer Pump Station.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

As mentioned previously, the City is an overwhelmingly residential Local Economy. community of high-quality, predominately single family homes. The City is fully developed with few vacant parcels. Commercial activity in the City is dominated by real estate firms and other companies that support real estate activity, including mortgage and title companies. As such, the City is not subject to the consumer-driven, economic fluctuations to the extent that the real estate market is not affected by these fluctuations. Sales tax revenue accounts for less than 2% of total general fund revenue. Within the City's two small commercial centers at Malaga Cove and Lunada Bay Plazas, there are minor retail and small, locally owned restaurants and food markets. As part of the larger South-Bay region of Los Angeles County, consisting of 16 incorporated cities and 20 communities, the City is part of a well-diversified economy. The South Bay is home to many aerospace and defense-related industries, as well as manufacturing, software development, entertainment, travel and tourism. Located near Los Angeles International Airport and the ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach, the South Bay is an essential component in the Los Angeles County economy and the area is home to many firms dealing in international markets.

Long-term Financial Planning. Infrastructure maintenance is a critical component of the City's financial planning. Storm drain and sanitary sewer replacements, as well as street overlay and maintenance are conducted in accordance with adopted master plans for these infrastructure networks.

Awards and Acknowledgments

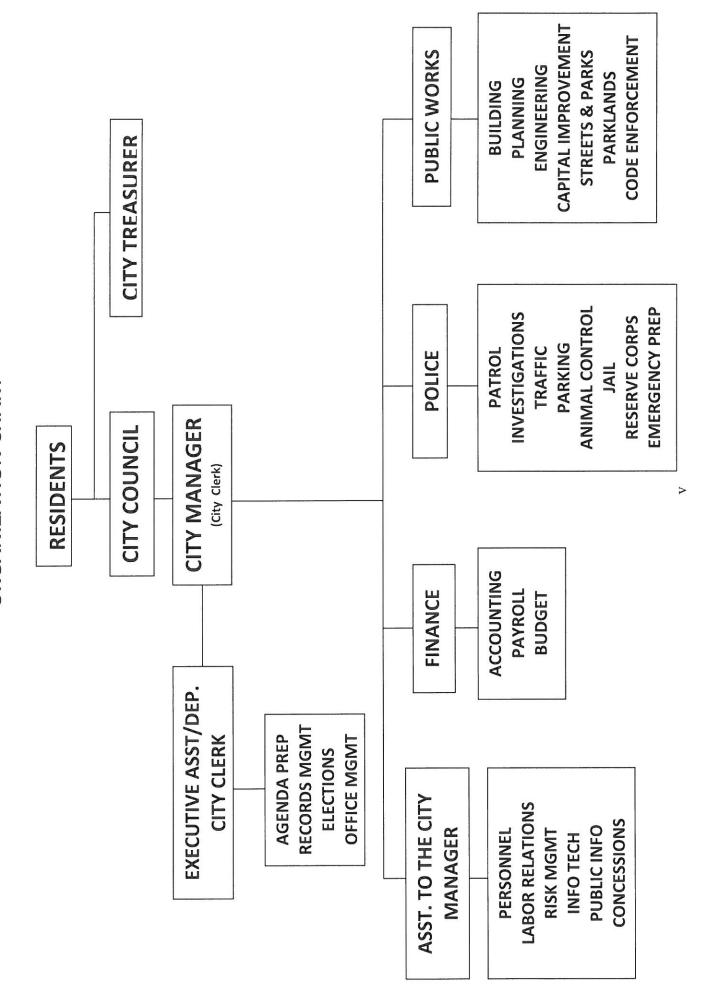
The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. In order to receive a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe the City's current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to thank Lori Yamasaka, Financial Services Manager, for her assistance with this report and oversight of the daily operations of the Finance Department. I also want to thank Karen Kato and Michelle Mello, Financial Services Technicians, for their dedication to the department and the City. I also want to thank the City Council for its support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Judy Smith
City Manager

CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES ORGANIZATION CHART



Officials of the City of Palos Verdes Estates

June 30, 2011

CITY COUNCIL

John Rea, Mayor George Bird, Mayor Pro Tem James F. Goodhart Rosemary Humphrey Ellen Perkins

ADMINISTRATION AND DEPARTMENT HEADS

City Manager

City Treasurer

City Attorney

Police Chief

Director of Public Works/Planning

Judy Smith

Joseph C. Sherwood, Jr.

Christi Hogin

Daniel Dreiling

Allan Rigg

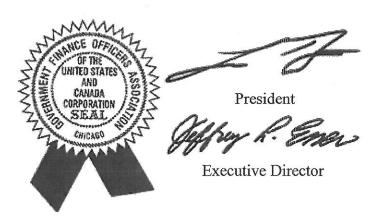
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Palos Verdes Estates California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



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- Brandon W. Burrows, CPA
- David E. Hale, CPA, CFP
 A Professional Corporation
- Donald G. Slater, CPA
- Richard K. Kikuchi, CPA
- Susan F. Matz, CPA
- Shelly K. Jackley, CPA
- Bryan S. Gruber, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Palos Verdes Estates, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Palos Verdes Estates, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Palos Verdes Estates, California's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year partial comparative information has been derived from the financial statements of the City of Palos Verdes Estates, California for the year ended June 30, 2010 and was audited by other auditors whose report thereon, dated December 1, 2010, expressed an unqualified opinion.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palos Verdes Estates, California, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Drug Intervention, and Special Fire Parcel Tax thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2011, on our consideration of the City of Palos Verdes Estates, California, internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Palos Verdes Estates, California

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Palos Verdes Estates, California's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Brea, California August 31, 2011

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the City of Palos Verdes Estates' financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. It is suggested that this overview be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal (**pages i-iv**) and the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's net assets at the end of fiscal year 2020-2011 totaled \$86,668,866; a decrease of 1% compared to the prior year. The City's investment in capital assets at June 30, 2011 totaled \$54,676,844, which represented a decrease of \$2,010,743, mostly attributable to depreciation and deletions. This decrease was partially offset by capital asset additions of \$2,290,250.
- Unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations, totaled \$23,737,986. Of the unrestricted net assets, \$10,044,564 represent assets assigned for general capital project purposes; \$7,200,000 represent assets within the general fund committed for emergency contingencies; and \$957,000 represent assets within the general fund assigned for public safety pension liability.
- Net assets restricted for special purposes, including public works and public safety, totaled \$8,254,036. Of this total, \$6,283,193 represents assets restricted for sanitary sewer improvements as part of the sewer capital fund.
- During the year, the City's general governmental revenues totaled \$17,223,619, a decrease of 3.5% or \$621,704 from the prior year. The single largest change occurred within miscellaneous revenue with \$78,798 in receipts during 2011 compared to \$974,573 in 2010. The 2010 revenue included receipt of federal ARRA funds, as well as an estate donation in which the City was a named beneficiary. General governmental expenditures totaled \$17,403,826 for the fiscal year end, a decrease of \$97,819 compared to the prior year. Overall governmental expenditures exceeded revenues by \$180,207. This is due in part to the fact that the City uses some special revenue funds, such as Drug Intervention, to fund periodic capital equipment expenditures.
- As of June 30, 2011, the general fund balance was \$9,332,667, an increase of \$803,958. General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$226,191, with other financing sources (net transfers in / out) accounting for the remainder of the fund balance increase (+\$577,767). This result was achieved even though the 2011 expenditures included a \$1.2 million prepayment toward the City's PERS safety pension liability. This follows a similar expenditure during FY 2009-10 when the City made a pension liability pre-payment of \$1.375 million. The City has consistently achieved general fund operating surpluses due to its stable revenue base, anchored by residential property values, and its focus on core municipal services. FY 2011 results include general fund revenue of \$10,632,711 and expenditures of \$10,406,520, including the contribution toward the pension liability previously mentioned. General fund revenues available for appropriation were \$326,741 more than budgeted while actual expenditures were \$482,225 less than budget.
- The City implemented the provisions of GASB 54 regarding fund balance for the financial statements ending June 30, 2011. As part of the City Council's formally adopted fund balance policy, \$7.2 million of the general fund balance is committed for emergency contingencies, which may be used in the event of a declared federal, state or local emergency

affecting the City or in the event the City suffers a loss of a major general fund revenue source representing \$500,000 or greater. The committed fund balance equals approximately 50% of the City's total operating budget. Also as a result of GASB 54, restricted net assets reflect sewer capital funds of \$6,283,193, which must be used for sanitary sewer upgrades.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The City of Palos Verdes Estates' basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Palos Verdes Estates' finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City of Palos Verdes Estates' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Palos Verdes Estates is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed.

The government-wide financial statements reflect functions of the City of Palos Verdes Estates that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The City does not maintain or report business-type activities, which are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the City of Palos Verdes Estates include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation. Capital projects are reported as governmental activities according to the nature of the project. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Palos Verdes Estates, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Palos Verdes Estates can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term

financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Palos Verdes Estates maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, drug intervention fund, the special fire parcel tax fund and the two capital improvement funds; general capital and sewer. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* on pages 52-55 of this report.

The City of Palos Verdes Estates adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-20 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Palos Verdes Estates maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Palos Verdes Estates' various governmental functions. The City of Palos Verdes Estates uses internal service funds to account for equipment replacement (vehicles, computer systems and furniture) and insurance activities. Because these services benefit governmental functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The two internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-26 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Palos Verdes Estates' own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 27 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes can be found on pages 29-49 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 52-73.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The City presents its financial statements using the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) – for State and Local Government.

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's net assets for fiscal year 2010-2011 are shown in Table 1. In the case of the City of Palos Verdes Estates, assets exceeded liabilities by \$86,668,866 at June 30, 2011.

Table 1 City of Palos Verdes Estates Net Assets

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	Change (in dollars)
Current and other assets	\$33,744,096	\$32,798,502	\$ 945,594
Capital assets	54,676,844	56,687,587	(2,010,743)
Total Assets	88,420,940	89,486,089	(1,065,149)
Long-term liabilities	(1,033,135)	(1,034,471)	1,336
Other Liabilities	(718,939)	(783,163)	64,224
Total liabilities	(1,752,074)	(1,817,634)	65,560
Invested in capital assets	54,676,844	56,687,587	(2,010,743)
Restricted	8,254,036	2,050,339	5,875,663
Unrestricted	23,737,986	28,930,529	(4,864,509)
Total net assets	\$86,668,866	\$87,668,455	\$ (999,589)

By far the largest portion of the City of Palos Verdes Estates' net assets (63%) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment). These assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the City of Palos Verdes Estates' net assets (9%) represent resources that are subject to legal restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (27%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations. Included as part of the unrestricted net assets is the general capital project fund balance, which totals \$10,044,564 or 42% of the unrestricted net assets.

Governmental activities. During 2011, the City's net assets decreased \$999,589 due to governmental activity, which is attributable to expenses in excess of program and general revenues.

Table 2 City of Palos Verdes Estates Changes in Net Assets

	C		Change
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	(in dollars)
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$6,825,645	\$6,103,995	\$721,650
Operating grants and contributions	1,021,362	1,291,521	(270,159)
Capital grants and contributions	1,376,703	2,011,801	(635,098)
General revenues:			
Property taxes	5,742,916	5,694,990	47,926
Other taxes	2,407,564	2,229,471	178,093
Other	286,378	587,833	(301,455)
Total revenues	17,660,568	17,919,611	(259,043)

Table 2 (continued) City of Palos Verdes Estates Changes in Net Assets

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>Change</u> (in dollars)
Expenses:			<u>, </u>
General government	\$1,699,155	\$1,591,626	\$107,529
Public safety	9,769,524	9,536,336	233,188
Public works	4,299,456	4,886,578	(587,122)
Parks and recreation	2,892,022	2,821,661	70,361
Total expenses	18,660,157	18,836,201	_(176,044)
Increase in net assets	(999,589)	(916,590)	(82,999)
Net Assets July 1, 2010	87,668,455	88,585,045	(916,590)
Net Assets June 30, 2011	\$86,668,866	\$87,668,455	(\$999,589)

Figure 1 – Revenues - Governmental Activities FY 2010-2011

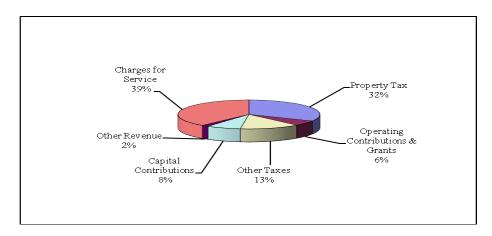
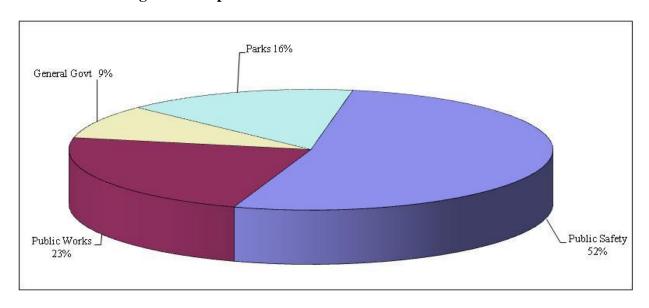


Figure 2 – Expenses – Governmental Activities FY 2010-11



Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds.

The City of Palos Verdes Estates' governmental funds ending fund balances totaled \$27,631,267, a decrease of \$338,317 (-1.2%) in comparison with the prior year. With the implementation of GASB 54 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the governmental funds restricted fund balances totaled \$7,923,330, including \$6,283,193 (79%) for sanitary sewer capital improvements. The committed fund balance (general fund) totaled \$7,200,000. The assigned fund balance for the governmental funds totaled \$11,001,564, including a general capital fund balance of \$10,044,564 (91%), which is the primary financing source for the City's capital improvement program, including the annual street program, which is being completed in accordance with an adopted multi-year, master pavement management plan. The unassigned fund balance of the governmental funds (general fund) totaled \$1,111,013, while the non-spendable fund balances total \$395,360, representing inventory and prepaid costs.

Five funds qualify as major funds under the GASB 34 reporting criteria: the general fund, drug intervention fund, special fire parcel tax fund and sewer fund and general capital improvements fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Palos Verdes Estates. The general fund balance totaled \$9,332,667, an increase of \$803,958 compared to the prior year. The general fund balance is comprised of the following: non-spendable balance of \$64,654; committed balance of \$7,200,000 for emergency contingencies; assigned fund balance of \$957,000 to address PERS pension safety liability and unassigned fund balance totaling \$1,111,013. The City Council will review the amount of the unassigned fund balance at midyear FY 2012 and determine whether to modify the fund balance policy to increase the committed fund balance or transfer funds to the general capital projects fund to assist in future capital project financing. The general fund balance, excluding non-spendable, represents 89% of FY 2011 total general fund expenditures.

The drug intervention fund accounts for receipt of federal asset seizure funds from U.S. Treasury, Department of Justice and LA Impact, as a result of past City participation in joint task forces targeting criminal activities. The City uses these monies exclusively for capital equipment purchases supporting police functions. Expenditures of \$395,321 during 2011 reflect contribution toward the police department's digital radio system upgrade. The total project cost \$430,000 and was financed by the City's internal service fund (equipment replacement). The special fire parcel tax fund balance increased \$122,833 due to slower growth in the cost of the fire services contract with Los Angeles County. Fire contract and administrative costs totaled \$3,926,672 in 2011, an increase of only \$1,931 compared to the prior year. Revenue from the special fire tax totaled \$4,039,797. Other revenues revenue totaled \$9,708.

The sewer capital projects fund balance decreased \$4,213,223 to \$6,283,193, reflecting a transfer out of \$4,989,340. The transfer represents money originally deposited to the sewer fund at its inception in 2003. These funds were proceeds from settlement of the Bluff Cove insurance litigation and were to be used only in the event there were insufficient sewer fees to finance major improvements during the initial years of the 10-year master program of sewer improvements. During FY 2011, sewer fees and other revenue totaled \$1,344,266, while expenditures totaled \$568,149. One sewer pump station remains to be constructed during FY 2012 at a cost of approximately \$2.2 million. The sewer fee expires in FY 2012-13; however, given progress on the capital plan, it is not expected the City will seek a new fee authorization.

The general capital improvement fund balance increased by \$3,150,444, mainly due to the transfer described above. Capital project expenditures totaled \$1,358,110, which were offset by revenues of \$135,979 and transfers in totaling \$4,372,575.

Proprietary funds. The only proprietary funds of the City of Palos Verdes Estates are two internal service funds for equipment replacement and insurance activities. At year-end, net assets invested in capital assets of the funds amounted to \$608,773, an increase of \$237,161 from the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original general fund budget and the final amended budget was an increase of \$979,742 in revenues and transfers in, with transfers accounting for \$984,742 of the change. The final amended budget reflects an increase of \$1,472,415 in expenditures, including and transfers out (\$406,975) of which, \$1,200,000 represents the budget adjustment for the PERS safety pension liability prepayment. Excluding that amount, budgeted expenditures, excluding transfers out, increased \$10,440 from the original adopted general fund budget.

General fund expenditures were \$482,225 less than budget with most of the savings (67%) occurring within the Police department due to position vacancies and associated salary and benefit savings. Other areas of savings within the general fund included: General governmental services realized savings of \$94,300 mainly within supplies and services, and nominal savings of approximately \$62,865 within public works and parks budgets.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Palos Verdes Estates' investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2011, amounts to \$54,676,844 (net of accumulated depreciation). This is a decrease of \$2,010,743 compared to the prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery/equipment, vehicles, furniture, streets, sewers and storm drains. During Fiscal Year 2011, governmental fund capital expenditures totaled \$2,321,580 including the following:

- Street improvement projects totaling ~\$1.2 million;
- Construction and associated costs related to the Via Barri sewer pump totaling ~\$568,000, and
- Replacement and upgrade of the Police radio communication system to digital technology at ~\$400,000

Table 3
City of Palos Verdes Estates Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

			Change
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	(in dollars)
Land	\$4,487,892	\$4,487,892	\$
Construction in progress	843,032	519,869	323,163
Building and improvements	14,354,812	15,881,480	(1,526,668)
Machinery and equipment	1,278,548	989,797	288,751
Furniture and fixtures	65,346	69,696	(4,350)
Vehicles	16,362	25,991	(9,629)
Infrastructure	33,630,852	34,712,862	(1,082,010)
Total	<u>\$54,676,844</u>	<u>\$56,687,587</u>	(\$2,010,743)

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 4 beginning on page 40 of this report.

Long-term debt. The City avoids debt financing. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Palos Verdes Estates' outstanding debt is \$1,138,567 composed of \$848,689 for vested or accumulated employee compensated absences; \$289,878 for the special retirement income plan. Additional information on long-term debt can be found in note 6 of the noted to the basic financial statements on page 41 of the report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The City prepares a two-year budget document for planning purposes, but continues to adopt the budget on an annual basis. FY 2011-12 represents the second year of the two-year budget cycle. The City Council adopted the FY 2011-2012 budget on June 28, 2011 and the following factors were considered in preparing the budget:

- Continued conservative revenue projections in light of the economic climate reflecting a projected 1.5% increase in assessed values and modest growth in development activity; as well as, limited expenditure growth;
- An assumed modest increase in salary and benefits in light of negotiations with the City three employee associations (Police, Public Service and Management), which followed two years of no salary increases, but rather lump sum stipends not attached to salary;
- No increase in the cost of the fire and paramedic services contract cost with Los Angeles County Fire totaling \$4 million and no increase in the corresponding voter approved special parcel tax rate;
- General capital improvements projects totaling \$1.276 million, including \$1.2 million in street improvement projects, including \$75,000 for curb and gutter. In addition, \$46,000 is provided for a Malaga Cove groundwater investigation/hydrology study.
- Sanitary sewer capital budget of \$2.96 million, including the reconstruction of one of the City's two sewer pump station totaling \$2.2 million.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 340 Palos Verdes Drive West, Palos Verdes Estates, California 90274.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities			
	2011	2010		
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 29,577,380	\$ 29,865,485		
Accounts receivables	518,233	103,896		
Interest receivable	71,586	76,513		
Prepaid items	3,280,564	2,200,186		
Due from other governments	294,381	546,882		
Inventories	1,952	5,540		
Capital assets not being depreciated	5,330,924	5,007,761		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	49,345,920	51,679,826		
Total Assets	88,420,940	89,486,089		
Liabilities:		, ,		
Accounts payable	442,510	372,145		
Accrued salaries and benefits	170,164	174,669		
Deposits payable	833	87,955		
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	105,432	148,394		
Due in more than one year	1,033,135_	1,034,471		
Total Liabilities	1,752,074	1,817,634		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets	54,676,844	56,687,587		
Restricted for:	. ,			
Public safety	508,902	739,673		
Public works	7,745,134	1,310,666		
Unrestricted	23,737,986	28,930,529		
Total Net Assets	\$ 86,668,866	\$ 87,668,455		

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		P	rogram Revenue	es		
			Operating	Capital	N 4 0	
	Evnances	Charges for Services		Contributions	Net Governm 2011	nental Activities 2010
	Expenses	Services	and Grants	and Grants	2011	2010
Functions/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Parks and recreation	\$ 1,699,155 9,769,524 2,892,022	\$ 65,784 4,290,929 991,975	\$ 14,934 133,967 39,605	\$ - 16,086 -	\$ (1,618,437) (5,328,542) (1,860,442)	\$ (1,446,225) (5,068,427) (1,120,174)
Public works	4,299,456	1,476,957	832,856	1,360,617	(629,026)	(1,794,058)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 18,660,157 General Revenues	\$ 6,825,645	\$ 1,021,362	\$ 1,376,703	(9,436,447)	(9,428,884)
T	axes: Property taxes				5,742,916	5,694,990
	Sales and use tax	YES			319,346	309,252
	Franchise taxes	NOO .			573,203	439,546
	Business licenses	s taxes			199,139	209,352
	Other taxes	σιαχου			189,306	164,188
N	Notor vehicle in lie	u - unrestricted			1,126,570	1,107,133
	Jse of money and				207,580	97,079
	/liscellaneous	p. 0p 0. ty			78,798	490,754
	Total General	I Revenues			8,436,858	8,512,294
	Change in Ne	t Assets			(999,589)	(916,590)
	Net Assets at Begi	inning of Year			87,668,455	88,585,045
I	Net Assets at End	d of Year			\$ 86,668,866	\$ 87,668,455

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

			Special Revenue Funds				Capital Projects Funds			
		General	Int	Drug ervention	-	ecial Fire arcel Tax	lm	General Capital provements		Sewer
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	0.040.040	\$	101 760	\$	211	\$	0.000.007	\$	6 225 422
Accounts receivable	Ф	9,049,249 518,227	Ф	121,763	Ф	211	Ф	9,989,027	Ф	6,325,422
Interest receivable		21,909		117		216		20,720		21,163
Prepaid items		62,702		-		328,034		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		111,761		84,878		37,035
Due from other funds		26,005		-		-		-		-
Inventory - materials		1,952						-		
Total Assets	\$	9,680,044	\$	121,880	\$	440,222	\$	10,094,625	\$	6,383,620
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	182,045	\$	60,441	\$	-	\$	41,573	\$	100,427
Accrued salaries and benefits		164,499		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenues		-		-		-		8,488		-
Deposits payable		833		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-				26,005				
Total Liabilities		347,377		60,441		26,005		50,061		100,427
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:										
Inventory		1,952		-		-		-		-
Prepaid costs		62,702		-		328,034		-		-
Restricted for:				04 400		00.400				
Public safety Public works		-		61,439		86,183		-		6,283,193
Committed to:		-		-		-		-		0,203,193
Committed for emergency contingencies		7,200,000		_		-		_		_
Assigned to:		,,								
Public safety		957,000		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects		-		-		-		10,044,564		-
Unassigned		1,111,013								
Total Fund Balances		9,332,667		61,439		414,217		10,044,564		6,283,193
Total Liabilities and										
Fund Balances	\$	9,680,044	\$	121,880	\$	440,222	\$	10,094,625	\$	6,383,620

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Other Governmental	Totals			
	Funds	2011	2010		
Assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory - materials	\$ 1,445,719 1,263 2,672 60,707	\$ 26,931,391 518,227 65,388 393,408 294,381 26,005 1,952	\$ 27,480,669 103,809 70,258 385,817 546,882 130,436 5,540		
Total Assets	\$ 1,510,361	\$ 28,230,752	\$ 28,723,411		
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Deferred revenues Deposits payable	\$ 9,509 5,665 -	\$ 393,995 170,164 8,488 833	\$ 345,985 174,669 14,782 87,955		
Due to other funds		26,005	130,436		
Total Liabilities	15,174	599,485	753,827		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventory Prepaid costs Restricted for:	- 2,672	1,952 393,408	5,540 385,817		
Public safety Public works Committed to:	33,246 1,459,269	180,868 7,742,462			
Committed for emergency contingencies Assigned to:	-	7,200,000	-		
Public safety Capital Projects Unassigned	- - -	957,000 10,044,564 1,111,013	- - 27,578,227		
Total Fund Balances	1,495,187	27,631,267	27,969,584		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,510,361	\$ 28,230,752	\$ 28,723,411		

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

Fund balances of governmental funds.	\$ 27,631,267
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	
Capital Assets Less accumulated depreciation	102,912,956 (48,844,885)
Long-term debt and compensated absences that have not been included in the governmental fund activity:	
Special Retirement Income Plan Compensated Absences	(289,878) (848,689)
Governmental funds report all pension contributions as expenditures, however in the Statement of Net Assets any excesses or deficiencies in contributions in relation to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) are recorded as a asset or liability.	2,449,012
Revenues reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the Statement of Activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.	8,488
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net assets.	3,650,595
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 86,668,866

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Special Rev	enue Funds	Capital Projects Funds			
				General			
		Drug	Special Fire	Capital	_		
_	General	Intervention	Parcel Tax	Improvements	Sewer		
Revenues:	A 5 7 40 040	Φ.	•	•	•		
Property taxes	\$ 5,742,916	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Special assessments	-	-	4,039,797	-	1,276,552		
Other taxes	1,280,994	-	-	-	-		
Licenses and permits	625,147	-	-	-	-		
Revenues from other agencies	1,148,781	21,040	9,281	90,359	-		
Charges for services	501,153	-	-	-	-		
Use of money and property	1,045,074	2,407	427	45,620	67,714		
Fines and forfeitures	209,848	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	78,798						
Total Revenues	10,632,711	23,447	4,049,505	135,979	1,344,266		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	1,589,535	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	6,395,354	395,321	3,926,672	-	-		
Parks and recreation	1,090,781	-	-	-	-		
Public works	1,330,850			1,358,110	568,149		
Total Expenditures	10,406,520	395,321	3,926,672	1,358,110	568,149		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	226,191	(371,874)	122,833	(1,222,131)	776,117		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	984,742	-	-	4,372,575	-		
Transfers out	(406,975)				(4,989,340)		
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	577,767			4,372,575	(4,989,340)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	803,958	(371,874)	122,833	3,150,444	(4,213,223)		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	8,528,709	433,313	291,384	6,894,120	10,496,416		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 9,332,667	\$ 61,439	\$ 414,217	\$ 10,044,564	\$ 6,283,193		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Other					
	Governmental	То	Totals			
	Funds	2011	2010			
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 5,742,916	\$ 5,694,990			
Special assessments	-	5,316,349	5,097,561			
Other taxes	-	1,280,994	1,378,209			
Licenses and permits	-	625,147	514,148			
Revenues from other agencies	1,024,484	2,293,945	2,155,419			
Charges for services	-	501,153	548,985			
Use of money and property	13,227	1,174,469	1,300,496			
Fines and forfeitures	-	209,848	180,942			
Miscellaneous		78,798	974,573			
Total Revenues	1,037,711	17,223,619	17,845,323			
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	5,310	1,594,845	1,536,133			
Public safety	87,566	10,804,913	10,876,864			
Parks and recreation	-	1,090,781	1,073,896			
Public works	656,178	3,913,287	4,014,752			
I dollo worko	000,170	0,010,207	1,011,702			
Total Expenditures	749,054	17,403,826	17,501,645			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	288,657	(180,207)	343,678			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	5,357,317	563,146			
Transfers out	(119,112)	(5,515,427)	(563,146)			
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	(119,112)	(158,110)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	169,545	(338,317)	343,678			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,325,642	27,969,584	27,625,906			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,495,187	\$ 27,631,267	\$ 27,969,584			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds.	\$ (338,317)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Depreciation Capital outlay	(3,981,948) 2,157,276
Governmental funds report all contributions in relation to the annual required contribution (ARC) for pension as expenditures, however in the Statement of Activities only the ARC is an expense.	1,074,012
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	31,028
To record as an expense the net change in pension obligation.	(16,730)
Revenues reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the Statement of Activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.	(6,294)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	
Change in net assets of the internal service funds Less: Capital contributions	504,616 (423,232)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (999,589)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Budget .	Amounts	Actual	Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 8,528,709	\$ 8,528,709	\$ 8,528,709	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Property taxes	5,544,100	5,544,100	5,742,916	198,816	
Other taxes	1,170,000	1,245,000	1,280,994	35,994	
Licenses and permits	556,000	556,000	625,147	69,147	
Intergovernmental	1,125,400	1,125,400	1,148,781	23,381	
Charges for services	550,900	550,900	501,153	(49,747)	
Use of money and property	1,118,220	1,038,220	1,045,074	6,854	
Fines and forfeitures	175,000	175,000	209,848	34,848	
Miscellaneous	71,350	71,350	78,798	7,448	
Transfers in	-	984,742	984,742	-	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	18,839,679	19,819,421	20,146,162	326,741	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
General government	1,613,835	1,683,835	1,589,535	94,300	
Public safety	5,579,975	6,720,415	6,395,354	325,061	
Parks and recreation	1,094,060	1,094,060	1,090,781	3,279	
Public works	1,390,435	1,390,435	1,330,850	59,585	
Transfers out	145,000	406,975	406,975	-	
Total Charges to Appropriations	9,823,305	11,295,720	10,813,495	482,225	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 9,016,374	\$ 8,523,701	\$ 9,332,667	\$ 808,966	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT DRUG INTERVENTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Budget Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	433,313	\$	433,313	\$	433,313	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):		•	·	,		•	·	
Revenues from other agencies		10,000		23,000		21,040		(1,960)
Use of money and property		2,000		2,000		2,407		407
Amounts Available for Appropriation		445,313		458,313		456,760		(1,553)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								
Public safety		352,000		401,000		395,321		5,679
Total Charges to Appropriations		352,000		401,000		395,321		5,679
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	93,313	\$	57,313	\$	61,439	\$	4,126

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT SPECIAL FIRE PARCEL TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	291.384	\$	291.384	\$	291,384	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):	Ψ.	== 2,00.	•		Ψ.		*	
Special assessments		3,982,500		3,982,500		4,039,797		57,297
Revenues from other agencies		9,000		9,000		9,281		281
Use of money and property		-		-		427		427
Amounts Available for Appropriation		4,282,884		4,282,884		4,340,889		58,005
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								
Public safety		4,076,665		4,076,665		3,926,672		149,993
Total Charges to Appropriations		4,076,665		4,076,665		3,926,672		149,993
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	206,219	\$	206,219	\$	414,217	\$	207,998

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds Totals			
	2011	2010		
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,645,989	\$ 2,384,816		
Accounts receivable	6	87		
Interest receivable	6,198	6,255		
Prepaid items	438,144	439,369		
Total Current Assets	3,090,337	2,830,527		
Capital assets:				
Machinery and equipment	2,910,758	2,411,271		
Furniture and fixtures	189,163	189,163		
Vehicles	836,141	835,130		
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,327,289)	(3,063,952)		
Net Capital Assets	608,773	371,612		
Total Assets	\$ 3,699,110	\$ 3,202,139		
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 48,515	\$ 26,160		
Accrued claims and judgments	φ 10,010 	30,000		
Total Current Liabilities	48,515	56,160		
Total Liabilities	48,515	56,160		
Net Assets:				
	608,773	371,612		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	•	•		
Unrestricted	3,041,822	2,774,367		
Total Net Assets	3,650,595	3,145,979		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 3,699,110	\$ 3,202,139		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Interna Service Funds Totals			
	2011	2010		
Operating revenues: Charges for services Other	\$ 685,155 43,446	\$ 687,120 18,502		
Total operating revenues	728,601	705,622		
Operating expenses: Materials and supplies General liability insurance Property and vehicle insurance Provision for claims and losses Depreciation	11,753 483,527 15,898 - 319,042	12,281 308,826 17,566 (89,186) 280,702		
Total operating expenses	830,220	530,189		
Operating Income (Loss)	(101,619)	175,433		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest revenue Contributions Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets Total Nonoperating	20,011 423,232 4,882	27,902 32,000 5,672		
Revenues (Expenses)	448,125	65,574		
Net income (loss) before transfers contributions	346,506	241,007		
Transfers in	158,110			
Change in net assets	504,616	241,007		
Net Assets:				
Beginning of Year	3,145,979	2,904,972		
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 3,650,595	\$ 3,145,979		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	In	Government ternal Servic	-	l Activities - Funds Totals	
		2011		2010	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	_				
Cash received from user departments	\$	698,682	\$	711,207	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods or services		(487,598)		(362,198)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		211,084		349,009	
Cash Flows from Non-Capital					
Financing Activities:		450 440			
Cash transfers in		158,110		-	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Non-Capital Financing Activities		158,110			
Cook Floure from Conital					
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(132,971)		(72,879)	
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		4,882		-	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(439.090)		(72.970)	
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(128,089)		(72,879)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest received		20,068		31,530	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		20,068		31,530	
investing Addivides		20,000		01,000	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents		261,173		307,660	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,384,816		2,077,156	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	2,645,989	\$	2,384,816	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(101,619)	\$	181,104	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation		319,042		280,702	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		81		(87)	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,225 22,355		(21,361) (1,349)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments		(30,000)		(90,000)	
more and judgmente		(00,000)		(00,000)	
Total Adjustments		312,703		167,905	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	¢	211,084	¢	349,009	
Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	211,004	\$	3+3,003	
Non-Cash Capital Activity:					
Equipment acquisitions funded by governmental funds	\$	423,232	\$	32,000	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

		2011	 2010
Assets: Cash and investments		156,091	\$ 128,620
Total Assets	\$	156,091	\$ 128,620
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits	\$	- 156,091	\$ 8,360 120,260
Total Liabilities	\$	156,091	\$ 128,620
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	_\$_	156,091	\$ 128,620

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Reporting Entity

The City of Palos Verdes Estates (City), California was incorporated on December 20, 1939 under the General Laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council - City Manager form of government. The financial statements of the City of Palos Verdes Estates include the financial activities of the City.

Joint Ventures

Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Joint Powers Authority

The City is a member of the Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Joint Powers Authority. The Transit Authority is comprised of three member cities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. Each member City provides an annually determined contribution towards the ongoing operation. The City does not have a specified equity interest; however, in the event of dissolution of the Authority, available assets shall be distributed to the member agencies in proportion to the aggregate contribution made by each member agency during the entire term of the agreement. The purpose of the Authority is to study, implement, and provide a public transit system within and around the Palos Verdes Peninsula. These transit services include Palos Verdes Transit, Dial-A-Ride and a fixed route shuttle service.

The Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Authority's fiscal year ends on June 30. As of June 30, 2010 (the most recent information available), audited financial statements indicted the following:

Total assets	\$ 2,363,286
Total liabilities	272,865
Total equity (Net Assets)	2,090,421
Revenues	2,419,735
Expenditures	2,247,399
Net increase in fund balance	172,336

Separate financial statements are available from the Authority office at 38 Crest Road. West, Rolling Hills, California 90274-7400.

b. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. Government-wide financial statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component units), as well as it's discretely presented component units. The City of Palos Verdes Estates has no business-type activities. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by function to which they were allocated). However, general governmental expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the *accrual basis* of *accounting*. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements, *Basis* of *accounting* refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. Fiduciary statements include financial information for fiduciary funds and similar component units. Fiduciary funds of the City primarily represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *modified-accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become *measurable* and *available* as net current assets. *Measurable* means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. *Available* means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses a sixty day availability period.

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *availability* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. *Exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction on which they are based takes place. *Imposed non-exchange* transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. *Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an *other financing sources* rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources.

Proprietary Funds

The City's internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

presented using the *economic resources measurement focus*. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the internal service fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the internal service fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the internal service fund are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fiduciary Funds

The City's fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature. Assets equal liabilities. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

c. Major Funds, Internal Service Funds and Fiduciary Fund Types

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Drug Intervention Fund</u> is used to account for funds received from the L.A. IMPACT, an association of local governmental agencies, related to drug enforcement activities. The funds are earmarked for the City's drug intervention programs.

The <u>Special Fire Parcel Tax Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for funds received from a direct assessment levied by the City for the purpose of funding contract fire suppression services through Los Angeles County.

The <u>General Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for funds received from the General Fund and other governments for purposes of funding major capital projects.

The <u>Sewer Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for funds received from a direct assessment levied by the City for the purpose of funding major sewer projects.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – The special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for particular purposes.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u>—The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of equipment and insurance services of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - The agency funds are used to account for the resources held by the City in a fiduciary capacity to record special deposits and assessment district repayments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Cash equivalents also represent the proprietary funds' share in the cash and investment pool of the City of Palos Verdes Estates. Cash equivalents have an original maturity date of three months or less from the date of purchase. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the entire balance of cash and investments on the combined balance sheet for the internal service fund is considered cash and cash equivalents.

e. Investments

For financial reporting purposes, investments are adjusted to their fair value whenever the difference between fair market value and the carrying amount is material.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

f. Prepaid Items and Inventory

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The inventory is valued at cost using first in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory of governmental funds is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaid items also include payments made by the City to CalPERS to prepay a portion of its obligation for pension benefits. Pension prepayments are amortized over the period applicable to the portion of the pension obligation that was prepaid.

g. Property Taxes

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool, and are then allocated to the cities based on complex formulas. The County of Los Angeles collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 a.m. on the first day of January proceeding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Taxes are levied on July 1 and cover the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on March 1 each year, and are delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31. At June 30, 2011, there were no material delinquent, unsecured property taxes. Property taxes receivable are included with due from other Governments on the balance sheet. At June 30, 2011, the total property taxes receivable is \$363,673.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include all infrastructure assets acquired prior to the implementation of GASB No.34 are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by the governmental activities is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net assets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements, including park improvements	7 to 35 years
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	2 to 18 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 to 13 years
Infrastructure	15 to 100 years

The following represent the minimum threshold in which assets are capitalized:

Buildings and improvements, including park improvements	\$ 5,000
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	5,000
Furniture and fixtures	5,000
Infrastructure:	
Sewer:	
Pipes	20,000
Streets:	
Pavement	50,000
Sidewalks	10,000
Storm drains:	
Pipes	50,000
Outlet structures	10,000

i. Compensated Absences

City employees receive from 12 to 20 days vacation each year, depending upon length of service. An employee may not accumulate earned vacation time beyond the year following the year in which it is earned. Upon termination, employees with more than one year of service are paid the full value of their unused vacation time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

City employees also receive 12 personal necessity/sick leave days each year. An employee may accumulate earned personal necessity/sick leave time until termination. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive 75% of their unused accumulated personal necessity/sick leave time above 650 hours for safety employees and above 960 hours for miscellaneous employees.

Vested or accumulated compensated absences that are expected to be liquidated currently are reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated compensated absences that are not expected to be currently liquidated are reported only in the Statement of Net Assets. No expenditure has been reported for these long-term amounts. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

j. Fund Equity

The City Council adopted resolution R11-09 in conformity with Governmental Accounting Auditing Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54. The City Council adopted and amends committed fund balance amounts through this resolution. The City Manager authorizes assigned amounts for specific purposes pursuant to the policy-making powers granted in this resolution. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted amounts to be used first, then unrestricted. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, they are considered to be spent in the order as follows: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

k. Prior Year Data

Selected information regarding the prior year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's prior year financial statements, from which this selected financial data was derived.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

m. Other Post-employment Benefits

The City does not provide post-employment benefit beyond those benefits provided by CalPERS and the City's Special Retirement Income Plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a. Budgetary Data:

Budgets are reported on the same basis as the funds and are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

Budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, expenditures cannot legally exceed total appropriations at the fund level. The City Manager is authorized to transfer amounts within individual fund budgets. Budgetary revisions that alter the total appropriations of a fund must be approved by the City Council. Unexpended budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgeted amounts, as shown, include the originally adopted budget, reappropriated prior year encumbrances as well as any amendments authorized by the City Council.

b. Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds at the department level are as follows:

There were no funds with excess expenditures over appropriations at the department level at June 30, 2011.

c. The following funds contained deficit fund balances or net assets:

There were no funds with deficit fund balance or net assets at June 30, 2011.

Note 3: Cash Investments

Cash investments as of June 30, 2011 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 29,577,380
Fiduciary funds:	
Cash and investments	 156,091
Total cash and investments	\$ 29,733,471

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2011 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 1,500
Deposits with financial institutions	471,921
Investments	 29,260,050
Total cash and investment	\$ 29,733,471

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 3: Cash Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, and concentration of credit risk.

	Authorized			
	Ву		Maximum	Maximum
Investment Types	Investment	*Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized by State Law	Policy	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	30%	30%
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	15%	15%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	15%	15%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium-Term Notes (AA/Aa2)	Yes	3 years	15%	15%
Medium-Term Notes (A-1/A+)	Yes	2 years	15%	15%
Mutual Funds	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	10%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
County Pooled Investment Funds	Yes	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund				
(LAIF)	Yes	N/A	None	None
JPA Pools (other investment				
pools)	Yes	N/A	None	None
Guaranteed Investment Contracts				
(GICs)	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*}Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates might affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 3: Cash Investments (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in months)					
		12	Months	13 to 24			25 to 60
Investment Type	 Total	C	r Less	Months			Months
Federal Home Loan							
Bank	\$ 1,996,980	\$	-	\$	-		1,996,980
Federal Home Loan							
Mortgage Corp.	2,004,630		-		-		2,004,630
Federal National Mortgage							
Association	1,001,280		-		-		1,001,280
Federal Farm Credit Bank	986,630		-		-		986,630
LAIF	23,270,530	2	3,270,530		-		-
	 _		_				
Total	\$ 29,260,050	\$ 2	3,270,530	\$		\$	5,989,520

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment might not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

On August 5, 2011, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services lowered its long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States of America to AA+ from AAA. As a result, on August 8, 2011, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services lowered its issuer credit ratings and related issue ratings on various Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac to AA+ from AAA. The City also invests in LAIF which invests in various underlying securities, including the federal agency securities listed above. While LAIF is not rated, the federal agency securities are, and these have been affected by this rating change as well.

			Rating as of Year End		
Investment Type	Total	Minimum Legal Rating		AAA	Not Rated
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 1,996,980	N/A	\$	1,996,980	\$ -
Federal Home Loan Mortgage					
Corp.	2,004,630	N/A		2,004,630	-
Federal National Mortgage					
Association	1,001,280	N/A		1,001,280	-
Federal Farm Credit Bank	986,630	N/A		986,630	-
LAIF	 23,270,530	N/A			23,270,530
Total	\$ 29,260,050		\$	5,989,520	\$ 23,270,530

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 3: Cash Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of the total City's investments are as follows:

lssuer	Amount Invested					
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$	1,996,980				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		2,004,630				

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to Custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2011, \$221,921 of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollateralized accounts.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

GASB Statement No. 31

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, as of July 1, 1997. GASB Statement No. 31 establishes fair value standards (e.g. mark to market) for investments in participating interest earning investment contracts, external investment pools, equity securities, option contracts, stock warrants and stock rights that have readily determinable fair values. Accordingly, the City reports its investments at fair value in the balance sheet. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 4: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2010	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2011
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,487,892	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,487,892
Construction in progress	519,869	(822,847)	1,322,217	176,207	843,032
Total assets not					
being depreciated	5,007,761	(822,847)	1,322,217	176,207	5,330,924
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building and improvements	27,162,051	-	181,697	46,885	27,296,863
Machinery	3,423,198	-	711,383	220,223	3,914,358
Furniture and fixtures	494,443	-	14,388	-	508,831
Vehicles	835,134	-	56,712	55,705	836,141
Infrastructure	68,135,204	822,847	3,853		68,961,904
Total assets					
being depreciated	100,050,030	822,847	968,033	322,813	101,518,097
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	11,280,571	-	1,708,365	46,885	12,942,051
Machinery	2,433,401	=	422,632	220,223	2,635,810
Furniture and fixtures	424,747	=	18,738	=	443,485
Vehicles	809,143	-	66,341	55,705	819,779
Infrastructure	33,422,342		1,908,710		35,331,052
Total accumulated					
depreciation	48,370,204		4,124,786	322,813	52,172,177
Net capital assets					
being depreciated	51,679,826	822,847	(3,156,753)		49,345,920
Total capital assets	\$ 56,687,587	\$ -	\$ (1,834,536)	\$ 176,207	\$ 54,676,844

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

J	 .,,
Total depreciation expense- governmental activities	\$ 4,124,786
Internal service funds	 319,042
Parks and recreation	1,796,822
Public works	1,909,193
Public safety	1,851
General government	\$ 97,878
Governmental activities:	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 5: Interfund and Transfers

The following summarizes the total transfers in and out as of June 30, 2011:

		Transfers Out							
		eneral Fund	Other Sewer Governmental Fund Funds					Total	
Transfers In									
General Fund	\$	-	\$	957,000	\$	27,742	\$	984,742	
General Capital									
Improvements Fund	2	248,865		4,032,340		91,370		4,372,575	
Internal Service Funds	1	158,110		-		-		158,110	
	\$ 4	106,975	\$	4,989,340	\$	119,112	\$	5,515,427	

The majority of transfers were made from the General Fund and Sewer Fund to subsidize various capital improvement projects.

Current interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

	Du	e To Other Funds	
	Special Fi		
	Pai	rcel Tax -	
	Special		
	Reve	enue Fund	
Due From Other Funds:			
General Fund	\$	26,005	

These receivables represent short-term borrowings from special revenue funds to cover negative cash balance.

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Balance at uly 1, 2010	Additions				Balance at June 30, 2011		Due Within One Year		Due Beyond One Year	
Governmental activities:											
Compensated absenses	\$ 879,717	\$	655,497	\$	686,525	\$	848,689	\$	105,432	\$	743,257
Plan benefits (note 9)	 273,148		29,030		12,300		289,878				289,878
Total											
	\$ 1,152,865	\$	684,527	\$	698,825	\$	1,138,567	\$	105,432	\$	1,033,135

General fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the liability of compensated absences.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 7: Liability, Workers' Compensation, and Purchased Insurance

a. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Palos Verdes Estates is a member of the CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY (Authority). The Authority is composed of 121 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

b. Self Insurance Programs of the Authority Liability

A revised cost allocation methodology was introduced in 2010-11, however it retains many elements of the previous cost allocation methodology. Each member pays an annual contribution (formerly called the primary deposit) to cover estimated losses for the coverage period. This initial funding is paid at the beginning of the coverage period. After the close of the coverage period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then conducted annually thereafter until all claims incurred during the coverage period are closed on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members based on actual claim development can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required.

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure (payroll) and experience (claims) relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool. Additional information regarding the cost allocation methodology is provided below.

Liability

In the liability program claims are pooled separately between police and non-police exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$750,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$5 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$5 million to \$10 million are paid under a reinsurance contract subject to a \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible. Costs of covered claims from \$10 million to \$15 million are paid under two reinsurance contracts subject to a combined \$3 million annual aggregate deductible. On a cumulative basis for all 2010-11 reinsurance contracts the annual aggregate deductible is \$5.5 million. (6) Costs of covered claims from \$15 million up to \$50 million are covered through excess insurance policies.

The overall coverage limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50 million per occurrence.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 7: Claims Payable/Self-Insurance (Continued)

Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by reinsurance and excess insurance with a pooled sub-limit of \$35 million per occurrence. This \$35 million subsidence sub-limit is composed of (a) \$5 million retained within the pool's SIR, (b) \$10 million in reinsurance and (c) \$20 million in excess insurance. The excess insurance layer has a \$20 million annual aggregate.

Workers' Compensation

In the workers' compensation program claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and non-public safety exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$100,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$2 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$2 million up to statutory limits are paid under a reinsurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation Law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$4 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$4 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

c. Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of Palos Verdes Estates participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program (formerly called environmental insurance) which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Palos Verdes Estates. Coverage is on a claimsmade basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has a limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2008 through July 1, 2011. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

Property Insurance

The City of Palos Verdes Estates participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Palos Verdes Estates property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Palos Verdes Estates to the Authority. City of Palos Verdes Estates property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$42,044,160. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

Crime Insurance

The City of Palos Verdes Estates purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 7: Claims Payable/Self-Insurance (Continued)

d. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2010-11.

Note 8: Defined Benefits Pension Plan

California Public Employees' Retirement Plan (PERS)

City Miscellaneous Plan

Plan Description

The City of Palos Verdes Estates contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their Executive Office located at 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy

Active members are required by State statute to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City's employer required annual contribution rate was 2.537% for miscellaneous employees for the fiscal year. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended June 30, 2011, the City's annual pension cost of \$45,004 for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2008, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) project salary increases range from 3.25% to 14.45% for miscellaneous employees and 3.25% to 14.45% for safety employees depending on age, service, and type of employment. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3%. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three year period. PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or surplus) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis over fifteen years.

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION FOR PERS - Miscellaneous Plan

	Annual		Percentage of	Net Pension			
	Pen	sion Cost	APC	Oblig	ation		
Fiscal Year		(APC)	Contributed	(Asset)			
6/30/2009	\$	37,152	100%	\$	-		
6/30/2010		34,443	100%		-		
6/30/2011		45,004	100%		-		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 8: Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

The City's miscellaneous plan became part of a CalPERS Risk Pool for employers with less than 100 active plan members. As part of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan, disclosure of the schedule of funding progress is not required.

Public Safety Plan

Plan Description

The City of Palos Verdes Estates contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their Executive Office located at 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy

Active members are required by State statute to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City's employer required annual contribution rate was 33.725% for safety employees for the fiscal year. In April 2010, the City contributed \$1,375,000 to CalPERS to pay off the side fund for the Past Service Cost. This amount will be amortized over the next ten years. In February 2011, the City contributed \$1,200,000 to CalPERS to pay off the side fund for the Past Service Cost. This amount will be amortized over the next nine years. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

For 2011, the City's annual pension cost and change in Net Pension Obligation for the year ending June 30, 2011 were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 506,855 (65,313) 191,301
Annual pension cost Contributions made	632,843 1,706,855
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation Net pension obligation (asset) beginning of the year	(1,074,012) (1,375,000)
Net pension obligation (asset) end of the year	\$ (2,449,012)

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION FOR PERS – Public Safety Plan

Fiscal Year	Required ntributions	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)		
6/30/2009	\$ 873,469	100%	\$ -		
6/30/2010	490,901	380%	(1,375,000)		
6/30/2011	506,855	337%	(2,449,012)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 8: Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

The City's public safety plan became part of a CalPERS Risk Pool for employers with less than 100 active plan members. As part of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan, disclosure of the schedule of funding progress is not required.

Note 9: Special Retirement Income Plan

Description of Plan

The City provides a Special Retirement Income Plan, a single employer plan which covers eligible City employees. The plan was established and is administered by the City to provide a fixed monthly cash payment (\$275 per month for general, management and police employees) to qualifying retirees until they reach the age of 65 as required under various memoranda of understanding ("MOU") with the City's employee groups.

The following summarizes the primary characteristics of the benefit:

	General		
	Employees	Management	Police
	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement
Benefit types provided	Income	Income	Income
Duration of Benefits	Until Medicare	Until Medicare	Until Medicare
	Eligible	Eligible	Eligible
Required Service	20 years	20 years	20 years
Minimum Age	50	50	50
Dependent Coverage	No	No	No
City Contribution %	100%	100%	100%
Benefit Amount	\$275 per	\$275 per	\$275 per
	month	month	month

The plan is included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and other required supplemental information. A separate report is not available. The comprehensive annual financial report is available at the following address:

City of Palos Verdes Estates 340 Palos Verdes Drive West Palos Verdes Estates, CA 90274

Funding Policy and Contribution Rates

The funding policy provides for employer contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis. Retirement income benefits cannot be increased unless new MOU are entered into. Plan assets have not been accumulated in a separately established trust fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 9: Special Retirement Income Plan (Continued)

Annual Plan Cost and Net Plan Obligation

The City's annual plan cost and net plan obligation for the current year are as follows:

\$	36,071	
	5,463	
	(12,504)	
	29,030	
12,300		
	16,730	
	273,148	
\$	289,878	
	\$	

The plan uses the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method to determine funding rates for active employees. It uses the normal cost method to amortize the unfunded liability over a period of 30 years at 5% interest. (Thirty years is the longest amortization period allowable under GASB 25 and 27).

The required contributions for the plan were determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation. The projection of future benefits for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about mortality, termination rates, vesting rates, retirement rates and discount rate. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the MOU, (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Amounts determined for the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation of the plan are as follows:

- 1. Investment return of 5% per annum.
- 2. Average hire age for eligible employees is 30.
- 3. Average retirement age is 57.
- 4. Inflation rate of 3% per annum.

Assumptions regarding projected salary increases and benefit increases are not applicable because this benefit is a fixed monthly benefit with no anticipated increase in the amount of the monthly payment amount.

<u>Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal.</u> The allocation of retirement income cost is based on years of service. We used the level dollar method to allocate retirement income costs over years of service.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTRY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2011

Note 9: Special Retirement Income Plan (Continued).

Entry age is based on the average age at hire for eligible employees. The attribution period is determined as the difference between the average retirement age and the average age at hire. The present value of future benefits and present value of future normal costs are determined on an employee-by-employee basis and then aggregated.

To the extent that different benefit formulas apply to different employees of the same class, the normal cost is based on the benefit plan applicable to the most recently hired employees (including future hires if a new benefit formula has been agreed to and communicated to employees).

<u>Amortization Methods:</u> We used the level dollar method to allocate amortization cost by year. We used a 30-year open amortization period.

Actuarial Accrued Liability as of July 1, 2010

	General								
		Total	Em	ployees	Mar	nagement	Police		
Active: Pre-65	\$	240,331	\$	37,370	\$	73,472	\$	129,489	
Post-65									
Subtotal		240,331		37,370		73,472		129,489	
Retiree: Pre-65		102,859		-		-		102,859	
Post-65									
Subtotal		102,859						102,859	
Subtotal Pre-65		343,190		37,370		73,472		232,348	
Subtotal Post-65				-		-			
Grand Total		343,190		37,370		73,472		232,348	
Funded at July 1, 2010				-			_		
Unfunded AAL	\$	343,190	\$	37,370	\$	73,472	\$	232,348	
1st Year UAAL Amortization									
at 5.0% over 30 years	\$	22,325	\$	2,431	\$	4,779	\$	15,115	

Trend information is as follows:

	Year ended	Anr	nual Plan	Con	tributions/	% of APC	N	let Plan
	June 30,	Co	st (APC)	Ben	efits Paid	Contributed	0	bligation
•	2009	\$	32,756	\$	15,693	48%	\$	254,067
	2010		32,756		13,675	42%		273,148
	2011		29,030		12,300	34%		289,878

Three years of trend information is available at this time

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTRY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2011

Note 9: Special Retirement Income Plan (Continued).

Funded Status

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

											Unt	unded	
Actu	ıarial	Actu	arial	Α	ctuarial						Liabil	ity as %	
Valuation		Value of		F	Accrued		Unfunded		unded	Covered	of c	of covered	
Date Ju	ıne 30,	30, Assets		Liability		Liability		F	Ratio	Payroll	Pa	Payroll	
20	08	\$	-	\$	314,187	\$	314,187	\$	-	\$ 3,439,138		9.14%	
20	09		-		332,922		332,922		-	3,767,444		8.84%	
20	10		-		343,190		343,190		-	3,721,290		9.22%	

Three years of funded status information is available at this time

Note 10: Contingencies

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. Legal counsel estimates that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the basic financial statements of the City.

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for particular purposes. The City uses the following Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Gas Tax</u> - to account for state and county gas taxes, which funds may be used for street maintenance, right-of-way acquisition and street construction.

<u>CLEEP</u> – to account for funds received from the State of California for law enforcement technology equipment.

SLESF – to account for COPS funds received from the State of California.

<u>Special Projects</u> - to account for funds received from other governmental agencies that are earmarked for specific projects.

<u>Corrections</u> – to account for funds receive from the State Department of Corrections.

<u>Proposition A</u> – to account for the City's share of funds collected and distributed by the County of Los Angeles under Proposition A to finance transit projects within the City.

 $\underline{\text{Measure R}}$ – to account for the City's share of funds collected and distributed by the County of Los Angeles under Measure R for transportation purposes within the City.

<u>Proposition C</u> – to account for the City's share of funds collected and distributed by the County of Los Angeles under Proposition C to finance transit projects within the City.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

				Spe	ecial F	Revenue Fu	nds			
Gas 7		Gas Tax	CLEEP SLESF					Special Projects	Corrections	
Assets: Cash and investments Interest receivable Prepaid items	\$	74,174 32 2,672	\$	617 - -	\$	17,969 32 -	\$	566,526 525 -	\$	2,390 - -
Due from other governments Total Assets	\$	43,639 120,517	\$	617	\$	12,706 30,707	\$	4,362 571,413	\$	2,390
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	7,652 5,665	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	468 -	\$	1,389	\$	- -
Total Liabilities		13,317				468		1,389		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid costs		2,672		-		-		-		-
Restricted for: Public safety Public works		- 104,528		617 -		30,239 -		- 570,024		2,390
Total Fund Balances		107,200		617		30,239		570,024		2,390
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	120,517	\$	617	\$	30,707	\$	571,413	\$	2,390

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Proposition A			Measure R		Proposition C		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets: Cash and investments Interest receivable Prepaid items Due from other governments	\$		\$	208,331 178 - -	\$	85,923 62 - -	\$	1,445,719 1,263 2,672 60,707	
Total Assets	\$	490,223	\$	208,509	\$	85,985	\$	1,510,361	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$	9,509 5,665	
Total Liabilities								15,174	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid costs		-		-		-		2,672	
Restricted for: Public safety Public works		- 490,223		- 208,509		- 85,985		33,246 1,459,269	
Total Fund Balances		490,223		208,509		85,985		1,495,187	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	490,223	\$	208,509	\$	85,985	\$	1,510,361	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Gas Tax	CLEEP	SLESF	Special Projects	Corrections						
Revenues: Revenues from other agencies Use of money and property Other taxes	\$ 367,151 1,078	\$ - 5 -	\$ 100,000 181 -	\$ 85,978 6,619	\$ 5,650 - 						
Total Revenues	368,229	5	100,181	92,597	5,650						
Expenditures: Current: General government	_	_	_	_	_						
Public safety Public works	355,070		84,152 	20,558	3,414						
Total Expenditures	355,070		84,152	20,558	3,414						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	13,159	5	16,029	72,039	2,236						
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(83,256)			(35,856)							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(83,256)			(35,856)							
Net Change in Fund Balances	(70,097)	5	16,029	36,183	2,236						
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	177,297	612	14,210	533,841	154_						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 107,200	\$ 617	\$ 30,239	\$ 570,024	\$ 2,390						

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Proposition A			easure R	Pr	oposition C	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues: Revenues from other agencies Use of money and property Other taxes	\$	189,969 3,647	\$	117,782 1,244 -	\$	157,954 453 -	\$	1,024,484 13,227
Total Revenues		193,616		119,026		158,407		1,037,711
Expenditures: Current:								5 0 4 0
General government Public safety Public works		5,310 - 100,000		- - -		- - 180,550		5,310 87,566 656,178
Total Expenditures		105,310				180,550		749,054
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		88,306		119,026		(22,143)		288,657
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out								(119,112)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								(119,112)
Net Change in Fund Balances		88,306		119,026		(22,143)		169,545
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		401,917		89,483		108,128		1,325,642
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	490,223	\$	208,509	\$	85,985	\$	1,495,187

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Budget /	Amοι	ınts Final	_	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	177.297	\$	177.297	\$	177.297	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):	•	,	•	,,,	•	,	*	
Revenues from other agencies		369,090		369,090		367,151		(1,939)
Use of money and property		2,500		2,500		1,078		(1,422)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		548,887		548,887		545,526		(3,361)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						•		
Public works		367,930		377,930		355,070		22,860
Transfers out		100,000		83,256		83,256		-
Total Charges to Appropriations		467,930		461,186		438,326		22,860
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	80,957	\$	87,701	\$	107,200	\$	19,499

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CLEEP YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Budget A	Amoun	ts	A	ctual	Variand Final E Posi	Budget
	Or	iginal	F	inal	Am	ounts	(Nega	ative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	612	\$	612	\$	612	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Use of money and property		-		-		5		5
Amounts Available for Appropriation		612		612		617		5
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	612	\$	612	\$	617	\$	5_

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SLESF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	14,210	\$	14,210	\$	14,210	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Revenues from other agencies		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Use of money and property		-		-		181		181
Amounts Available for Appropriation		114,210		114,210		114,391		181
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				·		•		
Public safety		53,070		84,570		84,152		418
Total Charges to Appropriations		53,070		84,570		84,152		418
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	61,140	\$	29,640	\$	30,239	\$	599

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 533,841	\$ 533,841	\$ 533,841	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Revenues from other agencies	92,500	92,500	85,978	(6,522)
Use of money and property	3,000	3,000	6,619	3,619
Amounts Available for Appropriation	629,341	629,341	626,438	(2,903)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	28,720	28,720	20,558	8,162
Transfers out	20,000	35,856	35,856	-
Total Charges to Appropriations	48,720	64,576	56,414	8,162
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 580,621	\$ 564,765	\$ 570,024	\$ 5,259

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CORRECTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Or	Budget /		nts Final		ctual nounts	Fina Po	ince with I Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	154	\$	154	\$	154	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):	Ψ	101	Ψ	101	Ψ	101	Ψ	
Revenues from other agencies		3,500		7,000		5,650		(1,350)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		3,654		7,154		5,804		(1,350)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					-		-	
Public safety		3,605		7,105		3,414		3,691
Total Charges to Appropriations		3,605		7,105		3,414		3,691
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	49	\$	49	\$	2,390	\$	2,341

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION A YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	 Budget /	Amoı	unts Final	Actual mounts	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 401,917	\$	401,917	\$ 401,917	\$	
Resources (Inflows):						
Revenues from other agencies	189,300		189,300	189,969		669
Use of money and property	3,000		3,000	3,647		647
Amounts Available for Appropriation	 594,217		594,217	595,533		1,316
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):	 			 · · · · · ·	-	
General government	5,310		5,310	5,310		-
Public works	100,000		100,000	100,000		-
Total Charges to Appropriations	105,310		105,310	105,310		-
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 488,907	\$	488,907	\$ 490,223	\$	1,316

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	 Budget <i>i</i> Driginal	Amoı	unts Final	Actual mounts	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive pative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 89,483	\$	89,483	\$ 89,483	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						
Revenues from other agencies	117,770		117,770	117,782		12
Use of money and property	500		500	1,244		744
Amounts Available for Appropriation	 207,753		207,753	208,509		756
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 207,753	\$	207,753	\$ 208,509	\$	756

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION C YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	 Budget /	Amou	unts Final	Actual mounts	Final Pos	ice with Budget sitive ative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 108,128	\$	108,128	\$ 108,128	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						
Revenues from other agencies	157,025		157,025	157,954		929
Use of money and property	400		400	453		53
Amounts Available for Appropriation	265,553		265,553	266,535		982
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				•		
Public works ,	180,550		180,550	180,550		-
Total Charges to Appropriations	180,550		180,550	180,550		-
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	 85,003	\$	85,003	\$ 85,985	\$	982

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 6,894,120	\$ 6,894,120	\$ 6,894,120	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	165,000	95,315	90,359	(4,956)
Use of money and property	65,000	20,000	45,620	25,620
Transfers in	100,000	4,289,319	4,372,575	83,256
Amounts Available for Appropriation	7,224,120	11,298,754	11,402,674	103,920
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	1,363,950	1,467,550	1,358,110	109,440
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,363,950	1,467,550	1,358,110	109,440
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 5,860,170	\$ 9,831,204	\$ 10,044,564	\$ 213,360

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEWER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 10,496,416	\$ 10,496,416	\$ 10,496,416	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Special assessments	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,276,552	26,552
Use of money and property	100,000	45,000	67,714	22,714
Amounts Available for Appropriation	11,846,416	11,791,416	11,840,682	49,266
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	2,360,000	2,360,000	568,149	1,791,851
Transfers out	<u></u> _	4,989,340	4,989,340	
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,360,000	7,349,340	5,557,489	1,791,851
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 9,486,416	\$ 4,442,076	\$ 6,283,193	\$ 1,841,117

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of equipment and services of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City uses the following Internal Service Funds:

<u>Equipment Replacement</u> – to account for the purchase and maintenance of vehicular equipment on behalf of all City departments.

<u>Insurance</u> – to account for the City's insurance activities.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Gov	al Ser	vice Funds			
	-	Equipment Replacement		Insurance		Totals
Assets:						
Current assets:	ф <u>о</u>	406 400	\$	240 700	Φ	2.645.000
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 2	,426,190 6	Φ	219,799	\$	2,645,989 6
Interest receivable		5,876		322		6,198
Prepaid items		-		438,144		438,144
				,		
Total current assets	2	,432,072		658,265		3,090,337
Capital assets						
Machinery and equipment	2	910,758		_		2,910,758
Furniture and fixutres	_	189,163		_		189,163
Vehicles		836,141		-		836,141
Less accumulated depreciation	(3	,327,289)		-		(3,327,289)
Net capital assets		608,773				608,773
Total assets	\$ 3	,040,845	\$	658,265	\$	3,699,110
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	48,515	\$	_	\$	48,515
. ,						<u> </u>
Total current liabilities		48,515				48,515
Total liabilities		48,515				48,515
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		608,773		_		608,773
Unrestricted	2	,383,557		658,265		3,041,822
		,000,001		300,200		3,011,022
Total net assets	2	,992,330		658,265		3,650,595
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 3.	,040,845	\$	658,265	\$	3,699,110
		,,		, , , , , , ,		-,,

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds						
	Equipment Replacement	Insurance	Totals				
Operating revenues:	•						
Charges for services Other	\$ 305,155	\$ 380,000 43,446	\$ 685,155 43,446				
Guior		10,110	10,110				
Total Operating Revenues	305,155	423,446	728,601				
Operating Expenses:							
Materials and supplies	11,753	<u>-</u>	11,753				
General liability insurance	-	483,527	483,527				
Property and vehicle insurance Depreciation	319,042	15,898 	15,898 319,042				
Total Operating Expenses	330,795	499,425	830,220				
Operating Income (Loss)	(25,640)	(75,979)	(101,619)				
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Interest revenue	16,850	3,161	20,011				
Capital contributions from other funds	423,232	-	423,232				
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	4,882		4,882				
Total Nonoperating							
Revenues (Expenses)	444,964	3,161	448,125				
Net income before transfers	419,324	(72,818)	346,506				
Transfers in		158,110	158,110				
Change in net assets	419,324	85,292	504,616				
Net Assets:							
Beginning of Year	2,573,006	572,973	3,145,979				
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 2,992,330	\$ 658,265	\$ 3,650,595				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	G	overnmental <i>i</i>	ties - Interna	al Service Funds		
		Equipment				T.4.1.
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		eplacement		nsurance		Totals
Cash received from user departments	\$	305,236	\$	393,446	\$	698,682
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		10,602		(498,200)		(487,598)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		315,838		(104,754)		211,084
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Cash transfers in				158,110		158,110
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities				158,110		158,110
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(132,971)		-		(132,971)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		4,882				4,882
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(128,089)				(128,089)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Interest received		16,753		3,315		20,068
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		16,753		3,315		20,068
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		204,502		56,671		261,173
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,221,688		163,128		2,384,816
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	2,426,190	\$	219,799	\$	2,645,989
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(25,640)	\$	(75,979)	\$	(101,619)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	<u> </u>	(20,010)		(10,010)		(101,010)
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		240.042				240.042
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		319,042 81		-		319,042 81
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		-		1,225		1,225
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		22,355		- (00.000)		22,355
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments				(30,000)		(30,000)
Total Adjustments		341,478		(28,775)		312,703
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	315,838	\$	(104,754)	\$	211,084
Non-Cash Capital Activity: Equipment acquisitions funded by governmental funds	\$	423,232	\$	_	\$	423,232
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	, -			•	, -

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, other governments and/or other funds. The City uses the following Agency Funds:

<u>Special Deposits Fund</u> – to account for monies held by the City for various special deposits.

 $\underline{\text{Police Property/Evidence Fund}} \ - \ \text{to account for monies seized mostly from drug sales and from unclaimed property held by the City.}$

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

		Special eposits	Pi	Police roperty ridence	Totals				
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	145,093	\$	10,998	\$	156,091			
Total Assets	\$	145,093	\$	10,998	\$	156,091			
Liabilities: Deposit	_\$	145,093	\$	10,998	\$	156,091			
Total Liabilities	\$	145,093	\$	10,998	\$	156,091			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Balance ly 1, 2010	Additions				Balance June 30, 2011	
Special Deposits								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	117,721	\$	58,706	\$	31,334	\$	145,093
Total Assets	\$	117,721	\$	58,706	\$	31,334	\$	145,093
Liabilities:	•				•		•	
Accounts payable	\$	8,360	\$	22,974	\$	31,334	\$	-
Deposits Total Liabilities	\$	109,361 117,721	\$	56,832 79,806	\$	21,100 52,434	\$	145,093 145,093
Total Liabilities	Ψ	111,121	Ψ	13,000	Ψ	32,434	Ψ	143,093
Police Property Evidence								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	10,899	\$	99	\$	-	\$	10,998
Total Assets	\$	10,899	\$	99	\$		\$	10,998
Liabilities:								
Deposits	\$	10,899	\$	99	\$	-	\$	10,998
Total Liabilities	\$	10,899	\$	99	\$		\$	10,998
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	128,620	\$	58,805	\$	31,334	\$	156,091
Total Assets	\$	128,620	\$	58,805	\$	31,334	\$	156,091
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	8,360	\$	22,974	\$	31,334	\$	-
Deposits	_	120,260	_	56,931	_	21,100	_	156,091
Total Liabilities	\$	128,620	\$	79,905	\$	52,434	\$	156,091

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Palos Verdes Estates' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a contest for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	76-79
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	80-88
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's financial activities take place.	89-90
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place	91-92
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	93-95
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived	

from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$47,896	\$47,431	\$50,376	\$55,508	\$ 61,847	\$60,831	\$59,719	\$56,687	\$54,677
Resticted	2,912	2,067	1,959	1,979	1,593	1,324	1,720	2,050	8,254
Unresitricted	22,335	23,898	23,315	23,794	24,773	26,189	27,067	28,931	23,738
Total governmental activities net assets	\$73,143	\$73,396	\$75,650	\$81,281	\$88,213	\$88,344	\$88,506	\$87,668	\$86,669
Primary government									
Invested in acpital assets, net of related debt	\$47,896	\$47,431	\$50,376	\$55,508	\$ 61,847	\$60,831	\$59,719	\$56,687	\$54,677
Restricted	2,912	2,067	1,959	1,979	1,593	1,324	1,720	2,050	8,254
Unrestricted	22,335	23,898	23,315	23,794	24,773	26,189	27,067	28,931	23,738
Total primary government net asset	\$73,143	\$73,396	\$75,650	\$81,281	\$ 88,213	\$88,344	\$88,506	\$87,668	\$86,669

^{*} The City of Palos Verdes Estates implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Additional years will be provided as such information becomes available.

Changes in Net Assets

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 1,619	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,361	\$ 1,385	\$ 1,458	\$ 1,504	\$ 1,693	\$ 1,592	\$ 1,699
Public safety	6,499	7,182	7,488	8,284	8,443	8,899	9,554	9,536	9,770
Public works	3,717	4,511	3,199	4,846	5,851	4,588	4,327	4,887	4,299
Parks and recreation	1,449	1,287	1,091	1,336	1,370	2,721	2,808	2,821	2,892
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 13,284	\$14,465	\$13,139	\$15,851	\$ 17,122	\$17,712	\$18,382	\$ 18,836	\$18,660
Program revenues:									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$ 65	\$ 55	\$ 57	\$ 54	\$ 68	\$ 56	\$ 63	\$ 68	\$ 66
Public safety	3,031	3,114	3,290	3,403	3,565	3,714	3,902	4,071	4,291
Public works	1,315	1,387	1,188	1,242	1,539	1,265	852	978	1,477
Parks and recreation	769	803	776	727	833	989	1,008	987	992
Operating grants and contributions	838	834	927	1,053	1,188	907	1,113	1,291	1,021
Capital grants and contributions	689	1,824	2,167	7,571	8,703	2,522	3,656	2,012	1,377
Total governmental activities program revenues	6,707	8,017	8,405	14,050	15,896	9,453	10,594	9,407	9,224
Net (expense)/revenue	\$ (6,577)	\$ (6,448)	\$ (4,734)	\$ (1,801)	\$ (1,226)	\$ (8,259)	\$ (7,788)	\$ (9,429)	\$ (9,436)
General revenues and other changes in net asset	s:								
Governmental activities:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$ 3,715	\$ 4,066	\$ 4,287	\$ 4,715	\$ 5,157	\$ 5,390	\$ 5,661	\$ 5,695	\$ 5,743
Utility users tax	2,879	18	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales and use taxes	328	364	369	389	428	406	340	309	319
Franchise taxes and other taxes	772	839	828	850	891	886	850	813	961
Motor vehicle in lieu tax (unrestricted)	795	638	1,080	1,006	1,020	1,052	1,092	1,107	1,127
Investment income	192	63	191	335	544	456	241	97	208
Miscellaneous	116	149	230	136	118	200	80	491	79
Contribution from other entities	441	564	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary item- settlement of									
insurance litigation	4,989	*							
Total General Revenue and Extraordinary Item	14,227	6,701	6,987	7,431	8,158	8,390	8,264	8,512	8,437
Change in Net Assets	\$ 7,650	\$ 253	\$ 2,253	\$ 5,630	\$ 6,932	\$ 131	\$ 476	\$ (917)	\$ (999)

The City of Palos Verdes Estates implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

Information prior to the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Additional years will be provided as such information becomes available.

^{*} Proceeds from the Bluff Cove were transferred from the general capital improvement fund to the sewer fund.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011*
General fund:									
Reserved	\$ 15	\$ 5	\$ 35	\$ 19	\$ 6	\$ 37	\$ 4	\$ 57	
Unreserved	5,884	6,667	6,595	7,012	7,256	7,468	8,472	8,472	
Total general fund	\$ 5,899	\$ 6,672	\$ 6,630	\$ 7,031	\$ 7,262	\$ 7,505	\$ 8,476	\$ 8,529	
All other governmental funds:									
Reserved	\$ 301	\$ 405	\$ 144	\$ 53	\$ 332	\$ 330	\$ 328	\$ 335	
Unreserved, reported in:									
Designated for capital projects	6,181	5,904	3,963	3,640	2,371	2,709	1,857	291	
Special revenue funds	2,611	2,172	2,337	2,493	1,717	1,436	2,064	1,716	
Capital projects funds	15,517	16,097	15,409	15,189	16,008	14,190	14,901	17,099	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 24 610	¢ 24 579	\$ 21,853	¢ 21 375	¢ 20.428	\$ 18,665	\$10.150	\$10.441	
rotal all other governmental funds	\$24,610	\$ 24,578	\$ 21,000	\$ 21,375	\$ 20,428	\$ 10,000	\$19,150	\$19,441	
General fund:									
Nonspendable									\$ 65
Restricted									-
Committed									7,200
Assigned									957
Unassigned									1,111
Total general fund									\$ 9,333
All other governmental funds:									
Nonspendable									\$ 331
Restricted									7,861
Committed									-
Assigned									-
Unassigned									10,106
Total all other governmental funds									\$18,298

The City of Palos Verdes Estates has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule. * GASB 54 has been implemented in fiscal year 2011

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues:									
Property Tax	\$ 3,715	\$ 4,066	\$ 4,288	\$ 4,715	\$ 5,157	\$ 5,390	\$ 5,661	\$ 5,695	\$ 5,693
Special assessment	2,799	4,223	4,390	4,617	4,594	4,924	5,140	5,098	5,316
Utility user tax	2,880	18	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other taxes	1,321	1,433	1,383	1,474	1,532	1,479	1,385	1,378	1,574
Licenses and permits	658	726	583	574	784	654	545	514	625
Fines and forfeitures	182	201	169	181	177	191	190	181	210
Use of money and agencies	1,219	1,099	1,310	1,588	2,093	2,058	1,639	1,300	1,175
Revenues from other agencies	1,781	1,519	1,882	1,895	2,027	1,771	3,088	2,155	2,051
Charges for services	765	734	708	756	860	678	410	549	501
Miscellaneous	124	173	254	383	135	323	89	975	79
Total revenues	15,444	14,192	14,969	16,183	17,359	17,468	18,147	17,845	17,224
Expenditures									
General government	1,388	1,377	1,307	1,317	1,475	1,437	1,561	1,536	1,595
Public safety	6,638	7,408	7,479	8,285	8,813	8,893	9,504	10,877	10,805
Public works	3,449	3,658	6,122	5,395	5,557	5,164	4,514	4,014	3,913
Parks and recreation	1,130	925	886	940	952	1,123	1,113	1,074	1,091
Total expenditures	12,605	13,368	15,794	15,937	16,797	16,617	16,692	17,501	17,404
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	2,839	824	(825)	246	562	851	1,455	344	(180)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	8,521	824	1,762	891	2,326	1,709	541	563	5,357
Transfers out	(8,521)	(824)	(1,762)	(891)	(2,335)	(1,709)	(541)	(563)	(5,515)
Total other financing sources (uses)					(9)				(158)
Extraordinary itan cattlement									
Extraordinary iten- settlement in insurance litigation	4,989	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
modranoe migation	,000								
Net change in fund balances	\$ 7,828	\$ 824	\$ (825)	\$ 246	\$ 553	\$ 851	\$ 1,455	\$ 344	\$ (338)

The City of Palos Verdes Estates has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

Selected Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Pr	roperty Tax	Utili	ty Users Tax	Sales and Use Tax	Franchise and Other Taxes	Motor Vehicle in Lieu Tax	Total
2002	\$	3,433,933	\$	2,608,640	\$ 238,646	\$ 355,790	\$ 759,724	\$ 7,396,733
2003		3,714,562		2,879,526	328,119	771,668	794,616	8,488,491
2004		4,066,440		17,885	363,931	838,457	638,145	5,924,858
2005		4,287,637		1,703	369,132	828,572	1,080,711	6,567,755
2006		4,715,003		-	388,514	850,227	1,005,877	6,959,621
2007		5,157,262		-	428,381	891,940	1,020,034	7,497,617
2008		5,389,989		-	406,517	886,129	1,051,782	7,734,417
2009		5,661,511		-	339,894	850,419	1,091,887	7,943,711
2010		5,694,990		-	309,252	813,086	1,107,133	7,924,461
2011		5,742,916		-	319,346	961,648	1,126,570	8,150,480

Source: City Finance Department

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

	Real Property		Pers	onal Property					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Property		mmercial roperty		Other	Tax	Less: Exempt Real roperty	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2002	\$3,114,644	\$	34,917	\$	5,991	\$	5,189	\$ 3,150,363	0.1135%
2003	3,327,768		35,366		5,068		4,557	3,363,645	0.1135%
2004	3,597,540		35,340		5,040		7,425	3,630,495	0.1135%
2005	3,876,638		34,912		6,251		7,375	3,910,426	0.1135%
2006	4,190,644		36,770		4,576		7,614	4,224,376	0.1130%
2007	4,535,247		43,176		3,880		3,744	4,578,559	0.1130%
2008	4,790,155		40,470		5,049		7,269	4,828,405	0.1130%
2009	5,057,668		40,784		5,015		7,487	5,095,981	0.1130%
2010	5,159,361		44,987		5,492		7,136	5,202,704	0.1130%
2011	5,135,015		50,147		4,540		6,211	5,183,491	0.1130%

Note: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximim rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Data Source: Los Angeles County Assessor Combined Tax Rolls

Property Tax Rates

Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Per \$100 of Assessed Value)

		Direct Ra	ates							
Fiscal	City Direct	LA County ERAF/Palos Verdes Library District/Palos Verdes Unified	Total General	Palos Verdes Penninsula Unified School	LA County Flood Control	Metropolitan Water	Palos Verdes Library	Los Angeles	Comm.	Total Direct Overlappin
Year	Rate	School District	Levy	District	District	District	District	County	College	g Rates
2002	0.1135	0.8865	1.00000	0.0155	0.0011	0.0077	0.0096	0.0011	0.0160	1.05100
2003	0.1135	0.8865	1.00000	0.0155	0.0009	0.0067	0.0097	0.0001	0.0146	1.04800
2004	0.1135	0.8865	1.00000	0.0150	0.0002	0.0058	0.0085	0.0009	0.0181	1.04850
2005	0.1135	0.8865	1.00000	0.0150	0.0002	0.0058	0.0085	0.0009	0.0181	1.04850
2006	0.1130	0.8870	1.00000	0.0195	0.0001	0.0052	0.0078	0.0008	0.0143	1.04770
2007	0.1130	0.8870	1.00000	0.0141	0.0001	0.0047	0.0073	0.0006	0.0215	1.04830
2008	0.1130	0.8870	1.00000	0.0197	-	0.0045	0.0068	-	0.0088	1.03990
2009	0.1130	0.8870	1.00000	0.0201	-	0.0043	0.0068	-	0.0221	1.05330
2010	0.1130	0.8870	1.00000	0.0216	-	0.0043	0.0068	-	0.0231	1.05560
2011	0.1130	0.8870	1.00000	0.0225	-	0.0037	0.0067	-	0.0403	1.07320

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor Controller's Office.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2011			2002	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Tei Fu Chen Trust	\$ 30,665,382	1	0.59%	\$ 20,675,401	1	0.65%
Jose A. and Brigitte Collazo Trust	15,045,048	2	0.29%	7,795,232	7	0.24%
Masafumi Miyamoto	13,841,534	3	0.27%	11,857,162	3	0.37%
Jason and Wendy Moskowitz Trust	11,374,640	4	0.22%	8,707,380	4	0.27%
Jackson and Julie Yang	11,232,119	5	0.22%			
Richard C. Lundquist Trust	10,609,686	6	0.20%			
Hussain M. Shaikh	9,600,000	7	0.19%			
Yong G. Yan Trust	9,592,226	8	0.19%			
Timothy D. Armour Trust Del Mar Trust	9,300,000	9	0.18%			
Bernadette Chao Trust Mirabel Trust	9,202,476	10	0.18%	7,883,178	6	0.25%
Mashallah E. & Firouzeh E. Esfahani				13,815,188	2	0.43%
Ta Hsiung & Chyi Chuen Kao				7,953,184	5	0.25%
Robert A. & Kathleen M. Eckert				7,375,000	8	0.23%
Toyota Motor Sales USA Inc.				7,142,164	9	0.22%
Mastumoto Dental College of America				6,917,576	10	0.22%
	\$130,463,111		2.53%	\$ 100,121,465		3.13%

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected with Year of th				Total Collecti	ons to Date
Year Ended June 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Su	lections in bsequent Years (1)	Amount	Percent of Levy
2002	\$ 3,163,498	\$3,082,388	97.44%	\$	74,732	\$ 3,157,120	99.80%
2003	3,436,256	3,347,066	97.40%		79,585	3,426,651	99.72%
2004	3,709,834	3,628,027	97.79%		90,992	3,719,019	100.25%
2005	4,045,265	3,949,536	97.63%		78,642	4,028,178	99.58%
2006	4,392,166	4,278,192	97.41%		85,888	4,364,080	99.36%
2007	4,729,479	4,549,980	96.20%		91,585	4,641,565	98.14%
2008	5,065,255	4,810,980	94.98%		130,813	4,941,793	97.56%
2009	5,332,363	5,081,257	95.29%		223,255	5,304,512	99.48%
2010	5,430,923	5,243,610	96.55%		224,553	5,468,163	100.69%
2011	5,435,360	5,304,265	97.59%		186,381	5,490,647	101.02%

Note: 1- These are collections during the fiscal year for various prior year accounts. Specific fiscal year information not available.

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor Controller's Office.

CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES Taxable Property Subject to Fire Tax Last Five Fiscal Years

	Total Asses	sable	Real Property Square Footage		Speci	al Tax			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Parcels w/ Bldg Improvement	Vacant	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Total Square Footage	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Total	Total Direct Tax Rate
2007	5,089		14,901,919	246,593	15,148,512	\$ 3,267,135	\$ 40,911	\$3,308,046	\$240.32/parcel plus \$0.137641/sq.ft
2007	0	96	0	0	0	23,071	0	23,071	\$240.32/parcel
2008	5,097		15,027,563	246,593	15,274,156	3,424,361	42,629	3,466,990	\$250.41/parcel plus \$0.143422/sq.ft
2008	0	89	0	0	0	22,286	0	22,286	\$250.41/parcel
2009	5,106		15,116,737	246,593	15,363,330	3,583,877	44,419	3,628,296	\$260.93/parcel plus \$0.149446/sq.ft
2009	0	83	0	0	0	21,657	0	21,657	\$260.93/parcel
2010	5,120		15,230,913	246,593	15,477,506	3,755,995	46,285	3,802,280	\$271.89/parcel plus \$0.155723/sq/ft
2010	0	72	0	0	0	19,576	0	19,576	\$271.89/parcel
2011	5,121		15,299,417	246,890	15,546,307	3,924,997	48,276	3,973,273	\$283.30/parcel plus \$0.16226/sq.ft
2011	0	71	0	0	0	20,114	0	20,114	

Note:

The City annually levies on each eligible property a "special fire tax" to finance the cost of fire and paramedic services provided under contract by Los Angeles County. There are two components of the tax 1.) a flat rate per parcel and 2.) a cost per square foot of building improvement

Source:

Fire and Paramedic Services Special Tax Report prepared by NBS

Fire Tax Rates
Direct Government
Last Five Fiscal Years

	City Direct Tax Rate
2007	\$ 0.21990
2008	0.22840
2009	0.23760
2010	0.24690
2011	0.25690

Note: Fire Tax Rate: The direct tax rate is computed by dividing the total tax levy by total square feet of building area subject to the tax. There are no overlapping rates applicable to this revenue.

Principal Special Fire Taxpayers June 30, 2011

Current Year and Prior Year

		2011			
Property Owners	Building Square Footage Value	Special Fire Tax Assessed	Percentage of Building Square Footage		
Lunada Bay Investment Co.	36,478	\$ 6,202.22	0.23%		
Chen Tei Fu Co. Trust	29,678	5,098.84	0.19%		
Lunada Bay Apartments Ltd.	23,361	4,073.84	0.15%		
Plaza Palos Verdes LLC	23,203	4,048.20	0.15%		
38 parcels (special fire tax paid over \$2,000)	432,352	69,020.28	2.78%		
575 parcels (special fire tax paid between \$1,000-\$1,999)	3,373,810	547,434.41	21.70%		
4579 parcels (special fire tax paid less than \$1,000 each)	11,627,425	74.79%			
Total	15,546,307	\$2,522,543.77	100.00%		

Principal Special Fire Taxpayers June 30, 2011

Current Year and Prior Year

	2010						
Property Owners	Building Square Footage Value	Special Fire Tax Assessed	Percentage of Building Square Footage				
Lunada Bay Investment Co.	36,478	\$ 5,952.35	0.24%				
Chen Tei Fu Co. Trust	26,650	4,421.91	0.17%				
Lunada Bay Apartments Ltd.	23,361	3,909.74	0.15%				
Plaza Palos Verdes LLC	23,203	3,885.13	0.15%				
33 parcels (special fire tax paid over \$2,000)	382,024	58,402.36	2.47%				
461 parcels (special fire tax paid between \$1,000-\$1,999)	2,874,465	447,620.34	18.57%				
4698 parcels (special fire tax paid less than \$1,000 each)	12,111,325	1,886,011.83	79.25%				
Total	15,477,506	\$ 2,410,203.66	100.00%				

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2011

2010-2011 Assessed Valuation: \$5,183,491,169

Governmental Unit	Outstanding Debt 6/30/11	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of			
Overlapping General Fund Debt (Note 1)						
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	\$ 1,496,977,775	0.567%	\$ 8,487,864			
Los Angeles County Superindendant of Schools COP'S	12,204,890	0.567%	69,202			
Los Angeles County Sanitation District-						
South Bay Authorities	9,201,462	16.617%	1,529,007			
Los Angeles County Sanitation District #5	54,005,754	0.566%	305,673			
Direct & Overlapping Tax & Assessment Debt (Note 2)						
Los Angeles Community College District	3,536,745,000	1.002%	35,438,185			
Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School District	80,877,350	29.733%	24,047,262			
Los Angeles Regional Park & Open Space						
Assessment District	197,285,000	0.567%	1,118,606			
Palos Verdes Library District	6,520,000	28.275%	1,843,530			
Metropolitan Water District	227,670,000	0.291%	662,520			
Los Angeles County Flood District	53,795,000	0.579%	310,935			
Subtotal, overlapping debt			73,812,784			
City direct debt			-			
Less: Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations supported by landfill revenues						
Net Total direct and overlapping debt			\$73,711,827			

Source: Callifornia Municipal Statistics

Note (1): Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. The schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments, that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Palos Verdes Estates. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this doe not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the country's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

Note (2): Paid with voter-approved direct assessment.

Legal Debt Margin Information June 30, 2011 (dollars in thousands)

Assessed value before homeowners exemption	\$ 5,183,401
Debt limit- 15% of assessed value Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	\$ 777,524 -
Legal debt margin	\$ 777,524

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt Limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$472,404	\$504,546	\$544,574 	\$586,564	\$ 633,657	\$686,784	\$724,261 	\$764,297 	\$780,406	\$777,524
Legal debt margin Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt	\$472,404	\$ 504,546	\$ 544,574	\$ 586,564	\$ 633,657	\$ 686,784	\$724,261	\$ 764,297	\$ 780,406	\$777,524
limit	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Note:

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at

100% of market value (as of the msot recent change in ownership for that parcel).

Source: City Finance Department

CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	City Population	LA County Population (thousands) (2)	Personal Income (millions of dollars) (2)	Per Capital Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2002	13,757	12,691	412,753	32,522	1.3
2003	13,928	12,817	427,041	33,318	1.4
2004	14,086	12,899	453,901	35,188	1.3
2005	14,208	12,933	475,262	36,746	1
2006	14,041	12,867	505,197	39,011	0.9
2007	14,085	12,785	540,510	42,278	1
2008	14,046	12,768	555,450	42,916	1.5
2009	14,046	(1) 12,874	550,832	39,878	1.6
2010	14,085	(1) *	*	*	2.6
2011	13,480	(1) *	*	*	3.1

Sources:

- (1) California Department of Finance
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis (Los Angeles-Long Beach- Santa Ana MSA) data; no City data available
- (3) State of California Employment Development Department (City Data)
- * No data available

Principal Employers Current Year

Type of Business (1)	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Unified School District	597	1	62.38%
Concession Clubs			
Palos Verdes Golf Club	101	2	12.85%
Palos Verdes Beach & Athletic Club	16		
Palos Verdes Tennis Club	6		
City Government			
City of Palos Verdes Estates	57	3	5.96%
Real Estate and Escrow Companies	30	4	3.13%
Restaurants	22	5	2.30%
Total	829		86.62%

Source: City Finance Department

Note (1): The City is a residential community with two small commercial areas - Malaga Cove Plaza and Lunada Bay Plaza. The school district's administrative offices, as well as four schools are located in Palos Verdes Estates. The district employs administrative staff, teachers and other school employees. The most common businesses registered with the City and reporting empoyees are real estate/escrow companies and restaurants. The City has classified empoyers by type of business.

^{(2) &}quot;Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all employers located within City limits, not just those businesses listed.

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30, 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 Function/Program General Government: 8.88 Management services 8.88 8.88 8.88 8.88 9 9 9 9 9 2 2 Finance 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 **Building and Planning** 1.8 2 3 3 2.3 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 Other 4.28 4.78 4.78 4.77 4.77 4.57 4.64 4.64 4.09 5.27 Police: Sworn officers (2) 21 21 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 Service officers (3) 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 Street and Parks 5 5 5 5 5 5 5.5 5.5 6 6 Total 54.96 55.66 55.66 55.65 54.90 56.07 56.14 56.14 56.09 57.28

Source: City Finance Department

Notes:

- (1) The City contracts with the following:
 - a) Los Angeles County for fire and parmedic services
 - b) Charles Abott & Associates for building, planning and public works administrative services.
- (2) Chief of Police, 2 Captains and Secretary to the Chief are included in General Government Management services
- (3) Includes 1 Community Relations Officer

CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	Fiscal Year									
-	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Function/Program										
Police:										
Physical arrests	788	685	608	825	681	899	797	594	419	237
Parking violations	2,071	2,135	2,405	1,958	2,768	2,898	2,901	3,010	3,002	3,029
Moving violations	2,465	2,200	1,875	1,386	943	758	958	553	798	1,102
Building & Planning:										
Building permits issues	1,301	1,419	1,681	1,744	2,052	2,458	2,197	1,614	1,650	1,843
Total number of inspections	3,981	3,845	4,845	4,170	4,068	4,072	3,898	2,763	220	2,507
Grading applications	24	25	37	27	24	27	23	20	17	17.5
Neighborhood compatibility applications	59	79	58	71	64	57	49	35	32.5	33
Miscellaneous applications	15	30	20	22	23	30	34	44	53	38.50
Public Works:										
Public works permits	215	221	212	237	294	241	272	322	200	178
Street resurfacing (miles)	10.7	10.5	10.4	1.3	1.3	8.7	8.7	9.9	3.55	3.28

Source: City Departments

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Function/Program										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Streets (miles)	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
Sanitary sewers (miles)	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76
Storm drains (miles)	26	26	26	27	28.5	28.5	28.8	28.5	28.5	28.5
Recreastion facilities: (2)										
Golf	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stables	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis club	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Beach club	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: City Departments

Notes

- (1) No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.
- (2) Managed under individual concession agreements (property and equipment owned by City)

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