

# **Section 2**

# Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2017 for CalPERS

# **Miscellaneous Risk Pool**

Required Contributions for Fiscal Year July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020

# **Table of Contents**

Actuarial Certification	1
Highlights and Executive Summary	
Introduction	3
Purpose of Section 2	3
Risk Pool's Required Employer Contribution	4
Risk Pool's Normal Cost by Benefit Formula	4
Funded Status of the Risk Pool	4
Cost	5
Changes since the Prior Year's Valuation	5
Subsequent Events	6
Assets	
Reconciliation of Risk Pool's Market Value of Assets	8
Asset Allocation	9
CalPERS History of Investment Returns	10
Liabilities and Contributions	
Risk Pool's Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities	12
(Gain)/Loss Analysis 06/30/16 - 06/30/17	13
Risk Pool's Annual Required Contributions	14
Risk Pool's Contribution History	14
Funding History	14
Appendix A — Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	
Actuarial Data	A1
Actuarial Methods	A1 - A3
Actuarial Assumptions	A3 – A21
Miscellaneous	A22
Appendix B – Principal Plan Provisions	B1 <b>–</b> B9
Appendix C – Classification of Optional Benefits	C1 – C2
Appendix D – Participant Data	
Source of the Participant Data	D1
Data Validation Tests and Adjustments	D1
Summary of Valuation Data	D2
Active Members	D3
Transferred and Terminated Members	D4
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	D5 – D7
Distribution of Plan Costs by Benefit Formula	D8
Appendix E – Glossary of Actuarial Terms	E1 – E3

## **Actuarial Certification**

To the best of our knowledge, this **Section 2** report is complete and accurate and contains sufficient information to disclose, fully and fairly, the funded condition of the Miscellaneous Risk Pool. This valuation is based on the member and financial data as of June 30, 2017 provided by the various CalPERS databases and the benefits under this Risk Pool with CalPERS as of the date this report was produced. In the opinion of the actuaries whose signatures appear below, the valuation has been performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles, in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the assumptions and methods are internally consistent and reasonable for this risk pool, as prescribed by the CalPERS Board of Administration according to provisions set forth in the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The undersigned are CalPERS staff actuaries, members of both the American Academy of Actuaries and the Society of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

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# **Highlights and Executive Summary**

- Introduction
- Purpose of Section 2
- Risk Pool's Required Employer Contribution
- Risk Pool's Normal Cost by Benefit Formula
- Funded Status of the Risk Pool
- Cost
- Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation
- Subsequent Events

## Introduction

This Section 2 report presents the results of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation of the Miscellaneous Risk Pool of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). This report shows the Fiscal Year 2019-20 required employer normal cost contribution rates for plans participating in the risk pool.

The actuarial assumptions and methods used in CalPERS public agency valuations are approved by the Board of Administration upon the recommendation of the Chief Actuary. The individual pool actuaries whose signatures appear in the actuarial certification in this report do not set pool actuarial assumptions.

#### Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA)

On January 1, 2013, the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) took effect. In addition to creating new retirement formulas for newly hired members, PEPRA also effectively closed all existing active risk pools to new employees. As such, it is no longer appropriate to assume that the payroll of the risk pools for the classic formulas will continue to grow at 2.875 percent annually. Funding the promised pension benefits as a percentage of payrolls would lead to the underfunding of the plans. In addition, the current allocation of the existing unfunded liabilities based on payroll would create equity issues for employers within the risk pools. Furthermore, the declining payroll of the classic formula risk pools will lead to unacceptable levels of employer contribution volatility.

In order to address these issues, the CalPERS Board of Administration approved at their May 21, 2014 meeting structural changes to the risk pools. All pooled plans are combined into two active risk pools: one for all miscellaneous groups and one for all safety groups. By combining the risk pools this way, the payroll of the risk pools and the employers within the risk pools can be expected to increase at the assumed 2.875 percent annual growth. This change will allow the continuation of the current level percent of payroll amortization schedule.

# **Purpose of Section 2**

This Actuarial Valuation for the Miscellaneous Risk Pool of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) was performed by CalPERS' staff actuaries using data as of June 30, 2017 in order to:

- Set forth the actuarial assets and accrued liabilities of this risk pool as of June 30, 2017
- Determine the minimum required contribution rate of the pool for the fiscal year July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020
- Provide actuarial information as of June 30, 2017 to the CalPERS Board of Administration and other interested parties

The pension funding information presented in this report should not be used in financial reports subject to GASB Statement No. 68 for a Cost Sharing Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan. A separate accounting valuation report for such purposes is available from CalPERS and details for ordering are available on our website.

The measurements shown in this actuarial valuation may not be applicable for other purposes. The employer should contact their actuary before disseminating any portion of this report for any reason that is not explicitly described above.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; changes in actuarial policies; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

# **Risk Pool's Required Employer Contribution**

Contr	ibution in Projected Dollars	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2019-20
a)	Risk Pool's Normal Cost	\$ 363,403,777	\$ 430,072,060
b)	Employee Contribution	154,192,108	179,394,337
c)	Risk Pool's Gross Employer Normal Cost [(a) - (b)]	\$ 209,211,669	\$ 250,677,723
d)	Payment on Risk Pool's Amortization Bases	239,409,456	282,330,885
e)	Total Required Employer Contribution* [(c) + (d)]  * Total may not add up due to rounding	\$ 239,409,456	\$ 533,008,608

# **Risk Pool's Normal Cost by Benefit Formula**

			Benefit	Formula		
Normal Cost Contribution as Percentage of Projected Payroll for Fiscal Year 2019-20	2% at 62	2% at 60	2% at 55	2.5% at 55	2.7% at 55	3% at 60
1) Total Normal Cost Contribution	13.735%	14.996%	16.586%	18.774%	20.468%	21.476%
2) Expected Employee Contribution	<u>6.750%</u>	<u>6.915%</u>	<u>6.906%</u>	<u>7.951%</u>	<u>7.954%</u>	<u>7.784%</u>
3) Total Employer Normal Cost Base Benefit [(1)-(2)]	6.985%	8.081%	9.680%	10.823%	12.514%	13.692%

Class 1 benefits as provided in Appendix C-1 are in addition to these costs.

# **Funded Status of the Risk Pool**

		June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
1.	Present Value of Projected Benefits	\$ 17,510,837,713	\$ 18,999,994,902
2.	Entry Age Normal Accrued Liability	\$ 14,775,287,594	\$ 15,944,026,687
3.	Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$ 10,897,707,800	\$ 12,162,131,074
4.	Unfunded Liability [(2) - (3)]	3,877,579,794	3,781,895,613
5.	Funded Ratio [(3) / (2)]	73.8%	76.3%

The funded status shown above is the average for all plans in the risk pool. The funded status of an individual plan can be found in its Section 1 report.

This measure of funded status is an assessment of the need for future employer contributions based on the selected actuarial cost method used to fund the plans. The UAL is the present value of future employer contributions for service that has already been earned and is in addition to future normal cost contributions for active members. For a measure of funded status that is appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover estimated termination liabilities, please see "Hypothetical Termination Liability" in the "Risk Analysis" section within the Section 1 report.

## Cost

#### **Actuarial Cost Estimates in General**

What is the cost of the pension plan?

Contributions to fund the pension plan are comprised of two components:

- The Normal Cost, expressed as a percentage of total active payroll.
- The Amortization of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL), expressed as a dollar amount.

The Amortization of UAL component is expressed as a dollar amount and will be invoiced on a monthly basis. There will be an option to prepay this amount during July of each fiscal year.

The Normal Cost component will continue to be expressed as a percentage of active payroll with employer and employee contributions payable as part of the regular payroll reporting process.

The determination of both components requires complex actuarial calculations. The calculations are based on a set of actuarial assumptions which can be divided into two categories:

- Demographic assumptions (which includes mortality rates, retirement rates, employment termination rates, disability rates)
- Economic assumptions (which includes future investment earnings, inflation, salary growth rates)

These assumptions reflect CalPERS best estimate of the future experience of the plan and are long term in nature. We recognize that all the assumptions will not be realized in any given year. For example, the investment earnings at CalPERS have averaged 6.55 percent over the 20 years ending June 30, 2017, yet individual fiscal year returns have ranged from -24 percent to +21.7 percent. In addition, CalPERS reviews all the actuarial assumptions on an ongoing basis by conducting in-depth experience studies every four years, with the most recent experience study completed in 2017.

# **Changes since the Prior Year's Valuation**

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

On December 21, 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration lowered the discount rate from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent using a three-year phase-in beginning with the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation. The minimum employer contribution for Fiscal Year 2019-20 determined in this valuation was calculated using a discount rate of 7.25 percent. The projected employer contributions on Page 5 are calculated assuming that the discount rate will be lowered to 7.00 percent next year as adopted by the Board. The decision to reduce the discount rate was primarily based on reduced capital market assumptions provided by external investment consultants and CalPERS investment staff. The specific decision adopted by the Board reflected recommendations from CalPERS staff and additional input from employer and employee stakeholder groups. Based on the investment allocation adopted by the Board and capital market assumptions, the reduced discount rate assumption provides a more realistic assumption for the long-term investment return of the fund.

On December 19, 2017, the CalPERS Board of Administration adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the recommendations in the December 2017 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study reviewed the retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates, rates of salary increases and inflation assumption for Public Agencies. These new assumptions are incorporated in this actuarial valuation and will impact the required contribution for FY 2019-20. In addition, the Board adopted a new asset portfolio as part of its Asset Liability Management. The new asset mix supports a 7.00 percent discount rate. The reduction of the inflation assumption will be implemented in two steps in conjunction with the decreases in the discount rate. For the June 30, 2017 valuation an inflation rate of 2.625 percent will be used and a rate of 2.50 percent will be used in the following valuation.

Notwithstanding the Board's decision to phase into a 7.0 percent discount rate, subsequent analysis of the expected investment return of CalPERS assets or changes to the investment allocation may result in a change to this three-year discount rate schedule.

# **Subsequent Events**

The CalPERS Board of Administration has adopted a new amortization policy effective with the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. The new policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed using a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy removes the 5-year ramp-up and ramp-down on UAL bases attributable to assumption changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy removes the 5-year ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes will apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019.

For inactive employers the new amortization policy imposes a maximum amortization period of 15 years for all unfunded accrued liabilities effective June 30, 2017. Furthermore, the plan actuary has the ability to shorten the amortization period on any valuation date based on the life expectancy of plan members and projected cash flow needs to the plan. The impact of this has been reflected in the current valuation results.

The contribution requirements determined in this actuarial valuation report are based on demographic and financial information as of June 30, 2017. Changes in the value of assets subsequent to that date are not reflected. Investment returns below the assumed rate of return will increase the retired contribution, while investment returns above the assumed rate of return will decrease the retired contribution.

This actuarial valuation report reflects statutory changes, regulatory changes and CalPERS Board actions through January 2018. Any subsequent changes or actions are not reflected.

# **Assets**

- Reconciliation of Risk Pool's Market Value of Assets
- Asset Allocation
- CalPERS History of Investment Returns

# **Reconciliation of Risk Pool's Market Value of Assets**

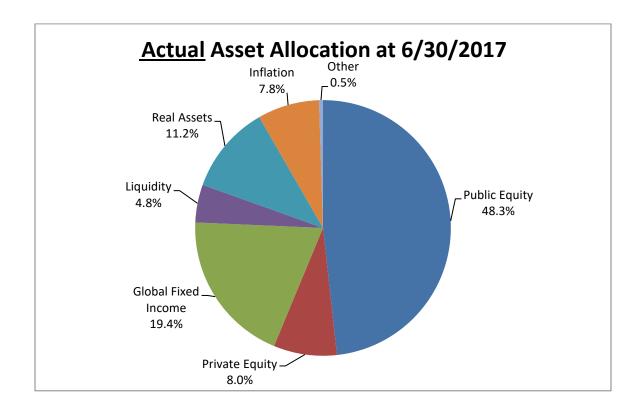
1.	Market Value of Assets as of June 30, 2016 Including Receivables	\$ 10,897,707,800
2.	Change in Receivables for Service Buybacks	(1,954,559)
3.	Employer Contributions	473,687,279
4.	Employee Contributions	138,143,422
5.	Benefit Payments to Retirees and Beneficiaries	(651,271,299)
6.	Refunds	(12,240,557)
7.	Lump Sum Payments	0
8.	Transfers and Miscellaneous Adjustments	98,907,237
9.	Net Investment Return	1,219,151,751
10.	Market Value of Assets as of June 30, 2017 Including Receivables	\$ 12,162,131,074

## **Asset Allocation**

CalPERS adheres to an Asset Allocation Strategy which establishes asset class allocation policy targets and ranges, and manages those asset class allocations within their policy ranges. CalPERS Investment Belief No. 6 recognizes that strategic asset allocation is the dominant determinant of portfolio risk and return. On December 19, 2017, the CalPERS Board of Administration adopted changes to the current asset allocation as shown in the Policy Target Allocation below expressed as a percentage of total assets.

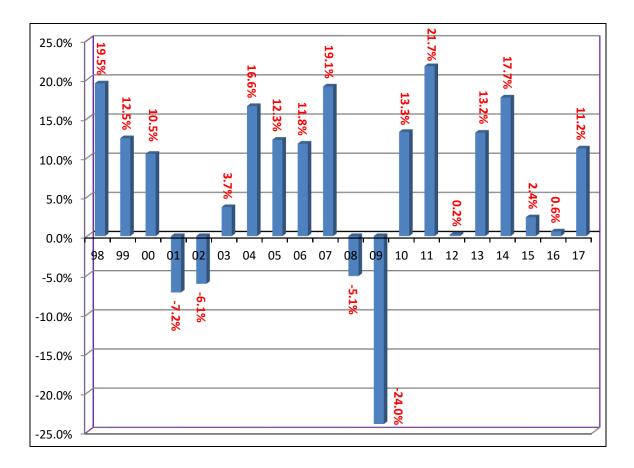
The asset allocation and market value of assets shown below reflect the values of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF) in its entirety as of June 30, 2017.

(A) Asset Class	(B) Market Value (\$ Billion)	(C) Policy <u>Target</u> Allocation
Public Equity	156.2	50.0%
Private Equity	25.9	8.0%
Global Fixed Income	62.9	28.0%
Liquidity	15.5	1.0%
Real Assets	36.3	13.0%
Inflation Sensitive Assets	25.3	0.0%
Other	1.6	0.0%
Total Fund	\$323.7	100.0%



# **CalPERS History of Investment Returns**

The following is a chart with the 20-year historical annual returns of the Public Employees Retirement Fund for each fiscal year ending on June 30. Beginning in 2002, the figures are reported as gross of fees.



The table below shows historical geometric mean annual returns of the Public Employees Retirement Fund for various time periods ending on June 30, 2017 (figures are reported as gross of fees). The geometric mean rate of return is the average rate per period compounded over multiple periods. It should be recognized that in any given year the rate of return is volatile. The portfolio has an expected volatility of 11.4 percent per year based on the most recent Asset Liability Modelling study. The volatility is a measure of the risk of the portfolio expressed in the standard deviation of the fund's total return distribution, expressed as a percentage. Consequently, when looking at investment returns, it is more instructive to look at returns over longer time horizons.

History of CalPERS Geometric Mean Rates of Return and Volatilities							
	1 year	5 year	10 year	20 year	30 year		
Geometric Return	11.2%	8.8%	4.3%	6.6%	8.2%		
Volatility	_	7.3%	13.4%	11.5%	10.1%		

# **Liabilities and Contributions**

- Risk Pool's Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities
- (Gain)/Loss Analysis 06/30/16 06/30/17
- Risk Pool's Annual Required Contributions
- Risk Pool's Contribution History
- Funding History

# **Risk Pool's Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities**

1.	Present Value of Projected Benefits  a) Active Members  b) Transferred Members  c) Separated Members  d) Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments  e) Total	\$	June 30, 2016 8,234,892,967 1,151,305,295 412,562,586 7,712,076,865 17,510,837,713	\$	June 30, 2017 8,822,936,572 1,231,985,318 529,139,286 8,415,933,726 18,999,994,902
2. 3.	Present Value of Future Employer Normal Costs Present Value of Future Employee Contributions	\$ \$	1,512,368,958 1,223,181,161	\$ \$	1,730,257,540 1,325,710,675
4.	Entry Age Normal Accrued Liability a) Active Members [(1a) - (2) - (3)] b) Transferred Members (1b) c) Separated Members (1c) d) Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments (1d) e) Total	\$	5,499,342,848 1,151,305,295 412,562,586 7,712,076,865 14,775,287,594	\$	5,766,968,357 1,231,985,318 529,139,286 8,415,933,726 15,944,026,687
5. 6. 7.	Market Value of Assets (MVA) Including Receivables Unfunded Accrued Liability [(4e) - (5)] Funded Ratio [(5) / (4e)]	\$	10,897,707,800 3,877,579,794 73.8%	\$	12,162,131,074 3,781,895,613 76.3%

# (Gain)/Loss Analysis 06/30/16 - 06/30/17

To calculate the cost requirements of the pool, assumptions are made about future events that affect the amount and timing of benefits to be paid and assets to be accumulated. Each year, actual experience is compared to the expected experience based on the actuarial assumptions. This results in actuarial gains or losses, as shown below.

1.	Total	(Gain)/Loss for the Year		
	a)	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) as of 06/30/16	\$	3,877,579,794
	b)	Expected Payment on the UAL during FY 2016-17		237,492,245
	c)	Interest through $06/30/17$ [.07375 x (1a) - ((1.07375) <sup>1/2</sup> - 1) x (1b)]		277,369,757
	d)	Expected UAL before all other changes [(1a) - (1b) + (1c)]		3,917,457,306
	e)	Change due to plan Amendments		0
	f)	Change due to plan Golden Handshakes and Service Purchases		668,327
	g)	Transfers Out of Risk Pool		6,520,721
	h)	Transfers into Risk Pool		47,506,276
	i)	Change due to assumption change		260,877,994
	j)	Expected UAL after all other changes $[(1d+(1e)+(1f)-(1g)+(1h)+(1i)]$		4,219,989,182
	k)	Actual UAL as of 06/30/17	_	3,781,895,613
	l)	Total (Gain)/Loss for 2016-17 [(1k) - (1j)]	\$	(438,093,569)
2.	Accot	(Gain)/Loss for the Year		
۷.	<b>a</b> )	Market Value of Assets as of 06/30/16, Including Receivables	\$	10,897,707,800
	b)	Transfers Out of Pool	Ψ	(43,548,900)
	c)	Transfers into Pool		108,508,811
	d)	Adjusted MVA at beginning of year [(2a) + (2b) + (2c)]		10,962,667,711
	e)	Receivables PY		(25,882,805)
	f)	Receivables CY		23,928,246
	g)	Contributions Received		611,830,701
	h)	Benefits and Refunds Paid		(663,511,856)
	i)	Transfers and Miscellaneous Adjustments		33,947,326
	j)	Expected Int. $[.07375 \times ((2d)+(2e)) + ((1.07375)^{1/2} - 1) \times ((2g)+(2h)+(2i))$	))]	805,945,584
	k)	Expected Assets as of $06/30/17$ [(2d)+(2e)+(2f)+(2g)+(2h)+(2i)+(2j)]		11,748,924,907
	l)	Market Value of Assets as of 06/30/17, Including Receivables		12,162,131,074
	m)	Asset (Gain)/Loss [(2k) - (2l)]	\$	(413,206,167)
3.	Liahil	ity (Gain)/Loss for the Year		
٥.		Total (Gain)/Loss (11)	\$	(438,093,569)
	b)	Asset (Gain)/Loss (2m)	٣	(413,206,167)
	c)	Liability (Gain)/Loss [(3a) - (3b)]	\$	(24,887,402)
	٠,		٣	(2.700,7.02)

Items 1i, 2m, and 3c above were allocated on a proportional basis to each individual risk pooled plan. The allocation of each plan's share of the UAL is developed in Section 1 of the report.

Differences between the (gains)/losses shown on this page and the ones used for allocating a plan's (gains)/losses on Section 1 Page 8 is attributed to plans that transferred into pool as non-pooled plans. (Gains)/losses on this page include (gains)/losses incurred by the transferred plans during the year, whereas the numbers used for plan allocation on Section 1 Page 8 do not.

# **Risk Pool's Annual Required Contributions**

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2018-19	2019-20
1. Contribution in Projected Dollars		
a) Total Normal Cost	\$ 363,403,777	\$ 430,072,060
b) Employee Contribution	<u>154,192,108</u>	179,394,337
c) Risk Pool's Employer Normal Cost [(1a) - (1b)]	\$ 209,211,669	\$ 250,677,723
d) Payment on Pool's Amortization Bases	\$ <u>239,409,456</u>	\$ <u>282,330,885</u>
e) Total Required Employer Contributions [(1c) + (1d)]	\$ 239,409,456	\$ 533,008,608
2. Annual Covered Payroll as of Valuation Date	\$ 2,153,642,973	\$ 2,277,295,097
3. Projected Payroll for Contribution Fiscal Year	\$ 2,353,343,825	\$ 2,479,412,897

# **Risk Pool's Contribution History**

Valuation Date	Total Employer Normal Cost	Payments on Risk Pool's Amortization Bases	Total Employer Contribution
06/30/2013	\$196,320,163	\$160,711,302	\$357,031,465
06/30/2014	\$191,941,367	\$175,416,476	\$367,357,843
06/30/2015	\$194,813,943	\$201,429,027	\$396,242,970
06/30/2016	\$209,211,669	\$239,409,456	\$448,621,125
06/30/2017	\$250,677,723	\$282,330,885	\$533,008,608

# **Funding History**

Valuation Date	Accrued Liabilities (AL)	Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Unfunded Accrued Liabilities (UAL)	Funded Ratio (MVA/AL)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAL as a % of Payroll
06/30/2013	\$11,805,627,557	\$9,093,458,815	\$2,712,168,742	77.0%	\$1,909,639,449	142.0%
06/30/2014	\$13,137,020,035	\$10,686,754,939	\$2,450,265,096	81.3%	\$1,982,241,289	123.6%
06/30/2015	\$13,889,938,645	\$10,919,134,771	\$2,970,803,874	78.6%	\$2,055,683,261	144.5%
06/30/2016	\$14,775,287,594	\$10,897,707,800	\$3,877,579,794	73.8%	\$2,153,642,973	180.0%
06/30/2017	\$15,944,026,687	\$12,162,131,074	\$3,781,895,613	76.3%	\$2,277,295,097	166.1%

# **Appendices**

- Appendix A Actuarial Methods and Assumptions
- Appendix B Principal Plan Provisions
- Appendix C Classification of Optional Benefits
- Appendix D Participant Data
- Appendix E Glossary of Actuarial Terms

# **Appendix A**

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

- Actuarial Data
- Actuarial Methods
- Actuarial Assumptions
- Miscellaneous

## **Actuarial Data**

As stated in the Actuarial Certification, the data which serves as the basis of this valuation has been obtained from the various CalPERS databases. We have reviewed the valuation data and believe that it is reasonable and appropriate in aggregate. We are unaware of any potential data issues that would have a material effect on the results of this valuation, except that data does not always contain the latest salary information for former members now in reciprocal systems and does not recognize the potential for unusually large salary deviation in certain cases such as elected officials. Therefore, salary information in these cases may not be accurate. These situations are relatively infrequent, however, and when they do occur, they generally do not have a material impact on the required employer contributions.

# **Actuarial Methods**

#### **Actuarial Cost Method**

The actuarial cost method used is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under this method, projected benefits are determined for all members and the associated liabilities are spread in a manner that produces level annual cost as a percentage of pay in each year from the member's entry age to their assumed retirement age on the valuation date. The cost allocated to the current fiscal year is called the normal cost.

The actuarial accrued liability for active members is then calculated as the portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to prior years. The actuarial accrued liability for members currently receiving benefits and for members entitled to deferred benefits is equal to the present value of the benefits expected to be paid. No normal costs are applicable for these participants.

#### **Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

The excess of the total actuarial accrued liability over the market value of plan assets is called the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAL). Funding requirements are determined by adding the normal cost and an amortization payment toward the unfunded liability. The unfunded liability is amortized as a "level percent of pay". Commencing with the June 30, 2013 valuation, all new gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 30-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning and a 5-year ramp down at the end of the amortization period. All changes in liability due to plan amendments (other than Golden Handshakes) are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramp. Changes in actuarial assumptions or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized over a 20-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning and a 5-year ramp down at the end of the amortization period. Changes in unfunded accrued liability due to a Golden Handshake will be amortized over a period of five years. A summary of the current policy is provided in the table below:

	Source						
	(Gain)/Loss						
Driver	Investment	Non- investment	Assumption/Method Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake		
Amortization Period	30 Years	30 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years		
Escalation Rate - Active Plans - Inactive Plans	2.875% 0%	2.875% 0%	2.875% 0%	2.875% 0%	2.875% 0%		
Ramp Up	5	5	5	0	0		
Ramp Down	5	5	5	0	0		

The 5-year ramp up means that the payments in the first four years of the amortization period are 20 percent, 40 percent, 60 percent and 80 percent of the "full" payment which begins in year five. The 5-year ramp down means that the reverse is true in the final four years of the amortization period.

#### Exceptions for Inconsistencies:

An exception to the amortization rules above is used whenever their application results in inconsistencies. In these cases, a "fresh start" approach is used. This means that the current unfunded actuarial liability is projected and amortized over a set number of years. For example, a fresh start is needed in the following situations:

- When a positive payment would be required on a negative unfunded actuarial liability (or conversely a negative payment on a positive unfunded actuarial liability); or
- When there are excess assets, rather than an unfunded liability. In this situation, a 30-year fresh start is used.

It should be noted that the actuary may determine that a fresh start is necessary under other circumstances. In all cases of a fresh start, the period is set by the actuary at what is deemed appropriate; however, the period will not be greater than 30 years.

#### Exceptions for Inactive Plans:

The following exceptions apply to plans classified as Inactive. These plans have no active members and no expectation to have active members in the future.

- Amortization of the unfunded liability is on a "level dollar" basis rather than a "level percent of pay" basis. For amortization layers which utilize a ramp up and ramp down, the "full" payment is constant.
- Actuarial judgment will be used to shorten amortization periods for Inactive plans with existing periods
  that are deemed too long given the duration of the liability. The specific demographics of the plan will be
  used to determine if shorter periods may be more appropriate.

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

It is the policy of the CalPERS Board of Administration to use professionally accepted amortization methods to eliminate a surplus or an unfunded accrued liability in a manner that maintains benefit security for the members of the System while minimizing substantial variations in required employer contributions. On April 17, 2013, the CalPERS Board of Administration approved a recommendation to change the CalPERS amortization and rate smoothing policies. Beginning with the June 30, 2013 valuations that set the employer contribution for Fiscal Year 2015-16, CalPERS employs a policy that amortizes all gains and losses over a fixed 30-year period. The increase or decrease in the rate is then spread directly over a 5-year period. This method is referred to as "direct rate smoothing." CalPERS no longer uses an actuarial value of assets and only uses the market value of assets. The direct rate smoothing method is equivalent to a method using a 5-year asset smoothing period with no actuarial value of asset corridor and a 26-year amortization period for gains and losses.

#### **PEPRA Normal Cost Rate Methodology**

Per Government Code Section 7522.30(b) the "normal cost rate" shall mean the annual actuarially determined normal cost for the plan of retirement benefits provided to the new member and shall be established based on actuarial assumptions used to determine the liabilities and costs as part of the annual actuarial valuation. The plan of retirement benefits shall include any elements that would impact the actuarial determination of the normal cost, including, but not limited to, the retirement formula, eligibility and vesting criteria, ancillary benefit provisions, and any automatic cost-of-living adjustments as determined by the public retirement system.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

In 2017, CalPERS completed its most recent asset liability management study incorporating actuarial assumptions and strategic asset allocation. In December 2017, the CalPERS Board of Administration adopted relatively modest changes to the asset allocation that reduced the expected volatility of returns. The adopted asset allocation was expected to have a long-term blended return that continued to support a discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent. The Board also approved several changes to the demographic assumptions that more closely aligned with actual experience. These new actuarial assumptions were first used in this, the June 30, 2017 valuation to set the Fiscal Year 2019-20 contribution for public agency employers.

On December 21, 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration lowered the discount rate from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent using a three-year phase-in beginning with the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations. The minimum employer contributions for Fiscal Year 2019-20 determined in this valuation were calculated using a discount rate of 7.25 percent. The projected employer contributions on Section 1 Page 5 are calculated assuming that the discount rate will be lowered to 7.00 percent next year as adopted by the Board. The decision to reduce the discount rate was primarily based on reduced capital market assumptions provided by external investment consultants and CalPERS investment staff. The specific decision adopted by the Board reflected recommendations from CalPERS staff and additional input from employer and employee stakeholder groups. Based on the investment allocation adopted by the Board and capital market assumptions, the reduced discount rate schedule provides a more realistic assumption for the long-term investment return of the fund.

Notwithstanding the Board's decision to phase into a 7.0 percent discount rate, subsequent analysis of the expected investment return of CalPERS assets or changes to the investment allocation may result in a change to this discount rate schedule.

For more details and additional rationale for the selection of the actuarial assumptions, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website under: "Forms and Publications". Click on "View All" and search for Experience Study.

All actuarial assumptions (except the discount rates used for the hypothetical termination liability) represent an estimate of future experience rather than observations of the estimates inherent in market data.

#### **Economic Assumptions**

#### **Discount Rate**

The prescribed discount rate assumption adopted by the Board on December 21, 2016 is 7.25 percent compounded annually (net of investment and administrative expenses) as of 6/30/2017.

The Board also prescribed that the assumed discount rate will reduce to 7.0 percent compounded annually (net of expenses) as of 6/30/2018. This change to the discount rate assumption is not reflected in the determination of required contributions determined in this report for Fiscal Year 2019-20.

#### **Termination Liability Discount Rate**

The current discount rate assumption used for termination valuations is a weighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields where the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date.

The hypothetical termination liabilities in this report are calculated using an observed range of market interest rates. This range is based on the lowest and highest 20-year Treasury bond observed during an approximate 2-year period centered around the valuation date. The 20-year Treasury bond has a similar duration to most plan liabilities and serves as a good proxy for the termination discount rate. The 20-year Treasury yield was 2.61 percent on June 30, 2017.

## **Salary Growth**

Annual increases vary by category, entry age, and duration of service. A sample of assumed increases are shown below. Wage inflation assumption in the valuation year (2.875% for 2017) is added to these factors for total salary growth.

Publ	ic Agency	/ Miscell	laneous

<b>Duration of Service</b>	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.0850	0.0775	0.0650
1	0.0690	0.0635	0.0525
2	0.0560	0.0510	0.0410
3	0.0470	0.0425	0.0335
4	0.0400	0.0355	0.0270
5	0.0340	0.0295	0.0215
10	0.0160	0.0135	0.0090
15	0.0120	0.0100	0.0060
20	0.0090	0.0075	0.0045
25	0.0080	0.0065	0.0040
30	0.0080	0.0065	0.0040

## **Public Agency Fire**

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)	
0	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	
1	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100	
2	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	
3	0.0580	0.0580	0.0580	
4	0.0473	0.0473	0.0473	
5	0.0372	0.0372	0.0372	
10	0.0165	0.0165	0.0165	
15	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	
20	0.0126	0.0126	0.0126	
25	0.0111	0.0111	0.0111	
30	0.0097	0.0097	0.0097	

## **Public Agency Police**

		•	
Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.1027	0.1027	0.1027
1	0.0803	0.0803	0.0803
2	0.0628	0.0628	0.0628
3	0.0491	0.0491	0.0491
4	0.0384	0.0384	0.0384
5	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
10	0.0145	0.0145	0.0145
15	0.0150	0.0150	0.0150
20	0.0155	0.0155	0.0155
25	0.0160	0.0160	0.0160
30	0.0165	0.0165	0.0165

#### Salary Growth (continued)

<b>Public Agency Cou</b>	ity Peace Officers
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		•	
Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.1320	0.1320	0.1320
1	0.0960	0.0960	0.0960
2	0.0657	0.0657	0.0657
3	0.0525	0.0525	0.0525
4	0.0419	0.0419	0.0419
5	0.0335	0.0335	0.0335
10	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170
15	0.0150	0.0150	0.0150
20	0.0150	0.0150	0.0150
25	0.0175	0.0175	0.0175
30	0.0200	0.0200	0.0200

#### **Schools**

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.0428	0.0419	0.0380
1	0.0428	0.0419	0.0380
2	0.0428	0.0419	0.0380
3	0.0354	0.0332	0.0280
4	0.0305	0.0279	0.0224
5	0.0262	0.0234	0.0180
10	0.0171	0.0154	0.0112
15	0.0152	0.0134	0.0098
20	0.0135	0.0117	0.0086
25	0.0120	0.0103	0.0076
30	0.0087	0.0071	0.0048

- The Miscellaneous salary scale is used for Local Prosecutors.
- The Police salary scale is used for Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

#### **Overall Payroll Growth**

2.875 percent compounded annually (used in projecting the payroll over which the unfunded liability is amortized). This assumption is used for all plans with active members. For the June 30, 2018 valuation the payroll growth assumption will be 2.75 percent.

#### Inflation

2.625 percent compounded annually. For the June 30, 2018 valuation the inflation assumption will be 2.50 percent.

#### **Non-valued Potential Additional Liabilities**

The potential liability loss for a cost-of-living increase exceeding the 2.625 percent inflation assumption, and any potential liability loss from future member service purchases are not reflected in the valuation.

#### Miscellaneous Loading Factors

#### **Credit for Unused Sick Leave**

Total years of service is increased by 1 percent for those plans that have adopted the provision of providing Credit for Unused Sick Leave.

## **Conversion of Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC)**

Total years of service is increased by the Employee Contribution Rate for those plans with the provision providing for the Conversion of Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC) during the final compensation period.

## **Norris Decision (Best Factors)**

Employees hired prior to July 1, 1982 have projected benefit amounts increased in order to reflect the use of "Best Factors" in the calculation of optional benefit forms. This is due to a 1983 Supreme Court decision, known as the Norris decision, which required males and females to be treated equally in the determination of benefit amounts. Consequently, anyone already employed at that time is given the best possible conversion factor when optional benefits are determined. No loading is necessary for employees hired after July 1, 1982.

#### **Termination Liability**

The termination liabilities include a 5 percent contingency load. This load is for unforeseen fluctuations in mortality.

#### **Demographic Assumptions**

#### **Pre-Retirement Mortality**

Non-industrial death rates vary by age and gender. Industrial death rates vary by age. See sample rates in table below. The non-industrial death rates are used for all plans. The industrial death rates are used for safety plans (except for Local Prosecutor safety members where the corresponding miscellaneous plan does not have the Industrial Death Benefit).

	Non-Indus (Not Job-	= 0	Industrial Death (Job-Related)
Age	Male	Female	Male and Female
20	0.00022	0.00007	0.00004
25	0.00029	0.00011	0.00006
30	0.00038	0.00015	0.00007
35	0.00049	0.00027	0.00009
40	0.00064	0.00037	0.00010
45	0.00080	0.00054	0.00012
50	0.00116	0.00079	0.00013
55	0.00172	0.00120	0.00015
60	0.00255	0.00166	0.00016
65	0.00363	0.00233	0.00018
70	0.00623	0.00388	0.00019
75	0.01057	0.00623	0.00021
80	0.01659	0.00939	0.00022

Miscellaneous plans usually have industrial death rates set to zero unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial death benefits. If so, each non-industrial death rate shown above will be split into two components; 99 percent will become the non-industrial death rate and 1 percent will become the industrial death rate.

#### **Post-Retirement Mortality**

Rates vary by age, type of retirement, and gender. See sample rates in table below. These rates are used for all plans.

	Healthy Recipients		Non-Industrially Disabled (Not Job-Related)		Industriall (Job-R	•
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
50	0.00372	0.00346	0.01183	0.01083	0.00372	0.00346
55	0.00437	0.00410	0.01613	0.01178	0.00437	0.00410
60	0.00671	0.00476	0.02166	0.01404	0.00671	0.00476
65	0.00928	0.00637	0.02733	0.01757	0.01113	0.00765
70	0.01339	0.00926	0.03358	0.02183	0.01607	0.01111
75	0.02316	0.01635	0.04277	0.02969	0.02779	0.01962
80	0.03977	0.03007	0.06272	0.04641	0.04773	0.03609
85	0.07122	0.05418	0.09793	0.07847	0.08547	0.06501
90	0.13044	0.10089	0.14616	0.13220	0.14348	0.11098
95	0.21658	0.17698	0.21658	0.21015	0.21658	0.17698
100	0.32222	0.28151	0.32222	0.32226	0.32222	0.28151
105	0.46691	0.43491	0.46691	0.43491	0.46691	0.43491
110	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000

The post-retirement mortality rates above include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

#### **Marital Status**

For active members, a percentage who are married upon retirement is assumed according to member category as shown in the following table.

Member Category	Percent Married
Miscellaneous Member	70%
Local Police	85%
Local Fire	90%
Other Local Safety	70%
School Police	85%
Local County Peace Officers	75%

#### Age of Spouse

It is assumed that female spouses are 3 years younger than male spouses. This assumption is used for all plans.

#### **Terminated Members**

It is assumed that terminated members refund immediately if non-vested. Terminated members who are vested are assumed to retire at age 59 for Miscellaneous members and age 54 for Safety members.

#### **Termination with Refund**

Rates vary by entry age and service for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by service for Safety plans. See sample rates in tables below.

0.0001

0.0001

35

0.0001

Public Agency Miscellaneous							
Duration of Service	Entry Age 20	Entry Age 25	Entry Age 30	Entry Age 35	Entry Age 40	Entry Age 45	
0	0.1742	0.1674	0.1606	0.1537	0.1468	0.1400	
1	0.1545	0.1477	0.1409	0.1339	0.1271	0.1203	
2	0.1348	0.1280	0.1212	0.1142	0.1074	0.1006	
3	0.1151	0.1083	0.1015	0.0945	0.0877	0.0809	
4	0.0954	0.0886	0.0818	0.0748	0.0680	0.0612	
5	0.0212	0.0193	0.0174	0.0155	0.0136	0.0116	
10	0.0138	0.0121	0.0104	0.0088	0.0071	0.0055	
15	0.0060	0.0051	0.0042	0.0032	0.0023	0.0014	
20	0.0037	0.0029	0.0021	0.0013	0.0005	0.0001	
25	0.0017	0.0011	0.0005	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	
30	0.0005	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	

**Public Agency Safety** 

0.0001

0.0001

0.0001

Fire	Police	County Peace Officer					
0.1298	0.1013	0.1188					
0.0674	0.0636	0.0856					
0.0320	0.0271	0.0617					
0.0237	0.0258	0.0445					
0.0087	0.0245	0.0321					
0.0052	0.0086	0.0121					
0.0005	0.0053	0.0053					
0.0004	0.0027	0.0025					
0.0003	0.0017	0.0012					
0.0002	0.0012	0.0005					
0.0002	0.0009	0.0003					
0.0001	0.0009	0.0002					
	0.1298 0.0674 0.0320 0.0237 0.0087 0.0052 0.0005 0.0004 0.0003 0.0002	0.1298         0.1013           0.0674         0.0636           0.0320         0.0271           0.0237         0.0258           0.0087         0.0245           0.0052         0.0086           0.0005         0.0053           0.0004         0.0027           0.0003         0.0017           0.0002         0.0002           0.0002         0.0009					

The Police termination and refund rates are also used for Public Agency Local Prosecutors, Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

Schools	
30110013	

			50110013			
Duration of						
Service	Entry Age 20	Entry Age 25	Entry Age 30	Entry Age 35	Entry Age 40	Entry Age 45
0	0.2107	0.2107	0.1827	0.1546	0.1375	0.1203
1	0.1807	0.1807	0.1526	0.1246	0.1105	0.0963
2	0.1526	0.1526	0.1259	0.0992	0.0878	0.0765
3	0.1266	0.1266	0.1023	0.0780	0.0691	0.0603
4	0.1026	0.1026	0.0815	0.0605	0.0537	0.0469
5	0.0808	0.0808	0.0634	0.0461	0.0409	0.0358
10	0.0202	0.0202	0.0157	0.0112	0.0087	0.0063
15	0.0107	0.0107	0.0077	0.0048	0.0034	0.0021
20	0.0056	0.0056	0.0037	0.0017	0.0016	0.0016
25	0.0026	0.0026	0.0018	0.0009	0.0012	0.0015
30	0.0013	0.0013	0.0011	0.0009	0.0012	0.0015
35	0.0008	0.0008	0.0009	0.0009	0.0012	0.0015

#### **Termination with Vested Benefits**

Rates vary by entry age and service for miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by service for safety plans. See sample rates in tables below.

**Public Agency Miscellaneous** 

		<u> </u>		_	
Duration of					
Service	Entry Age 20	Entry Age 25	Entry Age 30	Entry Age 35	Entry Age 40
5	0.0422	0.0422	0.0393	0.0364	0.0344
10	0.0278	0.0278	0.0271	0.0263	0.0215
15	0.0192	0.0192	0.0174	0.0156	0.0120
20	0.0139	0.0139	0.0109	0.0079	0.0047
25	0.0083	0.0083	0.0048	0.0014	0.0007
30	0.0015	0.0015	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

**Public Agency Safety** 

_			,,	
_	Duration of			County Peace
	Service	Fire	Police	Officer
	5	0.0094	0.0163	0.0187
	10	0.0064	0.0126	0.0134
	15	0.0048	0.0082	0.0092
	20	0.0038	0.0065	0.0064
	25	0.0026	0.0058	0.0042
	30	0.0014	0.0056	0.0022
	35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

#### **Schools**

Duration of Service	Entry Age 20	Entry Age 25	Entry Age 30	Entry Age 35	Entry Age 40
5	0.0405	0.0405	0.0346	0.0288	0.0264
10	0.0324	0.0324	0.0280	0.0235	0.0211
15	0.0202	0.0202	0.0179	0.0155	0.0126
20	0.0144	0.0144	0.0114	0.0083	0.0042
25	0.0091	0.0091	0.0046	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0015	0.0015	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

#### Non-Industrial (Not Job-Related) Disability

Rates vary by age and gender for miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by age and category for safety plans.

	Miscellaneous		Fire	Police	County Peace Officer	Sch	ools
Age	Male	Female	Male and Female	Male and Female	Male and Female	Male	Female
20	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
25	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
30	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002
35	0.0004	0.0007	0.0001	0.0003	0.0004	0.0005	0.0004
40	0.0010	0.0014	0.0001	0.0004	0.0007	0.0012	0.0008
45	0.0015	0.0019	0.0002	0.0005	0.0013	0.0020	0.0017
50	0.0016	0.0020	0.0005	0.0008	0.0018	0.0026	0.0022
55	0.0016	0.0015	0.0007	0.0013	0.0010	0.0025	0.0018
60	0.0015	0.0011	0.0007	0.0020	0.0006	0.0022	0.0011

- The miscellaneous non-industrial disability rates are used for Local Prosecutors.
- The police non-industrial disability rates are also used for Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

#### **Industrial (Job-Related) Disability**

Rates vary by age and category.

Age	Fire	Police	<b>County Peace Officer</b>
20	0.0001	0.0000	0.0004
25	0.0002	0.0017	0.0013
30	0.0006	0.0048	0.0025
35	0.0012	0.0079	0.0037
40	0.0023	0.0110	0.0051
45	0.0040	0.0141	0.0067
50	0.0208	0.0185	0.0092
55	0.0307	0.0479	0.0151
60	0.0438	0.0602	0.0174

- The police industrial disability rates are also used for Local Sheriff and Other Safety.
- Fifty percent of the police industrial disability rates are used for School Police.
- One percent of the police industrial disability rates are used for Local Prosecutors.
- Normally, rates are zero for miscellaneous plans unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial disability benefits. If so, each miscellaneous non-industrial disability rate will be split into two components: 50 percent will become the non-industrial disability rate and 50 percent will become the industrial disability rate.

#### **Service Retirement**

Retirement rates vary by age, service, and formula, except for the safety  $\frac{1}{2}$  @ 55 and 2% @ 55 formulas, where retirement rates vary by age only.

Public Agency Miscellaneous 1.5% @ 65

	Duration of Service					
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.008	0.011	0.013	0.015	0.017	0.019
51	0.007	0.010	0.012	0.013	0.015	0.017
52	0.010	0.014	0.017	0.019	0.021	0.024
53	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.017	0.019	0.022
54	0.012	0.016	0.019	0.022	0.025	0.028
55	0.018	0.025	0.031	0.035	0.038	0.043
56	0.015	0.021	0.025	0.029	0.032	0.036
57	0.020	0.028	0.033	0.038	0.043	0.048
58	0.024	0.033	0.040	0.046	0.052	0.058
59	0.028	0.039	0.048	0.054	0.060	0.067
60	0.049	0.069	0.083	0.094	0.105	0.118
61	0.062	0.087	0.106	0.120	0.133	0.150
62	0.104	0.146	0.177	0.200	0.223	0.251
63	0.099	0.139	0.169	0.191	0.213	0.239
64	0.097	0.136	0.165	0.186	0.209	0.233
65	0.140	0.197	0.240	0.271	0.302	0.339
66	0.092	0.130	0.157	0.177	0.198	0.222
67	0.129	0.181	0.220	0.249	0.277	0.311
68	0.092	0.129	0.156	0.177	0.197	0.221
69	0.092	0.130	0.158	0.178	0.199	0.224
70	0.103	0.144	0.175	0.198	0.221	0.248

## Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% @ 60

Duration of Service						
5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.150	
0.006	0.019	0.027	0.031	0.035	0.038	
0.011	0.024	0.031	0.034	0.037	0.040	
0.010	0.015	0.021	0.027	0.033	0.040	
0.025	0.025	0.029	0.035	0.041	0.048	
0.019	0.026	0.033	0.092	0.136	0.146	
0.030	0.034	0.038	0.060	0.093	0.127	
0.030	0.046	0.061	0.076	0.090	0.104	
0.040	0.044	0.059	0.080	0.101	0.122	
0.024	0.044	0.063	0.083	0.103	0.122	
0.070	0.074	0.089	0.113	0.137	0.161	
0.080	0.086	0.093	0.118	0.156	0.195	
0.100	0.117	0.133	0.190	0.273	0.357	
0.140	0.157	0.173	0.208	0.255	0.301	
0.140	0.153	0.165	0.196	0.239	0.283	
0.140	0.178	0.215	0.264	0.321	0.377	
0.140	0.178	0.215	0.264	0.321	0.377	
0.140	0.178	0.215	0.264	0.321	0.377	
0.112	0.142	0.172	0.211	0.257	0.302	
0.112	0.142	0.172	0.211	0.257	0.302	
0.140	0.178	0.215	0.264	0.321	0.377	
	0.020 0.006 0.011 0.010 0.025 0.019 0.030 0.040 0.024 0.070 0.080 0.100 0.140 0.140 0.140 0.140 0.140	0.020         0.020           0.006         0.019           0.011         0.024           0.010         0.015           0.025         0.025           0.019         0.026           0.030         0.034           0.040         0.046           0.040         0.044           0.070         0.074           0.080         0.086           0.100         0.117           0.140         0.153           0.140         0.178           0.140         0.178           0.140         0.178           0.112         0.142           0.112         0.142	5 Years         10 Years         15 Years           0.020         0.020         0.020           0.006         0.019         0.027           0.011         0.024         0.031           0.010         0.015         0.021           0.025         0.029         0.019         0.026           0.019         0.026         0.033           0.030         0.044         0.059           0.024         0.044         0.063           0.070         0.074         0.089           0.080         0.086         0.093           0.140         0.157         0.173           0.140         0.153         0.165           0.140         0.178         0.215           0.140         0.178         0.215           0.140         0.178         0.215           0.140         0.178         0.215           0.112         0.142         0.172           0.112         0.142         0.172	5 Years         10 Years         15 Years         20 Years           0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020           0.006         0.019         0.027         0.031           0.011         0.024         0.031         0.034           0.010         0.015         0.021         0.027           0.025         0.029         0.035           0.019         0.026         0.033         0.092           0.030         0.034         0.038         0.060           0.030         0.046         0.061         0.076           0.040         0.044         0.059         0.080           0.024         0.044         0.063         0.083           0.070         0.074         0.089         0.113           0.080         0.086         0.093         0.118           0.100         0.117         0.133         0.190           0.140         0.157         0.173         0.208           0.140         0.153         0.165         0.196           0.140         0.178         0.215         0.264           0.140         0.178         0.215         0.264           0.140         0.178	5 Years         10 Years         15 Years         20 Years         25 Years           0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020           0.006         0.019         0.027         0.031         0.035           0.011         0.024         0.031         0.027         0.033           0.010         0.015         0.021         0.027         0.033           0.025         0.025         0.029         0.035         0.041           0.019         0.026         0.033         0.092         0.136           0.030         0.034         0.038         0.060         0.093           0.030         0.046         0.061         0.076         0.090           0.040         0.044         0.059         0.080         0.101           0.024         0.044         0.063         0.083         0.103           0.070         0.074         0.089         0.113         0.137           0.080         0.086         0.093         0.118         0.156           0.140         0.157         0.173         0.208         0.255           0.140         0.153         0.165         0.196         0.239 <td< td=""></td<>	

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% @ 55

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.008	0.013	0.018	0.021	0.022	0.033	
51	0.009	0.016	0.020	0.023	0.026	0.036	
52	0.015	0.018	0.020	0.021	0.025	0.030	
53	0.016	0.020	0.024	0.028	0.031	0.035	
54	0.018	0.022	0.026	0.030	0.034	0.038	
55	0.040	0.040	0.056	0.093	0.109	0.154	
56	0.034	0.050	0.066	0.092	0.107	0.138	
57	0.042	0.048	0.058	0.082	0.096	0.127	
58	0.046	0.054	0.062	0.090	0.106	0.131	
59	0.045	0.055	0.066	0.097	0.115	0.144	
60	0.058	0.075	0.093	0.126	0.143	0.169	
61	0.065	0.088	0.111	0.146	0.163	0.189	
62	0.136	0.118	0.148	0.190	0.213	0.247	
63	0.130	0.133	0.174	0.212	0.249	0.285	
64	0.113	0.129	0.165	0.196	0.223	0.249	
65	0.145	0.173	0.201	0.233	0.266	0.289	
66	0.170	0.199	0.229	0.258	0.284	0.306	
67	0.250	0.204	0.233	0.250	0.257	0.287	
68	0.227	0.175	0.193	0.215	0.240	0.262	
69	0.200	0.180	0.180	0.198	0.228	0.246	
70	0.150	0.171	0.192	0.239	0.304	0.330	

## Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.5% @ 55

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.008	0.014	0.020	0.026	0.033	0.050	
51	0.008	0.015	0.023	0.030	0.037	0.059	
52	0.009	0.016	0.023	0.030	0.037	0.061	
53	0.014	0.021	0.028	0.035	0.042	0.063	
54	0.014	0.022	0.030	0.039	0.047	0.068	
55	0.020	0.038	0.055	0.073	0.122	0.192	
56	0.025	0.047	0.069	0.091	0.136	0.196	
57	0.030	0.048	0.065	0.083	0.123	0.178	
58	0.035	0.054	0.073	0.093	0.112	0.153	
59	0.035	0.054	0.073	0.092	0.131	0.183	
60	0.044	0.072	0.101	0.130	0.158	0.197	
61	0.050	0.078	0.105	0.133	0.161	0.223	
62	0.055	0.093	0.130	0.168	0.205	0.268	
63	0.090	0.124	0.158	0.192	0.226	0.279	
64	0.080	0.112	0.144	0.175	0.207	0.268	
65	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333	
66	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366	
67	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366	
68	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333	
69	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333	
70	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333	

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.7% @ 55

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.003	0.010	0.016	0.034	0.033	0.045
51	0.009	0.016	0.023	0.042	0.038	0.047
52	0.015	0.019	0.024	0.040	0.036	0.046
53	0.012	0.020	0.028	0.047	0.046	0.060
54	0.020	0.027	0.035	0.054	0.056	0.073
55	0.033	0.055	0.078	0.113	0.156	0.234
56	0.039	0.067	0.095	0.135	0.169	0.227
57	0.050	0.067	0.084	0.113	0.142	0.198
58	0.043	0.066	0.089	0.124	0.151	0.201
59	0.050	0.070	0.090	0.122	0.158	0.224
60	0.060	0.086	0.112	0.150	0.182	0.238
61	0.071	0.094	0.117	0.153	0.184	0.241
62	0.091	0.122	0.152	0.194	0.226	0.279
63	0.143	0.161	0.179	0.209	0.222	0.250
64	0.116	0.147	0.178	0.221	0.254	0.308
65	0.140	0.174	0.208	0.254	0.306	0.389
66	0.170	0.209	0.247	0.298	0.310	0.324
67	0.170	0.199	0.228	0.269	0.296	0.342
68	0.150	0.181	0.212	0.255	0.287	0.339
69	0.150	0.181	0.212	0.255	0.287	0.339
70	0.150	0.181	0.212	0.243	0.291	0.350

## **Public Agency Miscellaneous 3% @ 60**

		<u> </u>				
			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.013	0.019	0.026	0.042	0.038	0.064
51	0.035	0.037	0.039	0.052	0.047	0.062
52	0.023	0.030	0.038	0.055	0.051	0.056
53	0.025	0.032	0.040	0.057	0.056	0.066
54	0.035	0.042	0.050	0.067	0.066	0.076
55	0.040	0.052	0.064	0.085	0.095	0.120
56	0.043	0.056	0.070	0.094	0.102	0.150
57	0.045	0.060	0.074	0.099	0.109	0.131
58	0.053	0.056	0.059	0.099	0.126	0.185
59	0.050	0.068	0.085	0.113	0.144	0.202
60	0.089	0.106	0.123	0.180	0.226	0.316
61	0.100	0.117	0.133	0.212	0.230	0.298
62	0.130	0.155	0.180	0.248	0.282	0.335
63	0.120	0.163	0.206	0.270	0.268	0.352
64	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.215	0.277	0.300
65	0.200	0.242	0.283	0.330	0.300	0.342
66	0.220	0.264	0.308	0.352	0.379	0.394
67	0.250	0.279	0.309	0.338	0.371	0.406
68	0.170	0.196	0.223	0.249	0.290	0.340
69	0.220	0.261	0.302	0.344	0.378	0.408
70	0.220	0.255	0.291	0.326	0.358	0.388

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% @ 62

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
51	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
52	0.005	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.019	0.031
53	0.007	0.011	0.014	0.018	0.021	0.032
54	0.007	0.011	0.015	0.019	0.023	0.034
55	0.010	0.019	0.028	0.036	0.061	0.096
56	0.014	0.026	0.038	0.050	0.075	0.108
57	0.018	0.029	0.039	0.050	0.074	0.107
58	0.023	0.035	0.048	0.060	0.073	0.099
59	0.025	0.038	0.051	0.065	0.092	0.128
60	0.031	0.051	0.071	0.091	0.111	0.138
61	0.038	0.058	0.079	0.100	0.121	0.167
62	0.044	0.074	0.104	0.134	0.164	0.214
63	0.077	0.105	0.134	0.163	0.192	0.237
64	0.072	0.101	0.129	0.158	0.187	0.242
65	0.108	0.141	0.173	0.206	0.239	0.300
66	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366
67	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366
68	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333
69	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333
70	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333

#### **Service Retirement**

Public Agency Fire ½ @ 55 and 2% @ 55

Age	Rate	Age	Rate	
50	0.0159	56	0.1108	
51	0.0000	57	0.0000	
52	0.0344	58	0.0950	
53	0.0199	59	0.0441	
54	0.0413	60	1.00000	
55	0.0751			

## Public Agency Police 1/2 @ 55 and 2% @ 55

	<u> </u>	• • • • • •	
Age	Rate	Age	Rate
50	0.0255	56	0.0692
51	0.0000	57	0.0511
52	0.0164	58	0.0724
53	0.0272	59	0.0704
54	0.0095	60	0.3000
55	0.1667		

Public Agency Police 2% @ 50

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100
51	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.058	0.094
52	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.061	0.087
53	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.082	0.123
5 <del>4</del>	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.046	0.098	0.158
55	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.096	0.141	0.255
56	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.088	0.129	0.228
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.080	0.118	0.213
58	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.088	0.138	0.228
59	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.092	0.140	0.228
60	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.228
61	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.170
62	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.213
63	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.213
64	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.319
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

## **Service Retirement**

Public Agency Fire 2% @ 50

	Duration of Service					
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.013	0.020
51	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.020	0.029
52	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.028	0.042
53	0.052	0.052	0.052	0.052	0.079	0.119
54	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.103	0.154
55	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.136	0.204
56	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.127	0.190
57	0.082	0.082	0.082	0.082	0.126	0.189
58	0.088	0.088	0.088	0.088	0.136	0.204
59	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.113	0.170
60	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.154	0.230
61	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.110	0.165
62	0.099	0.099	0.099	0.099	0.152	0.228
63	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
64	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

**Public Agency Police 3% @ 55** 

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.070	0.090
51	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.029	0.065	0.101
52	0.032	0.032	0.032	0.039	0.066	0.109
53	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.043	0.075	0.132
54	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.074	0.118	0.333
55	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.120	0.175	0.340
56	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.110	0.165	0.330
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.110	0.165	0.320
58	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.100	0.185	0.350
59	0.090	0.090	0.095	0.130	0.185	0.350
60	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.185	0.350
61	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.160	0.350
62	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.200	0.350
63	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.200	0.400
64	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.175	0.350
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

## **Service Retirement**

**Public Agency Fire 3% @ 55** 

			,			
	Duration of Service					
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.006	0.016	0.069
51	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.006	0.018	0.071
52	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.021	0.040	0.098
53	0.032	0.032	0.032	0.049	0.085	0.149
54	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.087	0.144	0.217
55	0.073	0.073	0.073	0.109	0.179	0.259
56	0.064	0.064	0.064	0.097	0.161	0.238
57	0.063	0.063	0.063	0.095	0.157	0.233
58	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.099	0.163	0.241
59	0.088	0.088	0.088	0.131	0.213	0.299
60	0.105	0.105	0.105	0.155	0.251	0.344
61	0.118	0.118	0.118	0.175	0.282	0.380
62	0.087	0.087	0.087	0.128	0.210	0.295
63	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.100	0.165	0.243
64	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.100	0.165	0.243
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Public Agency Police 3% @ 50

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100	0.155	0.400
51	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.090	0.140	0.380
52	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.070	0.115	0.350
53	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.080	0.135	0.350
54	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.090	0.145	0.350
55	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.120	0.175	0.340
56	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.110	0.165	0.330
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.110	0.165	0.320
58	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.100	0.185	0.350
59	0.090	0.090	0.095	0.130	0.185	0.350
60	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.185	0.350
61	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.160	0.350
62	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.200	0.350
63	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.200	0.400
64	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.175	0.350
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

## **Service Retirement**

Public Agency Fire 3% @ 50

	Duration of Service					
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.040	0.130	0.192
51	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.023	0.107	0.164
52	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.043	0.136	0.198
53	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.043	0.135	0.198
54	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.048	0.143	0.207
55	0.043	0.043	0.043	0.070	0.174	0.244
56	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.085	0.196	0.269
57	0.054	0.054	0.054	0.086	0.197	0.271
58	0.052	0.052	0.052	0.084	0.193	0.268
59	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.116	0.239	0.321
60	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.102	0.219	0.298
61	0.076	0.076	0.076	0.117	0.241	0.324
62	0.068	0.068	0.068	0.106	0.224	0.304
63	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.049	0.143	0.208
64	0.094	0.094	0.094	0.143	0.277	0.366
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Public Agency Police 2% @ 57

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.080
51	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.040	0.066
52	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.043	0.061
53	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.057	0.086
54	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.032	0.069	0.110
55	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.067	0.099	0.179
56	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.062	0.090	0.160
57	0.054	0.054	0.054	0.072	0.106	0.191
58	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.066	0.103	0.171
59	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.069	0.105	0.171
60	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.171
61	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.128
62	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.159
63	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.159
64	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.239
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

## **Service Retirement**

Public Agency Fire 2% @ 57

	Duration of Service					
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.008	0.012
51	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.009	0.013
52	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.019	0.028
53	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.050	0.075
54	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.069	0.103
55	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.094	0.140
56	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.084	0.126
57	0.081	0.081	0.081	0.081	0.125	0.187
58	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.091	0.137
59	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.084	0.126
60	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
61	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
62	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
63	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
64	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

## **Service Retirement**

Public Agency Police 2.5% @ 57

	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100		
51	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.055	0.089		
52	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.058	0.082		
53	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.073	0.111		
54	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.041	0.088	0.142		
55	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.082	0.120	0.217		
56	0.056	0.056	0.056	0.075	0.110	0.194		
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.080	0.118	0.213		
58	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.079	0.124	0.205		
59	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.083	0.126	0.205		
60	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.205		
61	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.153		
62	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.191		
63	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.191		
64	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.287		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

## **Service Retirement**

Public Agency Fire 2.5% @ 57

	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.010	0.015		
51	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.012	0.018		
52	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.025	0.038		
53	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.064	0.096		
54	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.088	0.132		
55	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.114	0.170		
56	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.102	0.153		
57	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.139	0.208		
58	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.110	0.164		
59	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.101	0.151		
60	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.235		
61	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236		
62	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236		
63	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236		
64	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236		
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		

## **Service Retirement**

Public Agency Police 2.7% @ 57

	Duration of Service							
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
50	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.1000		
51	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0575	0.0942		
52	0.0380	0.0380	0.0380	0.0380	0.0580	0.0825		
53	0.0380	0.0380	0.0380	0.0380	0.0774	0.1169		
54	0.0380	0.0380	0.0380	0.0437	0.0931	0.1497		
55	0.0684	0.0684	0.0684	0.0912	0.1340	0.2423		
56	0.0627	0.0627	0.0627	0.0836	0.1228	0.2168		
57	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0800	0.1175	0.2125		
58	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0880	0.1375	0.2275		
59	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0920	0.1400	0.2275		
60	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.2275		
61	0.1440	0.1440	0.1440	0.1440	0.1440	0.1700		
62	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.2125		
63	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.2125		
64	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.3188		
65	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

## **Service Retirement**

Public Agency Fire 2.7% @ 57

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	Duration of Service								
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years			
50	0.0065	0.0065	0.0065	0.0065	0.0101	0.0151			
51	0.0081	0.0081	0.0081	0.0081	0.0125	0.0187			
52	0.0164	0.0164	0.0164	0.0164	0.0254	0.0380			
53	0.0442	0.0442	0.0442	0.0442	0.0680	0.1018			
54	0.0606	0.0606	0.0606	0.0606	0.0934	0.1397			
55	0.0825	0.0825	0.0825	0.0825	0.1269	0.1900			
56	0.0740	0.0740	0.0740	0.0740	0.1140	0.1706			
57	0.0901	0.0901	0.0901	0.0901	0.1387	0.2077			
58	0.0790	0.0790	0.0790	0.0790	0.1217	0.1821			
59	0.0729	0.0729	0.0729	0.0729	0.1123	0.1681			
60	0.1135	0.1135	0.1135	0.1135	0.1747	0.2615			
61	0.1136	0.1136	0.1136	0.1136	0.1749	0.2618			
62	0.1136	0.1136	0.1136	0.1136	0.1749	0.2618			
63	0.1136	0.1136	0.1136	0.1136	0.1749	0.2618			
64	0.1136	0.1136	0.1136	0.1136	0.1749	0.2618			
65	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000			

#### **Service Retirement**

Schools 2% @ 55

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.004	0.007	0.011	0.012	0.013	0.015	
51	0.004	0.008	0.011	0.014	0.016	0.017	
52	0.005	0.010	0.014	0.016	0.018	0.021	
53	0.006	0.012	0.016	0.020	0.022	0.025	
54	0.008	0.017	0.023	0.027	0.031	0.034	
55	0.021	0.042	0.058	0.069	0.077	0.086	
56	0.019	0.037	0.053	0.062	0.069	0.078	
57	0.019	0.038	0.054	0.064	0.071	0.079	
58	0.022	0.045	0.062	0.074	0.082	0.092	
59	0.025	0.049	0.069	0.082	0.090	0.101	
60	0.033	0.066	0.092	0.109	0.121	0.135	
61	0.037	0.072	0.101	0.119	0.133	0.149	
62	0.066	0.131	0.184	0.218	0.242	0.271	
63	0.064	0.126	0.178	0.209	0.233	0.261	
64	0.059	0.117	0.163	0.193	0.215	0.240	
65	0.080	0.158	0.221	0.261	0.291	0.326	
66	0.081	0.160	0.224	0.265	0.296	0.330	
67	0.070	0.139	0.194	0.229	0.255	0.286	
68	0.063	0.124	0.173	0.205	0.228	0.255	
69	0.066	0.130	0.183	0.216	0.241	0.270	
70	0.071	0.140	0.196	0.231	0.258	0.289	

# **Miscellaneous**

### **Internal Revenue Code Section 415**

The limitations on benefits imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 415 are taken into account in this valuation. Each year the impact of any changes in this limitation since the prior valuation is included and amortized as part of the actuarial gain or loss base. This results in lower contributions for those employers contributing to the Replacement Benefit Fund and protects CalPERS from prefunding expected benefits in excess of limits imposed by federal tax law.

## Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) (17)

The limitations on compensation imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) (17) are taken into account in this valuation. Each year, the impact of any changes in the compensation limitation since the prior valuation is included and amortized as part of the actuarial gain or loss base. The compensation limit for classic members for the 2017 calendar year is \$270,000.

# Appendix B

# **Principal Plan Provisions**

The following is a description of the principal plan provisions used in calculating costs and liabilities. We have indicated whether a plan provision is standard or optional. Standard benefits are applicable to all members while optional benefits vary among employers. Optional benefits that apply to a single period of time, such as Golden Handshakes, have not been included. Many of the statements in this summary are general in nature, and are intended to provide an easily understood summary of the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The law itself governs in all situations.

# **Service Retirement**

## **Eligibility**

A classic CalPERS member or PEPRA Safety member becomes eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 50 with at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). For employees hired into a plan with the 1.5 percent at 65 formula, eligibility for service retirement is age 55 with at least 5 years of service. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52 with at least 5 years of service.

#### **Benefit**

The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the *benefit factor, years of service,* and *final compensation.* 

• The *benefit factor* depends on the benefit formula specified in your agency's contract. The table below shows the factors for each of the available formulas. Factors vary by the member's age at retirement. Listed are the factors for retirement at whole year ages:

## **Miscellaneous Plan Formulas**

Retirement Age	1.5% at 65	2% at 60	2% at 55	2.5% at 55	2.7% at 55	3% at 60	PEPRA 2% at 62
50	0.5000%	1.092%	1.426%	2.000%	2.000%	2.000%	N/A
51	0.5667%	1.156%	1.522%	2.100%	2.140%	2.100%	N/A
52	0.6334%	1.224%	1.628%	2.200%	2.280%	2.200%	1.000%
53	0.7000%	1.296%	1.742%	2.300%	2.420%	2.300%	1.100%
54	0.7667%	1.376%	1.866%	2.400%	2.560%	2.400%	1.200%
55	0.8334%	1.460%	2.000%	2.500%	2.700%	2.500%	1.300%
56	0.9000%	1.552%	2.052%	2.500%	2.700%	2.600%	1.400%
57	0.9667%	1.650%	2.104%	2.500%	2.700%	2.700%	1.500%
58	1.0334%	1.758%	2.156%	2.500%	2.700%	2.800%	1.600%
59	1.1000%	1.874%	2.210%	2.500%	2.700%	2.900%	1.700%
60	1.1667%	2.000%	2.262%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	1.800%
61	1.2334%	2.134%	2.314%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	1.900%
62	1.3000%	2.272%	2.366%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.000%
63	1.3667%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.100%
64	1.4334%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.200%
65	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.300%
66	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.400%
67 & up	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.500%

#### **Safety Plan Formulas**

Retirement Age	½ at 55 *	2% at 55	2% at 50	3% at 55	3% at 50
50	1.783%	1.426%	2.000%	2.400%	3.000%
51	1.903%	1.522%	2.140%	2.520%	3.000%
52	2.035%	1.628%	2.280%	2.640%	3.000%
53	2.178%	1.742%	2.420%	2.760%	3.000%
54	2.333%	1.866%	2.560%	2.880%	3.000%
55 & Up	2.500%	2.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%

<sup>\*</sup> For this formula, the benefit factor also varies by entry age. The factors shown are for members with an entry age of 35 or greater. If entry age is less than 35, then the age 55 benefit factor is 50 percent divided by the difference between age 55 and entry age. The benefit factor for ages prior to age 55 is the same proportion of the age 55 benefit factor as in the above table.

## **PEPRA Safety Plan Formulas**

Retirement Age	2% at 57	2.5% at 57	2.7% at 57
50	1.426%	2.000%	2.000%
51	1.508%	2.071%	2.100%
52	1.590%	2.143%	2.200%
53	1.672%	2.214%	2.300%
54	1.754%	2.286%	2.400%
55	1.836%	2.357%	2.500%
56	1.918%	2.429%	2.600%
57 & Up	2.000%	2.500%	2.700%

- The *years of service* is the amount credited by CalPERS to a member while he or she is employed in this group (or for other periods that are recognized under the employer's contract with CalPERS). For a member who has earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance. An agency may contract for an optional benefit where any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement will be converted to credited service at a rate of 0.004 years of service for each day of sick leave.
- The *final compensation* is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 or 12 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay (no matter which CalPERS employer paid this compensation). The standard benefit is 36 months. Employers had the option of providing a final compensation equal to the highest 12 consecutive months for classic plans only. Final compensation must be defined by the highest 36 consecutive months' pay under the 1.5% at 65 formula. PEPRA members have a cap on the annual salary that can be used to calculate final compensation for all new members based on the Social Security contribution and benefit base. For employees that participate in Social Security this cap is \$118,775 for 2017 and for those employees that do not participate in Social Security the cap for 2017 is \$142,530. Adjustments to the caps are permitted annually based on changes to the CPI for all urban consumers.
- Employees must be covered by Social Security with the 1.5% at 65 formula. Social Security is optional for all other benefit formulas. For employees covered by Social Security, the modified formula is the standard benefit. Under this type of formula, the final compensation is offset by \$133.33 (or by one third if the final compensation is less than \$400). Employers may contract for the full benefit with Social Security that will eliminate the offset applicable to the final compensation. For employees not covered by Social Security, the full benefit is paid with no offsets. Auxiliary organizations of the CSUC system may elect reduced contribution rates, in which case the offset is \$317 if members are not covered by Social Security or \$513 if members are covered by Social Security.

• The miscellaneous and PEPRA safety service retirement benefit is not capped. The classic Safety service retirement benefit is capped at 90 percent of final compensation.

# **Vested Deferred Retirement**

## **Eligibility for Deferred Status**

A CalPERS member becomes eligible for a deferred vested retirement benefit when he or she leaves employment, keeps his or her contribution account balance on deposit with CalPERS, **and** has earned at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements).

## **Eligibility to Start Receiving Benefits**

The CalPERS classic members and PEPRA safety members become eligible to receive the deferred retirement benefit upon satisfying the eligibility requirements for deferred status and upon attainment of age 50 (55 for employees hired into a 1.5% @ 65 plan). PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible to receive the deferred retirement benefit upon satisfying the eligibility requirements for deferred status and upon attainment of age 52.

#### **Benefit**

The vested deferred retirement benefit is the same as the service retirement benefit, where the benefit factor is based on the member's age at allowance commencement. For members who have earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance.

# Non-Industrial (Non-Job Related) Disability Retirement

## **Eligibility**

A CalPERS member is eligible for Non-Industrial Disability Retirement if he or she becomes *disabled* and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). There is no special age requirement. *Disabled* means the member is unable to perform his or her job because of an illness or injury, which is expected to be permanent or to last indefinitely. The illness or injury does not have to be job related. A CalPERS member must be actively employed by any CalPERS employer at the time of disability in order to be eligible for this benefit.

#### **Standard Benefit**

The standard Non-Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8 percent of final compensation, multiplied by *service*, which is determined as follows:

- Service is CalPERS credited service, for members with less than 10 years of service or greater than 18.518 years of service; or
- Service is CalPERS credited service plus the additional number of years that the member would have worked until age 60, for members with at least 10 years but not more than 18.518 years of service. The maximum benefit in this case is 33 1/3 percent of final compensation.

## **Improved Benefit**

Employers have the option of providing the improved Non-Industrial Disability Retirement benefit. This benefit provides a monthly allowance equal to 30 percent of final compensation for the first 5 years of service, plus 1 percent for each additional year of service to a maximum of 50 percent of final compensation.

Members who are eligible for a larger service retirement benefit may choose to receive that benefit in lieu of a disability benefit. Members eligible to retire, and who have attained the normal retirement age determined by their service retirement benefit formula, will receive the same dollar amount for disability retirement as that payable for service retirement. For members who have earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit attributed to each employer is the total disability allowance multiplied by the ratio of service with a particular employer to the total CalPERS service.

# **Industrial (Job Related) Disability Retirement**

All safety members have this benefit. For miscellaneous members, employers have the option of providing this benefit. An employer may choose to provide the increased benefit option or the improved benefit option.

## **Eligibility**

An employee is eligible for Industrial Disability Retirement if he or she becomes disabled while working, where disabled means the member is unable to perform the duties of the job because of a work-related illness or injury, which is expected to be permanent or to last indefinitely. A CalPERS member who has left active employment within this group is not eligible for this benefit, except to the extent described below.

#### **Standard Benefit**

The standard Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50 percent of final compensation.

## **Increased Benefit (75 percent of Final Compensation)**

The increased Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 75 percent final compensation for total disability.

## Improved Benefit (50 percent to 90 percent of Final Compensation)

The improved Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the Workman's Compensation Appeals Board permanent disability rate percentage (if 50 percent or greater, with a maximum of 90 percent) times the final compensation.

For a CalPERS member not actively employed in this group who became disabled while employed by some other CalPERS employer, the benefit is a return of accumulated member contributions with respect to employment in this group. With the standard or increased benefit, a member may also choose to receive the annuitization of the accumulated member contributions.

If a member is eligible for service retirement and if the service retirement benefit is more than the industrial disability retirement benefit, the member may choose to receive the larger benefit.

# **Post-Retirement Death Benefit**

## **Standard Lump Sum Payment**

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

### **Improved Lump Sum Payment**

Employers have the option of providing an improved lump sum death benefit of \$600, \$2,000, \$3,000, \$4,000 or \$5,000.

# **Form of Payment for Retirement Allowance**

## **Standard Form of Payment**

Generally, the retirement allowance is paid to the retiree in the form of an annuity for as long as he or she is alive. The retiree may choose to provide for a portion of his or her allowance to be paid to any designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. CalPERS provides for a variety of such benefit options, which the retiree pays for by taking a reduction in his or her retirement allowance. Such reduction takes into account the amount to be provided to the beneficiary and the probable duration of payments (based on the ages of the member and beneficiary) made subsequent to the member's death.

### **Improved Form of Payment (Post-Retirement Survivor Allowance)**

Employers have the option to contract for the post-retirement survivor allowance.

For retirement allowances with respect to service subject to the modified formula, 25 percent of the retirement allowance will automatically be continued to certain statutory beneficiaries upon the death of the retiree, without a reduction in the retiree's allowance. For retirement allowances with respect to service subject to the full or supplemental formula, 50 percent of the retirement allowance will automatically be continued to certain statutory beneficiaries upon the death of the retiree, without a reduction in the retiree's allowance. This additional benefit is referred to as post-retirement survivor allowance (PRSA) or simply as survivor continuance.

In other words, 25 percent or 50 percent of the allowance, the continuance portion, is paid to the retiree for as long as he or she is alive, and that same amount is continued to the retiree's spouse (or if no eligible spouse, to unmarried child(ren) until they attain age 18; or, if no eligible child(ren), to a qualifying dependent parent) for the rest of his or her lifetime. This benefit will not be discontinued in the event the spouse remarries.

The remaining 75 percent or 50 percent of the retirement allowance, which may be referred to as the option portion of the benefit, is paid to the retiree as an annuity for as long as he or she is alive. Or, the retiree may choose to provide for some of this option portion to be paid to any designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. Benefit options applicable to the option portion are the same as those offered with the standard form. The reduction is calculated in the same manner but is applied only to the option portion.

# **Pre-Retirement Death Benefits**

# **Basic Death Benefit**

This is a standard benefit.

## **Eligibility**

An employee's beneficiary (or estate) may receive the basic death benefit if the member dies while actively employed. A CalPERS member must be actively employed with the CalPERS employer providing this benefit to be eligible for this benefit. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit.

#### **Benefit**

The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the member's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5 percent per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

# 1957 Survivor Benefit

This is a standard benefit.

### **Eligibility**

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the 1957 Survivor benefit if the member dies while actively employed, has attained at least age 50 for classic and safety PEPRA members and age 52 for miscellaneous PEPRA members, and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). A CalPERS member must be actively employed with the CalPERS employer providing this benefit to be eligible for this benefit. An eligible survivor means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married at least one year before death or, if there is no eligible spouse, to the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 18. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this 1957 Survivor benefit.

#### **Benefit**

The 1957 Survivor benefit is a monthly allowance equal to one-half of the unmodified service retirement benefit that the member would have been entitled to receive if the member had retired on the date of his or her death. If the benefit is payable to the spouse, the benefit is discontinued upon the death of the spouse. If the benefit is payable to dependent child(ren), the benefit will be discontinued upon death or attainment of age 18, unless the child(ren) is disabled. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

# **Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit**

This is an optional benefit.

## **Eligibility**

An employee's *eligible survivor* may receive the Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit if the member dies while actively employed, has attained at least age 50 for classic and safety PEPRA members and age 52 for miscellaneous PEPRA members, and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married at least one year before death. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit.

#### **Benefit**

The Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the service retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member retired on the date of his or her death and elected 100 percent to continue to the eligible survivor after the member's death. The allowance is payable as long as the surviving spouse lives, at which time it is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 18, if applicable. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

# **Special Death Benefit**

This is a standard benefit for safety members. An employer may elect to provide this benefit for miscellaneous members.

## **Eligibility**

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the special death benefit if the member dies while actively employed and the death is job-related. A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married prior to the onset of the injury or illness that resulted in death. If there is no eligible spouse, an eligible survivor means the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 22. An eligible survivor who chooses to receive this benefit will not receive any other death benefit.

#### **Benefit**

The special death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50 percent of final compensation, and will be increased whenever the compensation paid to active employees is increased but ceasing to increase when the member would have attained age 50. The allowance is payable to the surviving spouse until death at which time the allowance is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 22. There is a guarantee that the total amount paid will at least equal the basic death benefit.

If the member's death is the result of an accident or injury caused by external violence or physical force incurred in the performance of the member's duty, and there are *eligible* surviving child(ren) (*eligible* means unmarried child(ren) under age 22) in addition to an eligible spouse, then an **additional monthly allowance** is paid equal to the following:

if 1 eligible child:
 if 2 eligible children:
 if 3 or more eligible children:
 20.0 percent of final compensation
 25.0 percent of final compensation

# **Alternate Death Benefit for Local Fire Members**

This is an optional benefit available only to local fire members.

#### **Eligibility**

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the alternate death benefit in lieu of the basic death benefit or the 1957 Survivor benefit if the member dies while actively employed and has at least 20 years of total CalPERS service. A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married prior to the onset of the injury or illness that resulted in death. If there is no eligible spouse, an eligible survivor means the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 18.

### **Benefit**

The Alternate Death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the service retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member retired on the date of his or her death and elected Optional Settlement 2. (A retiree who elects Optional Settlement 2 receives an allowance that has been reduced so that it will continue to be paid after his or her death to a surviving beneficiary.) If the member has not yet attained age 50, the benefit is equal to that which would be payable if the member had retired at age 50, based on service credited at the time of death. The allowance is payable as long as the surviving spouse lives, at which time it is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 18, if applicable. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

# **Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)**

### **Standard Benefit**

Retirement and survivor allowances are adjusted each year in May for cost of living, beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement. The standard cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is 2 percent. Annual adjustments are calculated by first determining the lesser of 1) 2 percent compounded from the end of the year of retirement or 2) actual rate of inflation. The resulting increase is divided by the total increase provided in prior years. For any given year, the COLA adjustment may be less than 2 percent (when the rate of inflation is low), may be greater than the rate of inflation (when the rate of inflation is low after several years of high inflation) or may even be greater than 2 percent (when inflation is high after several years of low inflation).

### **Improved Benefit**

Employers have the option of providing a COLA of 3 percent, 4 percent, or 5 percent, determined in the same manner as described above for the standard 2 percent COLA. An improved COLA is not available with the 1.5% at 65 formula.

# **Purchasing Power Protection Allowance (PPPA)**

Retirement and survivor allowances are protected against inflation by PPPA. PPPA benefits are cost-of-living adjustments that are intended to maintain an individual's allowance at 80 percent of the initial allowance at retirement adjusted for inflation since retirement. The PPPA benefit will be coordinated with other cost-of-living adjustments provided under the plan.

# **Employee Contributions**

Each employee contributes toward his or her retirement based upon the retirement formula. The standard employee contribution is as described below.

- The percent contributed below the monthly compensation breakpoint is 0 percent.
- The monthly compensation breakpoint is \$0 for full and supplemental formula members and \$133.33 for employees covered by the modified formula.
- The percent contributed above the monthly compensation breakpoint depends upon the benefit formula, as shown in the table below.

Benefit Formula	Percent Contributed above the
	<u>Breakpoint</u>
Miscellaneous, 1.5% at 65	2%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 60	7%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 55	7%
Miscellaneous, 2.5% at 55	8%
Miscellaneous, 2.7% at 55	8%
Miscellaneous, 3% at 60	8%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 62	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Miscellaneous, 1.5% at 65	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 1/2 at 55	Varies by entry age
Safety, 2% at 55	7%
Safety, 2% at 50	9%
Safety, 3% at 55	9%
Safety, 3% at 50	9%
Safety, 2% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 2.5% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 2.7% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost

The employer may choose to "pick-up" these contributions for classic members (Employer Paid Member Contributions or EPMC). EPMC is prohibited for new PEPRA members.

An employer may also include Employee Cost Sharing in the contract, where employees agree to share the cost of the employer contribution. These contributions are paid in addition to the member contribution.

Auxiliary organizations of the CSU system may elect reduced contribution rates, in which case the offset is \$317 and the contribution rate is 6 percent if members are not covered by Social Security. If members are covered by Social Security, the offset is \$513 and the contribution rate is 5 percent.

# **Refund of Employee Contributions**

If the member's service with the employer ends, and if the member does not satisfy the eligibility conditions for any of the retirement benefits above, the member may elect to receive a refund of his or her employee contributions, which are credited with 6 percent interest compounded annually.

# 1959 Survivor Benefit

This is a pre-retirement death benefit available only to members not covered by Social Security. Any agency joining CalPERS subsequent to 1993 is required to provide this benefit if the members are not covered by Social Security. The benefit is optional for agencies joining CalPERS prior to 1994. Levels 1, 2 and 3 are now closed. Any new agency or any agency wishing to add this benefit or increase the current level may only choose the 4<sup>th</sup> or Indexed Level.

This benefit is not included in the results presented in this valuation. More information on this benefit is available on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

# **Appendix C**

# **Classification of Optional Benefits**

# **Classification of Optional Benefits**

Below is the list of the available optional benefit provisions and their initial classification upon establishment of risk pools. When new benefits become available as a result of legislation, the Chief Actuary will determine their classification in accordance with the criteria established in the Board policy.

# Class 0

Class 0 benefit surcharge is the increase in normal cost for a given benefit formula above the baseline PEPRA 2% at 62 benefit formula.

# Class 1

Class 1 benefits have been identified as additional benefits which have a significant, ongoing effect on the total plan cost. In some cases, a Class 1 benefit may be an alternate benefit formula. These benefits vary by employer across the risk pool. Agencies contracting for a Class 1 benefit will be responsible for the past service liability associated with such benefit and will be required to pay a surcharge established by the actuary to cover the ongoing cost (normal cost) of the Class 1 benefit.

The table below shows the list of Class 0 and Class 1 benefits and their applicable surcharge for each benefit formula in the Miscellaneous Risk Pool.

Optional Benefit	2% at 62	1.5% at 65	2% at 60	2% at 55	2.5% at 55	2.7% at 55	3% at 60
Class 0 Benefit	0.000%	(0.250%)	1.096%	2.695%	3.838%	5.529%	6.707%
One Year Final Compensation	N/A	0.290%	0.482%	0.541%	0.609%	0.668%	0.706%
EPMC by contract, 7% EPMC by contract, 8%	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	0.883% 0.000%	0.978% 0.000%	1.102% 1.259%	1.205% 1.377%	1.266% 1.446%
25% PRSA	0.587%	0.380%	0.587%	0.647%	0.710%	0.763%	0.808%
50% PRSA	0.587%	0.380%	0.587%	0.647%	0.710%	0.763%	0.808%
3% Annual COLA	0.706%	0.460%	0.795%	0.899%	1.038%	1.152%	1.207%
4% Annual COLA	0.706%	0.460%	0.795%	0.899%	1.038%	1.152%	1.207%
5% Annual COLA	0.706%	0.460%	0.795%	0.899%	1.038%	1.152%	1.207%
IDR For Local Miscellaneous Members	0.291%	0.311%	0.297%	0.295%	0.289%	0.291%	0.293%
Increased IDR Allowance to 75% of Compensation	0.509%	0.532%	0.518%	0.513%	0.504%	0.506%	0.509%
Employee Cost Sharing* Employee Contribution Rate for CSUC Auxiliary	varies	varies	varies	varies	varies	varies	varies
Organizations Reduced to State Member Level - Covered by Social Security	N/A	N/A	2.000%	2.000%	2.000%	2.000%	2.000%
Employee Contribution Rate for CSUC Auxiliary Organizations Reduced to State Member Level - Not Covered by Social Security	N/A	N/A	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%

For employers contracting for more than one Class 1 benefit, the surcharges listed in this table will be added together

\* Employee cost sharing had been eliminated as a surcharge from some of the June 30, 2010 valuations and from all of the June 30, 2011 and later valuations. It is now shown on my | CalPERS as a rate adjustment.

# Class 2

Class 2 benefits have been identified to be the ancillary benefits providing one-time increases in benefits. These benefits vary by employer across the risk pool. Agencies contracting for a Class 2 benefit will be responsible for the past service liability associated with such benefit.

The following benefits shall be classified as Class 2:

- One-time 1% to 6% Ad Hoc COLA Increases for members who retired or died prior to January 1, 1998 (Section 21328)
- "Golden Handshakes" Section 20903 Two Years Additional Service Credit
- Credit for Prior Service Paid for by the Employer
- Military Service Credit (Section 20996)
- Credit for Local Retirement System Service for Employees of Agencies Contracted on a Prospective basis (Section 20530.1)
- Prior Service Credit for Employees of an Assumed Agency Function (Section 20936)
- Limit Prior Service to Members Employed on Contract Date (Section 20938)
- Public Service Credit for Limited Prior Service (Section 21031)
- Public Service Credit for Employees of an Assumed Agency or Function (Section 21025)

# Class 3

Class 3 benefits have been identified to be additional benefits which have a minimal effect on the total plan cost. Class 3 benefits may vary by rate plan within each risk pool. However, the employer contribution rate will not vary within the risk pool due to the Class 3 benefits.

The following benefits shall be classified as Class 3:

- Full formula plus social security
- Post Retirement Lump Sum Death Benefit
- \$600 lump sum retired death benefit (Section 21622)
- \$2,000 lump sum retired death benefit (Section 21623.5)
- \$3,000 lump sum retired death benefit (Section 21623.5)
- \$4,000 lump sum retired death benefit (Section 21623.5)
- \$5,000 lump sum retired death benefit (Section 21623.5)
- Improved non-industrial disability allowance (Section 21427)
- Special death benefit for local safety members (Section 21540.5)
- Service Credit Purchased by Member
- Partial Service Retirement (Section 21118)
- Optional Membership for Part Time Employees (Section 20325)
- Extension of Reciprocity Rights for Elective Officers (Section 20356)
- Removal of Contract Exclusions Prospectively Only (Section 20503)
- Alternate Death Benefit for Local Fire Members credited with 20 or more years of service (Section 21547.7)

# **Appendix D**

# **Participant Data**

- Source of the Participant Data
- Data Validation Tests and Adjustments
- Summary of Valuation Data
- Active Members
- Transferred and Terminated Members
- Retired Members and Beneficiaries
- Distribution of Plan Costs by Benefit Formula

# **Source of the Participant Data**

The data was extracted from various databases within CalPERS and placed in the valuation system database by a series of extract programs. Included in this data are:

- Individual member and beneficiary information,
- Employment and payroll information,
- Accumulated contributions with interest,
- Service information,
- Benefit payment information,
- Information about the various organizations which contract with CalPERS, and
- Detailed information about the plan provisions applicable to each group of members.

# **Data Validation Tests and Adjustments**

Once the information is extracted from the various computer systems into the database, update queries are then run against this data to correct for flaws found in the data. This part of the process is intended to validate the participant data for all CalPERS plans. The data is then checked for reasonableness and consistency with data from the prior valuation.

Checks on the data include:

- A reconciliation of the membership of the plans,
- Comparisons of various member statistics (average attained age, average entry age, average salary, etc.) for each plan with those from the prior year valuation,
- Comparisons of pension amounts for each retiree and beneficiary receiving payments with those from the prior year valuation,
- · Checks for invalid ages and dates, and
- Reasonableness checks on various key data elements such as years of service and salary

As a result of the tests on the data, a number of adjustments were determined to be necessary. These included:

Dates of hire and dates of entry were adjusted where necessary to be consistent with the service fields, the date of birth and each other.

# **Summary of Valuation Data**

		June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
1.	Number of Plans in the Risk Pool	2,323	2,356
2.	Active Members		
	a) Counts	31,376	32,353
	b) Average Attained Age	45.48	45.31
	c) Average Entry Age on Rate Plan	36.33	36.37
	d) Average Years of Service	9.15	8.93
	e) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$ 68,640	\$ 70,389
	f) Annual Covered Payroll	\$ 2,153,642,973	\$ 2,277,295,097
	g) Projected Annual Payroll for Contribution Year	\$ 2,353,343,825	\$ 2,479,412,897
	h) Present Value of Future Payroll	\$ 17,244,490,767	\$ 18,890,636,665
3.	Transferred Members	14,501	14,814
4.	Terminated Members	19,099	20,420
5.	Retired Members and Beneficiaries		
	a) Counts*	31,083	32,920
	b) Average Annual Benefits*	\$ 19,927	\$ 20,483
6.	Active to Retired Ratio [(2a) / (5a)]	1.01	0.98

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

<sup>\*</sup> Values may not match those on pages D-5 and D-6 due to inclusion of community property settlements.

# **Active Members**

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

# Distribution of Active Members by Age and Service

Years of Service at Valu	iation D	ate
--------------------------	----------	-----

Attained							
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total
15-24	938	9	0	0	0	0	947
25-29	2,5 <del>4</del> 1	255	17	0	0	0	2,813
30-34	2,59 <del>4</del>	804	404	15	0	0	3,817
35-39	2,133	936	890	266	15	0	4,240
40-44	1,591	778	874	524	131	7	3,905
45-49	1,445	763	905	560	294	165	4,132
50-54	1,360	769	939	653	422	<del>4</del> 57	4,600
55-59	1,023	703	855	670	382	581	4,214
60-64	583	455	556	383	232	342	2,551
65 and over	297	216	243	172	77	129	1,134
All Ages	14,505	5,688	5,683	3,243	1,553	1,681	32,353

# Distribution of Average Annual Salaries by Age and Service

## **Years of Service at Valuation Date**

Attained							
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Average
15-24	\$36,039	\$49,606	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$36,168
25-29	46,543	52,182	63,023	0	0	0	47,154
30-34	55,515	63,150	64,323	68,487	0	0	58,107
35-39	62,974	70,000	72,107	74,471	84,582	0	67,240
40-44	65,996	76,233	75,728	76,952	81,757	80,380	72,238
45-49	72,253	78,938	78,132	82,921	91,819	88,058	78,244
50-54	76,197	83,171	81,738	84,366	88,517	89,033	82,059
55-59	73,242	79, <del>4</del> 61	82,723	86,111	84,660	90,871	81,715
60-64	70,404	75,764	76,099	77,824	82,542	84,430	76,700
65 and over	58,191	69,578	71,588	75, <del>4</del> 28	83,531	89,323	71,107
Average	\$60,440	\$73,647	\$76,600	\$81,147	\$86,446	\$88,622	\$70,389

# **Transferred and Terminated Members**

## Distribution of Participants Transferred to Other CalPERS Plans by Age and Service

## **Years of Service at Valuation Date**

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-25	25+	Total	Average Salarv
15-24	95	<del></del> 0	0	0	0	0	95	\$50,042
25-29	580	25	0	0	0	0	605	57,429
30-34	1,122	173	16	0	0	0	1,311	69,584
35-39	1,496	328	85	6	1	0	1,916	79,245
40-44	1,438	372	125	31	5	0	1,971	88,000
45-49	1,651	494	178	55	14	2	2,394	96,191
50-54	1,738	600	219	90	35	7	2,689	101,118
55-59	1,398	477	178	79	22	11	2,165	96,765
60-64	812	248	110	33	13	4	1,220	92,014
65 and over	294	103	35	6	4	6	448	97,710
All Ages	10,624	2,820	946	300	94	30	14,814	\$89,356

## Distribution of Terminated Participants with Funds on Deposit by Age and Service

## **Years of Service at Valuation Date**

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-25	25+	Total	Average Salary
15-24	282	0	0	0	0	0	282	\$30,930
25-29	1,221	33	2	0	0	0	1,256	34,770
30-34	2,115	241	31	1	0	0	2,388	39,857
35-39	2,436	367	78	9	1	0	2,891	43,761
40-44	2,257	394	108	42	5	1	2,807	47,548
45-49	2,212	470	15 <del>4</del>	61	21	2	2,920	51,041
50-54	2,028	535	175	62	29	7	2,836	52,262
55-59	1,801	410	130	41	19	4	2,405	49,174
60-64	1,275	243	67	25	5	7	1,622	45,697
65 and over	862	104	28	13	5	1	1,013	41,034
All Ages	16,489	2,797	773	254	85	22	20,420	\$45,972

# **Retired Members and Beneficiaries**

# Distribution of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age and Retirement Type

Attained Age	Service Retirement	Non- Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Non- Industrial Death	Industrial Death	Death After Retirement	Total
Under 30	0	0	0	1	1	35	37
30-34	0	2	5	0	0	17	24
35-39	0	17	10	0	1	21	49
40-44	0	26	25	2	0	15	68
45-49	0	59	45	2	1	48	155
50-54	682	124	60	15	0	64	945
55-59	3,259	220	79	28	2	130	3,718
60-64	5,966	251	100	42	0	250	6,609
65-69	7,058	233	73	51	1	344	7,760
70-74	5,354	193	48	25	2	459	6,081
75-79	2,732	107	28	24	0	429	3,320
80-84	1,556	68	2	14	0	408	2,048
85 and Over	1,386	44	3	11	0	662	2,106
All Ages	27,993	1,344	478	215	8	2,882	32,920

# Distribution of Average Annual Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age and Retirement Type

		Non-		Non-			
Attained Age	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	Death After Retirement	Average
Under 30	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$19,463	\$280	\$7,963	\$8,066
30-34	0	4,658	378	0	0	5,206	4,154
35-39	0	10,473	1,215	0	94	7,867	7,255
40-44	0	10,148	2,788	24,326	0	9,911	7,807
45-49	0	9,806	662	21,220	186	13,506	8,382
50-54	15,853	12,971	4,055	12,466	0	14,232	14,562
55-59	21,649	13,708	5,100	18,634	1,754	13,675	20,516
60-64	24,002	12,742	5,130	17,520	0	17,171	22,989
65-69	23,482	13,546	5,368	14,493	190	18,897	22,748
70-74	21,756	11,616	5,964	16,585	43	17,142	20,933
75-79	19,118	11,753	8,203	12,119	0	16,235	18,366
80-84	17,598	11,075	513	8,784	0	17,107	17,207
85 and Over	15,070	11,230	18,961	9,474	0	12,361	14,114
All Ages	\$21,694	\$12,467	\$4,683	\$15,009	\$543	\$15,547	\$20,483

# **Retired Members and Beneficiaries (continued)**

# Distribution of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type

	Cara i a a	Non-	To do de la la	Non-	To do at to to	Death	
Years Retired	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Total
Under 5 Yrs	9,159	199	98	65	1	1,000	10,522
5-9	8,049	202	84	69	2	771	9,177
10-14	5,350	215	109	34	1	482	6,191
15-19	2,658	295	63	22	0	306	3,344
20-24	1,577	235	62	14	2	181	2,071
25-29	708	105	35	7	0	89	944
30 and Over	492	93	27	4	2	53	671
All Years	27,993	1,344	478	215	8	2,882	32,920

# Distribution of Average Annual Disbursement to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type

Years	Service	Non- Industrial	Industrial	Non- Industrial	Industrial	Death After	
Retired	Retirement	Disability	Disability	Death	Death	Retirement	Average
Under 5 Yrs	\$23,271	\$14,486	\$3,681	\$18,262	\$280	\$17,499	\$22,340
5-9	24,223	13,430	4,852	15,580	140	16,779	23,112
10-14	21,761	14,351	4,662	14,076	15	13,611	20,522
15-19	16,954	12,046	6,384	12,542	0	14,075	16,030
20-24	15,151	11,380	5,536	8,519	1,754	12,434	14,140
25-29	13,365	10,451	2,863	9,529	0	9,579	12,266
30 and Over	8,819	8,049	4,310	6,120	131	7,543	8,388
All Years	\$21,694	\$12,467	\$4,683	\$15,009	\$543	\$15,547	\$20,483

# **Retired Members and Beneficiaries (continued)**

Distribution of Total Annual Aggregate Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Attained Age and Retirement Type (does not Include PPPA Payments)

Attained Age	Service Retirement	Non- Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Non- Industrial Death	Industrial Death	Death After Retirement	Total
Under 30	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$19, <del>4</del> 63	\$280	\$278,703	\$298,446
30-34	0	9,315	1,888	0	0	88,501	99,704
35-39	0	178,049	12,154	0	94	165,211	355,508
40-44	0	263,851	69,711	48,652	0	148,660	530,874
45-49	0	578,553	29,776	42,439	186	648,287	1,299,241
50-54	10,811,817	1,608,439	243,278	186,986	0	910,877	13,761,397
55-59	70,555,710	3,015,755	402,908	521,753	3,508	1,777,740	76,277,374
60-64	143,195,480	3,198,267	512,998	735,835	0	4,292,632	151,935,212
65-69	165,735,199	3,156,224	391,846	739,140	190	6,500,598	176,523,197
70-74	116,483,904	2,241,913	286,281	414,629	86	7,868,347	127,295,160
75-79	52,231,396	1,257,525	229,683	290,857	0	6,964,679	60,974,140
80-84	27,382,360	753,126	1,026	122,973	0	6,979,519	35,239,004
85 and Over	20,887,166	494,116	56,884	104,209	0	8,182,659	29,725,034
Total	\$607,283,032	\$16,755,133	\$2,238,433	\$3,226,936	\$4,344	\$44,806,413	\$674,314,291

Distribution of Total Annual Aggregate Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type (does not Include PPPA Payments)

Years Retired	Service Retirement	Non- Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Non- Industrial Death	Industrial Death	Death After Retirement	Total
Under 5 Yrs	\$213,134,805	\$2,882,803	\$360,751	\$1,187,007	\$280	\$17,499,488	\$235,065,134
5-9	194,970,358	2,712,945	407,546	1,074,986	280	12,936,819	212,102,934
10-14	116,418,686	3,085,468	508,152	478,567	15	6,560,263	127,051,151
15-19	45,064,840	3,553,666	402,168	275,931	0	4,306,937	53,603,542
20-24	23,892,852	2,674,417	343,253	119,263	3,508	2,250,639	29,283,932
25-29	9,462,696	1,097,320	100,193	66,702	0	852,506	11,579,417
30 and Over	4,338,795	748,514	116,370	24,480	261	399,761	5,628,181
Total	\$607,283,032	\$16,755,133	\$2,238,433	\$3,226,936	\$4,344	\$44,806,413	\$674,314,291

# **Distribution of Plan Costs by Benefit Formula**

Benefit Formula	Accrued Liability	% of Pool	6/30/2017 Payroll	% of Pool
2.0% @ 62	\$ 191,618,683	1.2%	\$ 607,332,459	26.7%
2.0% @ 60	1,172,660,431	7.4%	232,644,200	10.2%
2.0% @ 55	5,904,759,162	37.0%	675,405,035	29.7%
2.5% @ 55	3,092,288,808	19.4%	273,041,793	12.0%
2.7% @ 55	3,785,007,634	23.7%	354,541,862	15.6%
3.0% @ 60	1,585,987,712	9.9%	134,329,749	5.9%
Inactive	 211,704,257	1.3%	 0	0.0%
Total	\$ 15,944,026,687		\$ 2,277,295,097	

# Appendix E

# **Glossary of Actuarial Terms**

# **Glossary of Actuarial Terms**

## Accrued Liability (also called Actuarial Accrued Liability or Entry Age Normal Accrued Liability)

The total dollars needed as of the valuation date to fund all benefits earned in the past for *current* members.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

Assumptions made about certain events that will affect pension costs. Generally, assumptions can be broken down into two categories: demographic and economic. Demographic assumptions include such things as mortality, disability, and retirement rates. Economic assumptions include discount rate, salary growth, and inflation.

#### **Actuarial Methods**

Procedures employed by actuaries to achieve certain funding goals of a pension plan. Actuarial methods include funding method, setting the length of time to fund the Accrued Liability, and determining the Value of Assets.

## **Actuarial Valuation**

The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Accrued liability, and related actuarial present values for a pension plan. These valuations are performed annually or when an employer is contemplating a change to their plan provisions.

#### **Amortization Bases**

Separate payment schedules for different portions of the Unfunded Liability. The total Unfunded Liability of a Risk Pool or non-pooled plan can be segregated by "cause," creating "bases" and each such base will be separately amortized and paid for over a specific period of time. However, all bases are amortized using investment and payroll assumptions from the current valuation. This can be likened to a home having a first mortgage of 24 years remaining payments and a second mortgage that has 10 years remaining payments. Each base or each mortgage note has its own terms (payment period, principal, etc.)

Generally, in an actuarial valuation, the separate bases consist of changes in unfunded liability due to contract amendments, actuarial assumption changes, actuarial methodology changes, and/or gains and losses. Payment periods are determined by Board policy and vary based on the cause of the change.

#### **Amortization Period**

The number of years required to pay off an Amortization Base.

#### **Class 0 Benefit Surcharge**

Class 0 benefit surcharge is the increase in normal cost for a given benefit formula above the baseline PEPRA 2% at 57 benefit formula.

### **Class 1 Benefits**

Class 1 benefits have been identified as additional benefits which have a significant, ongoing effect on the total plan cost. In some cases, a Class 1 benefit may be an alternate benefit formula. These benefits vary by employer across the risk pool. Agencies contracting for a Class 1 benefit will be responsible for the past service liability associated with such benefit and will be required to pay a surcharge established by the actuary to cover the ongoing cost (normal cost) of the Class 1 benefit.

### **Class 2 Benefits**

Class 2 benefits have been identified to be the ancillary benefits providing one-time increases in benefits. These benefits vary by employer across the risk pool. Agencies contracting for a Class 2 benefit will be responsible for the past service liability associated with such benefit.

#### **Class 3 Benefits**

Class 3 benefits have been identified to be additional benefits which have a minimal effect on the total plan cost. Class 3 benefits may vary by rate plan within each risk pool. However, the employer contribution rate will not vary within the risk pool due to the Class 3 benefits.

## Classic member (under PEPRA)

A classic member is a member who joined CalPERS prior to January 1, 2013 and who is not defined as a new member under PEPRA. (See definition of new member below)

## **Discount Rate Assumption**

The actuarial assumption that was called "investment return" in earlier CalPERS reports or "actuarial interest rate" in Section 20014 of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL).

#### **Entry Age**

The earliest age at which a plan member begins to accrue benefits under a defined benefit pension plan. In most cases, this is the age of the member on their date of hire.

(The assumed retirement age minus the entry age is the amount of time required to fund a member's total benefit. Generally, the older a member is at hire, the greater the Normal Cost. This is mainly because there is less time to earn investment income to fund the future benefits.)

## **Entry Age Normal Cost Method**

An actuarial cost method designed to fund a member's total plan benefit over the course of his or her career. This method is designed to yield a rate expressed as a level percentage of payroll.

(The assumed retirement age less the entry age is the amount of time required to fund a member's total benefit. Generally, the older a member on the date of hire, the greater the entry age normal cost. This is mainly because there is less time to earn investment income to fund the future benefits.)

#### **Fresh Start**

A Fresh Start is when multiple amortization bases are collapsed to one base and amortized together over a new funding period.

#### **Funded Status**

A measure of how well funded, or how "on track" a plan or risk pool is with respect to assets versus accrued liabilities. A ratio greater than 100 percent means the plan or risk pool has more assets than liabilities and a ratio less than 100 percent means liabilities are greater than assets.

#### **GASB 68**

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting and financial reporting for pensions. GASB 68 replaces GASB 27 effective the first fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2014.

## **New Member (under PEPRA)**

A new member includes an individual who becomes a member of a public retirement system for the first time on or after January 1, 2013, and who was not a member of another public retirement system prior to that date, and who is not subject to reciprocity with another public retirement system.

#### Normal Cost (also called Total Normal Cost)

The annual cost of service accrual for the upcoming fiscal year for active employees. The normal cost should be viewed as the long-term contribution rate.

### **Pension Actuary**

A business professional that is authorized by the Society of Actuaries, and the American Academy of Actuaries to perform the calculations necessary to properly fund a pension plan.

#### **PEPRA**

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013

## **Prepayment Contribution**

A payment made by the employer to reduce or eliminate the year's required employer contribution.

# Present Value of Benefits (PVB)

The total dollars needed as of the valuation date to fund all benefits earned in the past or expected to be earned in the future for *current* members.

#### Risk Pool

Utilizing the law of large numbers, a risk pool is a collection of employer plans for the purpose of sharing risk. If a pooled plan has active members at the time of valuation, it belongs to the risk pool composed of all other pooled plans with the same benefit formula.

#### Side Fund

At the time a plan joined a risk pool, a Side Fund was created to account for the difference between the funded status of the risk pool and the funded status of the plan. The plan's Side Fund is amortized on an annual basis. As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuations, the side fund is treated as a liability as opposed to an asset. Prior to June 30, 2013, a positive side fund conveyed that a public agency had a surplus when risk pooling began June 30, 2003. Conversely, a negative side fund signified that a public agency had an unfunded liability that required elimination through an amortization payment schedule. After June 30, 2013, a positive side fund signifies that an agency has an unfunded liability, while a negative side fund indicates a surplus asset.

## **Unfunded Liability (UAL)**

When a plan or pool's Value of Assets is less than its Accrued Liability, the difference is the plan or pool's Unfunded Liability. If the Unfunded Liability is positive, the plan or pool will have to pay contributions exceeding the Normal Cost.